The DAILY COMMERCIAL, published by the Commercial Printing Company, corner Fifth avenue and Smithfield street, opposite Postoffice.

C. D. BRIGHAM, Editor.

M. F. EGAN, Business Manager.

☞ TERMS OF THE DAILY: Single copy, 5 cents; delivered by carriers (per week), 25 cents; subscribers by mail (per year), $10 00.

☞ Communications designed for publication should be addressed to the Editor.

☞ Letters on Business, Subscription, &c., address THE COMMERCIAL, Pittsburgh.

The Weekly Commercial, a large sheet, containing all the Current News, Miscellaneous, Literary and Scientific Intelligence, and Valuable Reading for the Family.

☞ TERMS OF THE WEEKLY: Per Year (52 issues), $2 00; in Clubs of Twenty, $1 50; one copy gratis to the getter-up of the Club.

The money must always accompany the order, and in no instance can these terms be deviated from.

☞ Postmasters are requested to act as Agents.

☞ Communications designed for publication should be addressed to the Editor.

☞ Letters on Business, Subscription, &c., address COMMERCIAL, Pittsburgh.

The Pittsburgh Commercial.

VOL. X. PITTSBURGH, SATURDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 5, 1872. NO. 24.

The Daily and Weekly Commercial NEWSPAPER DECISIONS.—1. Any one who takes a paper regularly from the Postoffice—whether directed to his name or another's, or whether he has subscribed or not—is responsible for the payment.

2. If a person orders his paper discontinued, he must pay all arrearages, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made, and collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.

3. The courts have decided that refusing to take Newspapers or Periodicals from the Postoffice, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, is *prima facie* evidence of intentional fraud.

☞ Remittances must be made in Money Orders, Bank Checks, or Drafts, if possible. When neither of these can be procured, send the money in a Registered Letter. The present Registration system is virtually an Absolute Protection Against Losses by mail, and all Postmasters are obliged to register letters whenever requested to do so.

☞ Communications designed for publication should be addressed to C. D. BRIGHAM, Editor.

☞ Letters on Business, Subscription, &c., address COMMERCIAL, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FIRST EDITION.

Center County.

Effect of Curtin's Apostasy.

Immense Republican Demonstration in Bellefonte.

Never Before Equaled in Grandeur and Magnificence.

Two of Curtin's Brothers Vice Presidents of the Meeting, and All His Voting Relatives Wearing Caps and Capes.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

BELLEFONTE, PA., October 4, 1872.

The outpouring in Bellefonte to-night has never been equaled in magnificence and earnestness. At an early hour delegations of uniformed wide-awakers and troopers from the rural towns began pouring in. At six P. M. the special train from Lock Haven, consisting of twelve cars and bearing not less than nine hundred uniformed voters, with several bands, arrived, followed immediately by the Philipsburg and Tyrone train, ladened to its utmost with magnificent delegations, accompanied with bands. At seven o'clock the line formed, embracing over three thousand infantry and troopers by exact count. The borough at this time presented a solid mass of faces in every principal street, not less than twelve thousand ununiformed people being present. The march through the streets was the most imposing pageantry we have witnessed, excepting the grand Washington parade and the Pittsburgh reunion. Every industrial trade for miles around is represented. The town is bespangled with banners and bunting. Nothing approximating to-night's display has been known. Two of Governor Curtin's brothers are Vice Presidents, and all his voting relations wear caps and capes. The vast area in the rear of the Court House is one dense mass. The wildest enthusiasm prevails, and words beggar an adequate description of the grandeur of the meeting. The speeches of Messrs. Lynn, Pollock, Carr, Manning and McCalister, were received with the greatest enthusiasm.

The letter of Andrew Curtin to Ed. Blanchard, Esq., saying he was heart and hand with the Republican party, while sick, has been extensively read, and makes his treachery the more palpable.

Mercer Aglow!

A Grand Demonstration!

A Solid Phalanx for Republicanism.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

MERCER, PA., October 4, 1872.

The Republicans of Mercer county have just cause for pride and congratulation over their demonstration in this place yesterday. Never was there such a gathering of the masses. A beautiful flag had been offered as a prize for the township sending the largest delegation, and several townships competed. A delegation of eight hundred and seventy-nine, who came a distance of twelve miles, carried off the banner. The next in size was one from Bethel, made up almost entirely of miners, who fell but little behind the winning township. It is estimated that not less than fifteen thousand people gathered together in the town. The meeting was on fire with enthusiasm, which came forth like a tornado at every mention of the names of Grant and Hartranft. Gov. Harriman's address was one of his best efforts, burning with patriotic sentiments. Hon. R. B. Carnahan, of Pittsburgh, followed, and delivered a telling speech. In the course of his remarks he referred incidentally to A. G. Curtin. The name was received with a roar of hisses, followed by thirty groans for the apostate. The torchlight procession last night was a grand affair.

The Republican voters of Mercer county remain true to their friends and principles, unshaken by the unheard of calumnies heaped up against our gallant candidate for Governor, and will cast a heavy majority for him on Tuesday, and Grant and Wilson in November.

There are melancholy looks and sad shakings of the head among the Greeley and Buckalewites since yesterday. They know their doom is sealed.

Westmoreland.

Grand Republican Turn Out at Greensburg.

Address by Hon. John Scott.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

GREENSBURG, PA., October 4, 1872.

One of the largest and grandest demonstrations in Western Pennsylvania took place this evening in Greensburg. Over one thousand torches were in the procession, besides over three thousand from all sections of the county who did not join in the procession. The streets of the town presented one of the grandest sights ever beheld in this part of the State. Every Republican house was brilliantly illuminated. The procession was nearly two miles long. The greatest enthusiasm prevailed all along the line. Fireworks of all descriptions made the very heavens luminous. There were fifteen fully equipped clubs in line, and some fifteen bands of music. The procession halted on Main street about nine o'clock, when James A. Hunter, Esq., the chairman of the county committee, called the vast assemblage to order, and named the following persons as officers of the meeting:

President, S. M. Schoyer, of West Newton; Vice Presidents, John Snodgrass, Wesley Wilson, Col. O. H. McKeown, J. H. Betnune, Col. G. C. Anderson, Pressly Hurst, Dr. S. Sutton, Caleb Greenwall, James McKilroy, Col. John Black, Major R. Jackson, John Long, Clark Campbell, Peter W. George, William Jones, John C. Rankin, Gen. J. F. Gallagher, Jacob Murdock, B. F. Overholt, Capt. John Markle, Joseph Robbins, James Fulton, Jesse Chambers, James Jamison, R. A. Pape, Joseph Lenhart; Secretaries, J. F. Wentling, James C. Snodgrass, J. H. Geary, James Smith. After which the President introduced Hon. John Scott, United States Senator, who proceeded to deliver one of the most powerful speeches ever addressed to a Westmoreland county audience. The whole affair indicated that the Republicans of Westmoreland are wide awake and will, on next Tuesday, reduce the Democratic majority considerably.

BEAVER COUNTY.

Republican Mass Meeting at Smith's Ferry.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

SMITH'S FERRY, PA., October 4, 1872.

The Republican mass meeting here to-night was a grand success. The Liverpool brass band was in attendance, and the Wide Awakes from Ohio township, Georgetown and Smith's Ferry were out in full force, and hundreds of Republicans in attendance from the surrounding country. The stage was tastefully decorated and the houses around illuminated. Jesse Smith had his hotel, opposite the stage, splendidly illuminated with Chinese lanterns. The meeting organized by electing Justice McFall, President; Capt. Peppard, Milton Brown, Benj. Dawson and Jesse Smith Vice Presidents, and T. L. Minesinger and D. M. Irwin, Secretaries. The speakers, Prof. Anthony and Senator Rutan, were enthusiastically cheered, and the meeting adjourned with three rousing cheers for the whole ticket. The republicans here were never so wide awake and enthusiastic, as the result next Tuesday will demonstrate.

CLARION COUNTY.

Republican Mass Meeting and Torchlight Procession at St. Petersburg.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

ST. PETERSBURG, PA., October 4, 1872.

There was an immense Republican rally here to-night, with a long line of torchlights and cavalcade. The meeting was very large and enthusiastic. It was first addressed by Hon. C. W. Gilfillan, of Franklin, in an eloquent and spirited manner. His speech was well received, as indicated by frequent expressions of enthusiastic applause. He was followed by Hon. T. J. Bigham, who made a most exhaustive speech upon the State issue, thoroughly vindicating General Hartranft from the base slanders of his enemies. There will be a good report from this region next Tuesday.

FAYETTE COUNTY.

The Mass Meeting at Uniontown a Complete Failure.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

UNIONTOWN, PA., October 4, 1872.

After having runners out all over the county for the past week, and spending hundreds of dollars, the Democracy succeeded in getting about three hundred men and one hundred and seventy boys in a torchlight procession this evening. They were ten minutes passing a given point. This was a Herculean effort to outnumber the overwhelming Republican demonstration on Monday night last, and is considered a complete fizzle by prominent Democrats. The *Genius* bragged they would quadruple the Republican procession, but they failed most completely. W. D. Forten, of Philadelphia, arrived this afternoon, and will address the citizens of Uniontown, Saturday evening.

A Great Democratic Outpouring of Lies.

BROWNSVILLE, PA., October 2, 1872.

To the Editor of the Pittsburgh Commercial:

The *Post* of October 1st contains an account of a Dem.-Lib. mass meeting, held on the evening of the 25th of September, in this place, by "a Buckalew voter." Nothing could be more exaggerated than his statement; not even a line in his statement is true. I appeal to any respectable Democrat in Brownsville, and we have *some*, if such is not the case. He compares it with the demonstrations of 1844, and says that men of age and experience never before witnessed such an outpouring as this. Simply ridiculous and stuff. Our school boys of eight years know better. He speaks of the gathering of Greeley, Brown and Buckalew clubs, from this and adjacent counties, as far exceeding any mass meeting save those you have witnessed in your own city. Now, there was not a Greeley, Brown or Buckalew club in Brownsville at that time, and *never was*. Such a thing does not exist in this part of Fayette or Washington counties. He further says the procession was over a mile long, accompanied by two brass bands. This is a lie just a mile long, *for there was no procession at all*. Not even a torch was visible; they even forgot the stars and stripes, as none were displayed on this "great outpouring." As for two brass bands—there was not half a band: their music consisted of four pieces.

Many *Post* readers have ere this learned what a lie is, and will be able to appreciate the following: "A Buckalew voter" says: "The meeting was an unprecedented success, not only manifesting the interest we (Democrats and Liberals) have in the campaign, but it adds such an acquisition to the ranks of Buckalew voters that this great Democratic stronghold will swell its vote by not less than *two or three hundred* of those who have heretofore been identified with the Republican party."

This is not a Democratic stronghold, but of late years has given a small Republican majority, and will do better on the 8th of October than ever before. As for his change of two or three hundred votes in Brownsville from Hartranft to Buckalew, that caps the climax. It would take every Republican voter in the town. This would be the most mighty change on record. As for "we Liberals," there is but one known in town, and we are remunerated for his loss twenty fold. The Republican ranks here are solid for Grant, Wilson and Hartranft and all, which time will prove to you. This number of the *Post* is the best campaign document for this place of the season. Men believe it is a fair specimen of what is going on elsewhere in Democratic reports in regard to Democratic "demonstrations," "outpourings," &c. The slanders of Hartranft are now easily accounted for by the people. A few more *Post* articles like this will disgust many Democrats here who expect truth.

B. W. J.

Election Frauds

Contemplated by Democratic Leaders.

A. K. McClure, Sam. J. Randall and Bill McMullin the Conspirators.

New York Speculators Leagued With Them.

The Scheme as Developed.

Forged Naturalization Papers Issued

Proposed Tampering With Returns from Democratic Counties.

Precautions Taken to Defeat the Conspiracy.

United States Authorities Advised

HEADQUARTERS EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE,
HARTRANFT CENTRAL CLUB,
PHILADELPHIA, October 4, 1872.

The committee to whom was referred the investigation of the statement that there existed a conspiracy to perpetrate an extensive election fraud on Tuesday next, respectfully report that they have positive evidence that thousands of certificates of naturalization have been printed in the night time in the second story of a printing office on Fifth street, near Locust street, to which a counterfeit seal of the Court of Quarter Sessions of this county has been attached, and have been distributed for use upon election day in the counties of Berks, Northampton, Clarion, Clearfield, Elk, Luzerne and Schuylkill, in some instances to gangs of alien laborers now employed in constructing railroads throughout the State. The fraud is of the same character but upon a larger scale than that perpetrated in 1856, by means of which the State was carried against the Republican party. Your committee has positive proof that the conspiracy is planned by Col. A. K. McClure, Chairman of the Liberal Committee; Hon. Samuel J. Randall, Chairman of the Democratic State Committee, and Alderman Wm. McMullin, and in addition to the living witnesses we have before us the following letter, which came to us direct from the possession of Col. A. K. McClure, in the following unmistakable language:

"A. K. Mc.—See McMullin to-day. He has all the naturalization papers. It is vital they should be in hand at once. Meet me to-night. Yours,

"SAM. J. RANDALL."

SPECULATORS IN THE CONSPIRACY.

A conspiracy has been formed with the speculators in Wall street, New York, to defeat the Republican ticket in Pennsylvania, the money for this purpose, to the extent of forty thousand dollars, having been sent here by those engaged in bearing stocks and bulling gold. They believe a disaster to the Republican party in Pennsylvania, rendering the election of Greeley as President probable, would have a damaging upon the business and financial interests of the country, and thus enable them to reap a rich harvest from the misfortunes of their fellow-citizens. The conspirators in Pennsylvania have engaged to carry the State by means of the use of these fraudulent naturalization papers and by boldly and wickedly changing the official returns in the Democratic counties in the State, so as to overwhelm the large Republican majorities which they expect to be given in the Republican counties. Although such fraudulent alterations would be corrected upon the assembling of the Legislature in January next, yet the moral effect of an apparent election of Buckalew will be gained, and would materially affect not only the stock and gold market, upon which these conspirators would profit, but would affect also the November election in other States. This has emboldened those in the secret, who are boasting and betting large sums of money that Buckalew will come to Philadelphia with a large majority, and an ex-member of Congress from New York has recently been in this city betting large sums of money upon the success of Buckalew.

Your Committee have taken measures to thwart the operations of these conspirators by communicating with the Republicans of the State and making preparations to arrest the progress of the nefarious work. The information in the possession of the Committee has been communicated to the authorities of the United States, and the full details will be presented to them for their consideration. It will then be for the government of the United States to determine whether such outrageous offenses against the elective franchise, at an election where members of Congress are to be chosen, shall pass unpunished.

Your committee deem it proper that notice of this contemplated fraud should be promulgated to all our Republican friends who reside in the Democratic counties in this State, in order that they may procure evidence wherever the fraudulent papers may be used, and submit the same to the authorities of the United States.

Respectfully,
JOHN L. HILL,
WILLIAM R. LEEDS,
CHARLES H. T. COLLIS,
PETER A. B. WIDENER,
JAMES N. KERNS,
Committee.

It was then resolved by the club that the report of the Committee be accepted, and the Committee continued; and that the same be published over the signatures of the officers of the club and the Committee.

WM. B. MANN, President.
WM. GARRETT, JOS. K. FLETCHER, Secretaries.

EUROPE.

BY THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

Miscellaneous Dispatches.

MADRID, October 4.—The fire in the Escurial has been extinguished. Two of the towers and a portion of the roofing is destroyed. The loss is estimated at three million reals. All the valuable objects are reported safe.

PARIS, October 4.—One Ordemediccan, a Parisian, has been sentenced to prison for fifteen days for dueling.

LONDON, October 4.—At the investigation into the cause of the railroad collision on Wednesday last sufficient evidence was produced to warrant the belief that the station master at Kertle bridge was responsible, in a large degree, for the lamentable disaster, and he was committed to prison to await further proceedings.

Marine News.

QUEENSTOWN, October 4.—The steamships Scotia and Italy, from New York, have arrived.

The Markets.

LONDON, October 5, 5 P. M.—Consols for money 92@93; for account 92⅞. American securities—5-20s of '65, 93¼; 5-20s of 67, 92⅝; 10-40s, 88¾; new 5s 89½; Erie 38¾. Sperm oil 85@86s. Linseed oil 36s.

FRANKFORT, October 4.—American securities—5-20s of '62, 95¾.

PARIS, October 4.—Rentes 52 francs 32 centimes. The specie in the Bank of France has increased 100,000 francs during the week.

LIVERPOOL, October 4.—Cotton firm; middling upland 9⅝@9¾d; Orleans 10d; sales 18,000 bales; speculation and export 5,000 bales; sales of the week 41,000 bales; American 5,000 bales; speculation 10,000 bales; export 19,000 bales; actual export 19,000 bales; stock 704,000 bales; American 108,000 bales; afloat 192,000 bales; American 11,000 bales. Receipts of wheat the past three days were 66,000 quarters; American 43,000 quarters. Receipts of corn the past three days were 12,500 quarters; American 8,500 quarters. Red winter wheat 11s 2d; California white 13s 2d; red spring 12s@12s 6d. Corn 30s 6d. Peas 40s. Pork 55s. Cheese 62s. Yarns and fabrics at Manchester are dull and tending down.

POLITICAL.

Lively Republican Rally at Van Wert, Ohio.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

VAN WERT, OHIO, October 4, 1872.

One of the largest and most enthusiastic evening Republican meetings ever held in this county came off this evening, and was addressed by Gen. Hall, of Maine. Two hundred Grant boys from the country, with three hundred Grant and Wilson boys from Lima, Ohio, with flags, bands of music and torches, paraded the streets. The populace appeared to turn out *en masse*, and the air was filled with cheers. Our largest hall would not hold the crowd, and an adjournment was had to the court house yard, where the speakers mounted a store box and delivered speeches that stirred the crowd to the liveliest enthusiasm. The meeting during the afternoon was a good one, the hall being densely crowded. Mr Hall was frequently interrupted with bursts of applause, hearty and emphatic.

RAILWAY MATTERS.

Liberal Subsidy to the Colorado Road.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., October 4.—The Board of Supervisors last night passed the Colorado Railroad ten million dollars subsidy over the Mayor's veto. The vote on the Central Pacific subsidy went over one week.

Large Indemnity Claimed from the Government for Imprisonment

ST. LOUIS, October 4.—John F. Cook, British Vice Consul here, has been engaged for some time past in taking the statements and depositions of British subjects who lay claims against the United States government for various kinds of damage during the war. The principal case is that of J. M. P. Nolan, a young Irishman, who was imprisoned in two or three military prisons—in all about six hundred days, and who claims some nine hundred thousand dollars. The total claims will amount to considerably over a million of dollars. The depositions and statements will be forwarded to Washington as soon as made out, and the commission now in session there will consider them.

President Grant and the Manufacturers.

NEW YORK, October 4.—President Grant has addressed a letter, under date of the 2d inst., to the manufacturers of Philadelphia, in reply to an invitation to visit their establishments, saying that he cannot at present, but at a later day, when the excitement of the political campaign passes, he will take great pleasure in making a visit. He closes as follows: "I feel great interest in the success the of manufacturing interests of the country, and their development, looking upon their growth as necessary to the solvency of the nation by keeping down the the balance of trade against us, and in dignifying labor and making it remunerative. You have my best wishes for success in your respective interests in all manufactures and products the land over, and hope your prosperity may continue until our productions by home labor for export, exclusive of promises to pay, equal our importations or exceed them."

Large Fire at Paterson, N. J.—Foundry, Silk Factory and Machine Shop Burned.

NEW YORK, October 4.—About one o'clock this morning a fire broke out in Walsen's foundry, silk factory and machine shop in Paterson, N. J., and in a few hours the structures were completely consumed. The fire made rapid headway owing to the lack of water in the hydrants. The principal business carried on was the building of iron railroad bridges. One account places the loss at $150,000, the foundry being rated at $110,000 and silk mill at $40,000. Another account gives the losses at $400,000, but it is believed this is an exaggeration. The losses are about half covered by insurance.

NEWS SUMMARY.

BY TELEGRAPH.

A German woman, named Weis, living near Austin, Miss., was outraged and then murdered last Wednesday by a negro named Taylor, who then robbed her house, even taking the woman's shoes off her feet. He then took them to town and sold them. He escaped, but citizens are in pursuit of him.

The Japan *Herald* says: "Iawakura complained formally that he was unable to accomplish at Washington his own treaty on account of the opposition of Mori Urao, and the government has appointed a successor to Mori."

Crowded Out.

Reports of large Republican meetings in West Middlesex, Washington county, Zelienople, Butler county, and Philipsburg, Center county, have been furnished us, but want of space precludes their publication in to-day's COMMERCIAL.

SOME kind of a compromise has been patched up in the Fayette and Greene Senatorial district, where two Democratic candidates for the State Senate have been in the field—Pauley, of Greene, and Playford, of Fayette. The former gentleman has withdrawn from the canvass, leaving the fight between Hon. G. W. K. Minor, the Republican nominee, and Mr. Playford.

SECOND EDITION.

WASHINGTON.

THE GEORGIA ELECTION.

Freedmen Prohibited from Voting.

THE COMING ROORBACH.

LIBERAL HEADQUARTERS CLOSED.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 4, 1872.

The Georgia Election.

The *Chronicle* has the following special from Atlanta: "Telegrams, letters and special messages from all portions of the State show such universal and outrageous interference with freedmen's suffrage that the State Committee has been called to meet on Friday next for consultation. The freedmen were almost universally prohibited from voting." Henry P. Farrow, Chairman of the State Committee, and the National Committee here, have telegrams from all parts of the State, fully corroborating the above.

The Forthcoming Roorbach.

Active work has been done to-day in the preparation of the great Democratic roorbach, intended for publication on Monday. Some of the discharged Treasury detectives taken into the confidence of the Liberals in the matter have been offering a portion of the work for sale. Part of the document contains an attempt to prove a great over issue of bonds, by alleged discrepancies between the number of outstanding bonds and the condition of the interest accounts, which, although worked up in the most sensational manner, amounts to absolutely nothing, when it is remembered that the Treasury often pays interest in advance of the time it is due, and often has several millions of unclaimed interest on hand, so that the dates of the finance report and the actual dates of paying interest never coincide. Those engaged in the matter for speculation alone were badly demoralized to-day by the information from New York that full warning of what was coming had been given, and that the chances were nothing could be accomplished in Wall street in the way of a panic. The exposure telegraphed yesterday had reference chiefly to the Treasury Department. The whole Liberal force was set to work to-day adding to the statement of pretended proof of the misuse of large sums in all other departments. The arrangement was to mail the documents to all the Liberal papers in Ohio, Pennsylvania and Indiana to-night, but owing to the necessity of adding new matter the telegraph will be called into requisition on Sunday night, unless when to-morrow's mail reveals the character of the expose the whole attempt is abandoned.

Liberal Headquarters Closed.

The Liberal Campaign Committee, who have been feebly operating during the summer in one of the lower rooms of the Capitol, have finally suspended business and closed up their quarters. The report is given out that this cessation of activity is only temporary, to permit the employees to vote at home next week, and to await the result of the Pennsylvania election. The truth of the matter is that the committee's efforts have all along been languid and indifferent, hindered by internal difficulties, and that their services have been of very little importance. It is doubtful, however, if the rooms are again reopened during this campaign, as the committee has exhausted its money and means for raising more.

Cabinet Meeting.

All of the Executive Departments, except the Navy, were represented at the Cabinet meeting to-day, but no business of importance was transacted. Secretaries Fish and Belknap and Postmaster General Creswell were present, and a comparison of political notes from all parts of the country, which occupied the greater portion of the two hours' sitting, was very satisfactory. Private advices from prominent Republicans who have the best means of information grow more and more favorable as the election approaches.

The Republican Victory in Delaware.

Full advices from Delaware show the Republican victory there to be very significant. The Democratic vote was reduced from that of a similar election, two years ago, from 2,000 to 82. The result is attributed entirely to the apathy of the Democrats, caused by opposition to Horace Greeley as a candidate. In this election they were Democrats and not Liberals. A much greater reduction from the same cause is expected for November, and amply sufficient to elect the Grant ticket.

Another Declines.

George M. Stevens, nominated for Lieutenant Governor on the ticket with Senator Sumner, by the Democrats of Massachusetts, has declined.

End of a Slander.

Even the New York *Sun* has felt obliged to unite in exposing the late attack of the New York *Tribune* on Speaker Blaine, and to-day says, editorially: "About six weeks since we were informed that Mr. Blaine had once received a large present of Kansas Pacific stock, and that among the papers in a great lawsuit now pending there was abundant evidence to prove the fact. We sent a competent gentleman to examine these papers, and after he had carefully gone over them he reported to us that it was another Blaine, with another christain name, and not the Speaker at all."

Cadet Engineers.

The following from the West have successfully passed examination for cadet engineers at the Naval School: A. B. Willetts, of Penna.; G. L. Droulliard, C. H. Frisell and F. H. Eldridge, of Ohio; A. B. Conaga, of Ohio; E. T. Warburton, of Penna.

Yerkes's Statement.

IT WAS SWORN TO!

Telegram from Mayor Stokely

To C. D. Brigham, Editor Pittsburgh Commercial:

Charles L. Yerkes made an affidavit before me of the statement published after he was pardoned.

W. S. STOKELEY,
Mayor of Philadelphia.

The Andes Insurance Company Failure

CINCINNATI, October 4.—A meeting of the directors and stockholders of the Andes Insurance Company was held here to-day, in which from four-fifths to a half million of stock was represented. The directors regarded the action of Superintendent Church in suspending the functions of the company early last month as without warrant of law, but decided not to take action to resist it is order before the annual meeting next January. The directors reported a deficit of $221,000 in excess of liabilities over the assets, and the stock all gone. They resolved to postpone further assessments till the January meeting, and to make every effort to avoid abandoning the company. The belief was confidently expressed that the company could be upheld, if the stockholders would co-operate.

Still They Come.

Captain C. J. Davis, one of the most respectable citizens of Bellefonte, and a life-long, consistent Democrat, has come out squarely for Grant, Wilson and Hartranft. The work goes bravely on.

ELECTION OVERSEERS.

Appointments Under the State Law.

The following named persons were yesterday appointed by the Court of Common Pleas to act as overseers of election in those precincts in the Legislative districts which were petitioned for on Saturday last:

PITTSBURGH.

First ward—G. W. Perkins, Rep., and John A. Elder, Dem.
Third ward—James Montooth, Rep.; Dennis McMullin, Dem.
Fourth ward—Richard Hays, Rep.; G. L. B. Fetterman, Dem.
Fifth ward—A. A. Adams, Rep.; M. J. McGann, Dem.
Sixth ward—R. D. Nicholson, Rep.; Patrick O'Brien, Dem.
Eighth ward—John S. Lambie, Rep.; Peter McCoster, Dem.
Tenth ward—Charles K. Dickson, Rep.; Frank Weiser, Dem.
Eleventh ward—S. W. Hill, Rep.; Alex. McFarland, Dem.
Thirteenth ward—Geo. I. Whitney, Rep., W. E. Tustin, Dem.
Fourteenth ward—Jas. A. McDevitt, Rep.; John Roth, Jr., Dem.
Fifteenth ward—A. H. Ahlborn, Dem.
Sixteenth ward—Dr. W. S. Cochran, Rep.; Jos. Spahr, Dem.
Seventeenth ward—Thomas T. Wightman, Rep.; J. C. Buffum, Dem.
Nineteenth ward—Thomas C. Lazear and Jas. M. Taylor, Dems.
Twentieth ward—Alex. M. Guthrie and W. F. Austin, Dems.
Twenty-first ward—Robert Bryar and Theo. E. Stoneroad, Dems.

ALLEGHENY.

First ward—W. D. Bois, Rep.; Thomas R. Johnson, Dem.
Third ward, 1st precinct—John K. Brown, Rep.; Frank L. Lee, Dem.

McKEESPORT.

Grand Demonstration on Monday Night.

There will be a grand mass meeting and torchlight procession at McKeesport, on Monday night. Speeches will be made by the Hon. H. Bucher Swoope, Hon. Robert McKnight, Hon. P. C. Shannon, John F. Dravo, Esq., and J. S. Haymaker, Esq. A cordial invitation is extended to the citizens of Pittsburgh, Allegheny, and vicinity, to participate. A number of clubs have arranged to go up from this city. A special train of twenty cars will leave the Connellsville depot at seven o'clock in the evening, and will leave for home at ten o'clock the same night. The demonstration promises to be a very large one, as delegations will be gathered from all along the Monongahela Valley as far as Monongahela City, and from the Youghiogheny up to Boston. These will arrive on special steamers. Our clubs will send up a delegation of at least one thousand, and, with the other clubs assembled, will make a night display not often witnessed in the borough.

A Terrible Death.

Yesterday morning a man named Joseph Bartel met a terrible death on the line of the Connellsville Railroad. He was standing near the track at Everson, Preston & Co.'s mill looking at the operation of the large fly wheel, which is but a few feet removed from the track, when the 8:30 West Newton accommodation came along. The bumper of the engine struck him and knocked him into the pit where the great wheel revolved. It was but a moment until the unfortunate man was crushed into atoms. The Coroner was summoned, impaneled a jury and then adjourned the inquest for want of testimony until this evening at seven o'clock. The deceased was a married man, about forty years of age, and formerly resided at Clear Spring, Washington county, Maryland, where he leaves a wife and several children.

Steinway Sales—Bulletins Nos. 50 and 51.

The sales of the famous Steinway Pianos since the last bulletin, embraces the following:

Miss Pitcairn Shady Side bought a Steinway Double Round Piano.

Thos. Buchanan, Esq., bought a full-sized Grand Square Steinway Piano.

Mrs. G. R. Murray bought a Steinway Square Piano.

Wm. Campbell, Esq., bought a full-sized Square Grand Steinway Piano.

Mrs. L. Ludewig bought a Steinway Square Piano.

M. A. K. Weidner, Esq., Clarion bought a Steinway Square Piano.

Wm. Noble, Esq., bought a Steinway Upright Piano.

J. Fesenmeyer bought a Steinway Square Piano.

Dr. M. Cole bought a full grand square Steinway piano.

John Rynd, Esq., bought a Steinway full square grand piano, etc.

Hardly a day passes without a call for a *second hand* Steinway piano by parties of limited means. They prefer to pay three or four hundred dollars for a second hand Steinway, rather than take a new one of other and less reliable makers. This speaks volumes for the superior qualities and durability of the Steinway manufacture, and, indeed, no one at all posted in piano matters will be willing to risk anything short of a first class Steinway. H. Kleber & Co., No. 122 Wood street, are the exclusive and wholesale western agents, and they sell below New York prices.

GREELEY

As the Champion of Labor.

What His Views Were When Not Begging for Votes.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 4, 1872.

Gov. McCook, of Colorado, being present yesterday in New York, at a meeting of officers of the various soldiers' and sailors' clubs of that city, was called on for a speech, and made the following statement concerning his knowledge of Horace Greeley's former views on the labor question: "Horace Greeley declared in his Cincinnati speech that he was champion of the laboring men of the country. I declare to you that he is not, unless time and circumstances have made great changes in his convictions. Just after the war closed I was sitting in the room of Senator Chandler, of Michigan—Senator Wade, of Ohio, and others were present—when Horace Greeley's card, soon followed by himself, came up. After some conversation on other subjects Mr. Greeley addressed himself to the Senators and said '*these d——d enormous expenditures on the part of the government must be stopped at once. There must be some sort of contraction of the currency that will reduce the price of labor.*' Mr. Greeley said that he was building a house, or something of that kind, and was compelled to pay four and four and a half dollars per day for labor, and that so long as the government continued to pay out large amounts of money, and so long as greenbacks continued so abundant, the wages of the laborer would remain exorbitant. Something must be done to remedy this, and what do you suppose this remedy was, as suggested by this champion of the laboring men of the country? It was to begin by reducing the pay of soldiers and sailors and cutting down the pensions of the wounded and widows and orphans. This unselfish patriot and philosopher proposed then to two Senators of the United States, while the wounds of the gallant old fellows who fought through the war were not yet healed, that the pay of soldiers and sailors should be cut down and their pensions reduced, in order that he could have his house built cheaper. This friend of the workingmen insisted on calling in the aid of special legislation in order that the price of labor might be reduced, so that he and others like him might in future pocket a dollar or two a day out of the hard earnings of mechanics and laboring men that they might have occasion to employ. This may have been an evidence of a very unselfish desire to promote the interests of the laboring classes; but at this time, when he was not canvassing for votes, it appeared to me much more like a desire to put money in his own pocket at their expense."

THE NEGRO VOTE.

The Democrats Misconstrue the Law

To Disfranchise Colored Voters

Election Officers, Read!

Republicans, Assert Your Rights!

The Democrats, true to their prejudices against the colored people, and knowing that scarcely one in a thousand of that class will vote for Buckalew, have placed a false construction on the election laws, in order to harrass and annoy colored voters, and, if possible, deprive them of their votes. To this end, the Democratic County Committee have issued a circular of instructions to their Vigilance Committees, the eighth paragraph of which is as follows:

"8th. See that every negro unknown to you is sworn as to his right to vote, and proves BY ONE VOUCHER *that he has resided in the State for one year.*"

This is a glaring misconstruction, and a bold attempt to induce election officers and Democratic challengers to obstruct the law. Section 42, of Jordan's Digest of the Election Laws (second edition, 1872, page 98), reads as follows:

SEC. 42. In all cases where the name of the person claiming to vote is not found on the list furnished by the commissioner and assessor, or his right to vote, whether found thereon or not, is objected to by any qualified citizen, it shall be the duty of the inspectors to examine such person on oath as to his qualifications, and if he claims to have resided within the State for one year or more, his oath shall be sufficient proof thereof. (a)

Note (a).—The election officers are concluded by the answers of the party offering to vote as to his residence in the State; but they have the right to obtain from him full answers upon the question, and if not satisfactory, the vote shall be rejected.

The suggestion that any Democrat, who does not happen to know every negro in an election district, may challenge his vote and compel him to hunt up a voucher to prove that he has resided in the State for one year, is wholly unauthorized by the law. The section above quoted applies to all voters, white as well as black, but the Democrats seem determined to make a dead set against the negroes, who are not so well posted as to their rights, and who are supposed to be easily intimidated. The oath of the party challenged (no matter what his color may be), that he has resided in the State one year, is sufficient and conclusive on the election officers, no voucher being necessary.

In making proof of actual residence in the district for more than ten days before the election, it is necessary for the party challenged to establish the fact "by at least one competent witness, who shall be a qualified elector." This can be easily done by an honest voter, but it might be difficult or even impossible for many to procure a witness to prove that they have resided one year in the State. Under the law their oath is all that is required as to their year's residence in the State. Let Republican Vigilance Committees see to it, therefore, that the colored voters are not imposed upon and defrauded of their legal right to vote.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

Court of Quarter Sessions—Judge Collier.

In the case of Manus Brown, tried for stealing a horse from the stable of Daniel Jackson, of Allegheny, the jury had not returned a verdict at adjournment.

John Lumas was convicted of the larceny of a watch and chain from Samuel Green, of Temperanceville, on the 11th of March last.

Kinney Fitzpatrick plead guilty to two charges of assault and battery preferred by Martha Catlett. He was sentenced to pay a fine of forty-five dollars. The same defendant was convicted of an assault and battery on John Catlett.

Mary Best was next arraigned on a charge of assault and battery and keeping a disorderly house. On trial.

TRIAL LIST FOR TO-DAY.

Commonwealth Against

John Mehen,	John G. Berry,
D. W. Wright,	James G. Parker,
Michael Welch,	Wm. Frans,
James Whitefield, et al.,	Thos. Archibald,
Mary Noon,	Fred. Brimenger, et al.,
John Williams,	Jacob Rhule,
Michael Laffey, et al.,	Peter Wagner,
Benjamin Ebel,	John Fox,
Florence McCartney,	Juliana Gramintine.

"The Sheltering Arms."

The managers of "The Sheltering Arms" desire to announce that this institution will be dedicated on Wednesday, October 9, services beginning at 11 o'clock A. M. Dr F. A. Noble will deliver the opening address.

Music by the choir of the Third Presbyterian church.

Through kindness of the officers of the Pennsylvania Railroad, a special car will leave the Union Depot at 10:20 o'clock A. M., returning at 2 o'clock P. M., to accommodate all who desire to attend. A cordial invitation is extended to all patrons and friends of the institution.

MRS. F. R. BRUNOT, Pres't.
B. C. MANN, Secretary.

Accident to a Freight Train.

At an early hour yesterday morning, while a heavy freight train was being shifted into sections at Steubenville, an accident, a little out of the usual order, occurred. The train had been divided in the center and one-half of it left on the main track, while the engine with the first half moved toward a siding. The latter had proceeded but a short distance past Adams street when the rear section started down the track of its own accord, there being a "down grade" at this point. The result was that a collision ensued, resulting in the destruction of the engine and the wrecking of several cars. No one was injured. The track was soon cleared and travel continued as usual.

CITY MATTERS IN BRIEF.

MATINEES at all the places of amusement to-day.

Twenty-seven common cases reported at the Mayor's early roll call yesterday.

JUSTICE MERCER of the South Side, sent Thomas Campbell to jail for ten days yesterday on a charge of disorderly conduct.

HARRY MILLER, ESQ., makes a very obliging treasurer and is quite a favorite with the patrons of the New Pittsburgh Opera House.

A SON of M. Lawlor, Esq., of Steubenville, fell from a board pile yesterday and broke a thigh in two places. Dr. Stewart is endeavoring to save the limb.

GEORGE SMITH, for disorderly conduct, was sentenced to the work house, yesterday, for six months by the Mayor. Bridget Woods, for vagrancy, got thirty days at the same institution.

A MAN named John Umerein was before Deputy Mayor Neillie, of Allegheny, yesterday morning, on a charge of brutally beating his wife, who is blind. He was committed to the workhouse sixty days.

YESTERDAY morning a freight brakeman, named Wilson, was caught between two cars at Millvale Station on the Pennsylvania Railroad, and had an arm very badly crushed. Dr. Hamilton attended to the man's injuries.

A DOG owned by Wm. Newhausen bit a little son of John Meany, while the lad was going to school. An information has been made by Mr. Meany against the owner of the dog, and Justice Heisel, of East Birmingham, will execute the law in the premises.

ORLANDO FISHER appeared before Justice Mercer, of the South Side, yesterday, and accused a farmer named John Fox of surety of the peace. Fisher was in the employ of Fox, and alleges that he came home the other night and drove, him, Fisher, from his bed, and threatened to kill him if he ever entered the house again. Defendant was arrested and committed for a hearing, he declining to give bail.

PETER REILLY, proprietor of a drinking saloon on Twenty-fifth street, East Birmingham, appeared before Justice Hoerr, yesterday, and made oath charging Pittock, Nevin & Co., proprietors of the *Evening Leader*, with libel. The alleged libel was published in its issue of September 11, 1872, in which the character of the house and its inmates were questioned. Warrants were issued for the arrest of the accused.

FRANK WINTERSTEIN, a coal miner employed at Gray's coal works, and resident in West Liberty, met with a very serious accident. He had been at work "bearing in" in the mine, when a huge mass of coal fell, burying him beneath it. He was rescued soon after, but was found to be terribly crushed. The injured man was removed to his home in West Liberty, where he received attention from Dr. McCormick. His injuries, it is feared, will prove fatal.

THE GRAND torchlight procession of this evening promises to be a great affair. It is predicted that the South Side will be one blaze of illumination. All the marching clubs in this city and Allegheny have signified their intention of participating. The Pittsburgh and Allegheny divisions will march to the South Side by the most direct route; but when they return to the city they will pass along Smithfield street to Third avenue, Third avenue to Grant, Grant to Fifth avenue, Fifth avenue to Liberty, Liberty to Fourth, Fourth to Penn, Penn to Sixth, and dismiss.

MATTHEW CONROY, a hod carrier employed on a new building now in course of erection at the corner of Fifth avenue and market street, made information yesterday before Alderman McMasters against Redmond Flaherty for surety of the peace. The two men are both of Irish birth, but Conroy it appears, is a "fardowner," and Flaherty is not. Conroy alleged that on Thursday evening the accused announced that he would not work with any person who came from the locality where he (Conroy) came from, and that if he came to work the next day he would take his life. The usual papers were made out.

Choice Building Lots for Sale.

As will be seen by an advertisement in another column, G. W. Rankin, the well-known real estate agent, No. 104 Fifth avenue, offers for sale six choice building sites situated on the Washington road, adjoining property of Samuel Boggs and John Greer, and near the Dilworth property. The lots are large and eligibly located, being but fifteen minutes walk from the Mt. Washington station of the Incline Passenger Railway, and in close proximity to one of the stations on the Pittsburgh and Castle Shannon Railroad, which will be in operation and running frequent and regular passenger trains within a few weeks. There is no coal underlying this property, hence no fears will be entertained of the hill being excavated or tunneled. The lots will be sold seperately if desired. To those in search of a suitable lot for a surburban home, no better opportunity for investment is offered than in these lots, and there can be no doubt that they will soon be worth double the amount for which they can now be obtained.

SIGNAL SUCCESS.

The Boston Clothing House of this City—Its Present Standing and Future Prospects—Opening of a Branch in Allegheny—Where North Siders Should Buy Their Clothing—The Best Goods for the Least Money.

The Boston Clothing House of this city, which was opened only last spring, is already not only an assured success, but in the extent of its sales it now rivals houses that have been established for years. While this house has so far succeeded almost beyond precedent, it bids fair in the near future to command a more extensive trade than any other similar establishment in Western Pennsylvania. For this signal success the Boston Clothing House is largely indebted to the superintendent, Mr. Rossiter, who is possessed of the requisite energy and business qualifications for building up and sustaining such an enterprise. The one price principle upon which all goods are sold at this establishment has contributed much to inspire confidence among buyers, and to attract the patronage of those who admire "square dealing." But the principal reason for the successful establishment of the house in so short a time is that while only superior goods are offered they are sold at prices that have not heretofore been approached in this market. The assortment of clothing and gents' furnishing goods is at all times complete and consists of the newest and handsomest styles in almost endless profusion. The garments are fashionably cut and artistically made, neatly fitting, strong and durable, being in all respects equal to any turned out by the merchant tailoring establishments. Suits or single garments made from the best material by the most skilful workmen can be bought at this house at manufacturers' prices, or from twenty-five to fifty per cent. cheaper than similar goods can be obtained elsewhere in the city.

A similar establishment has long been needed in Allegheny, and we, therefore, congratulate our North Side readers on the opening of a branch of the Boston Clothing House in their city. Mr. Rossiter, having secured the commodious storeroom, No. 178 Federal street, formerly occupied by A. W. Erwin & Co., has refitted it throughout, giving it a bright and cheerful appearance, and thoroughly adapted to its requirements. The room is one of the largest, best appointed and most eligibly located salesrooms in Allegheny. To day the formal opening takes place, when an entirely new stock of goods, of the best quality and most desirable descriptions will be presented for the inspection of visitors. Our remarks concerning the Pittsburgh house will apply equally to the Allegheny one, as business will be conducted on the same principles, similar goods will be offered, and corresponding prices will prevail. It gives us pleasure to note this additional evidence of the success of the Boston Clothing House, and we trust that the branch about to be established in Allegheny will be as liberally patronized as the one in this city. We unhesitatingly recommend our Allegheny readers to bestow upon Mr. Rossiter at least a share of their patronage, and assure them that they will find in him a courteous and accommodating gentleman, that they will find all goods purchased at his establishment just as represented, and that by dealing with this house they will obtain the greatest bargains in clothing ever offered in their city.

Powers of Election Supervisors.

The Supervisors of Election, appointed under the act of Congress of 1872, have no power to make arrests as will be seen by the following section of the act: "And provided further, that the Supervisors herein provided for shall have no power or authority to make arrests or to perform other duties, than to be in the immediate presence of the officers holding the elections, and to witness *all their proceedings*, including the counting of the votes, and the making of the return thereof.

Obituary.

Alexander Arbogast, a native of Pittsburgh and a brother of S. Arbogast the well known musician of this city, who for the past nine years has been engaged in the glass business at Bellair, Ohio, died at that place yesterday. His many friends hereabouts will receive the news of his demise with profound sorrow.

House Cleaning Made Easy.

Sapolio does the work,
Only ten cents a cake.
Sapolio for windows,
Only ten cents a cake.
Sapolio for wood work,
Only ten cents a cake.
Sapolio removes stains,
Only ten cents a cake.
Sapolio for tin ware,

"Hurry Up the Cakes,"

And be sure to put into
them the proper quantity of
Banner Baking Powder,
and they will be
Light, Sweet and Delicious.
Mistakes are avoided by using
this celebrated Powder, as each
can contains a measure, and
full directions go with it.

Carpenters, Notice.

New edition of Riddell's Carpenter and Joiner, just out. J. R. Weldin & Co., 101 Wood street.

New Books, New Books.

At J. R. Weldin & Co.'s.

Blank Books and Stationery

For the jobbing trade. J. R. Weldin & Co., 101 Wood street.

Almanacs and Diaries

For 1873, at J. R. Weldin & Co.'s.

AS A REMEDY for bronchial affections and chronic diseases of the lungs, nothing ever before discovered equals Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.
604

TRY T. C. Jenkins' Java Flavored Coffee All the grocers keep it.

HEALING SPRING WATER, (Bath county Va.), for sale at Clark's, 103 Fifth avenue. ths

IMPERIAL GRANUM, the best food for infants, at Clark's drug store. ths

Greeley Hats.

Greeley marching clubs supplied with hats at Wm. Fleming & Co., 139 Wood street. Send for sample.

Pyle's O. K. Soap.

Best in America.
Buy, try and compare. tf

☞ *Advertisements on this page under the several heads of* WANTED, FOR SALE, FOR RENT, *&c., will be inserted at transient rates only*—TEN CENTS *per line for each insertion. No advertisement less than* THIRTY CENTS.

WANTED.

WANTED—MINERS—50 MINERS AT Cork Run Tunnel. J. DOUGLASS, Contractor.

WANTED—GIRL—TO DO GENERAL Housework for a small family. Must come recommended. Good wages given. Apply at 97 Roberts street.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY—A YOUNG Unmarried Man, who has had several years experience in a General Store and has some understanding of Bookkeeping. Address Box 13, Ursina, Pa.

WANTED—GIRLS—A GIRL FOR GENERAL Housework and a Half Grown Girl for Nurse, in a family of two. Inquire at 54 Franklin street, Allegheny City.

WANTED—SITUATION—BY AN EXPERIENCED Drug Clerk, speaks English and German; can give best of reference. Address H. S., Commercial Office. TThs

WANTED—SITUATION—AS SALESMAN by a Young Man who has had several years' experience in a general store. Address Box 50, Mount Pleasant, Jefferson county, Ohio.

WANTED—EVERYBODY—ANNOYED with Rats, Mice or Roaches to try Abel's Vermin Exterminator. Prepared and sold by CHAS. ABEL & CO., Druggists, 172 Wylie avenue.

WANTED—RAILROAD HANDS—Wages $2 per day. Also, Farm and Harvest Hands. A number of Girls for all kind of work in the city. Apply at Employment Office, No. 1 Sixth street, Pittsburgh.

WANTED—SITUATION—A YOUNG Man well acquainted in the city wants a situation as Assistant Bookkeeper, and is willing to make himself generally useful when not engaged. Best of business reference given. Address B. Y. D., this office.

WANTED—MUSIC TEACHER—A Lady or Gentleman to give instruction on Organ and Piano. Salary liberal; situation permanent. None but a skilful Teacher need apply. Address T. F. BROWN, Lawrenceburg, Pa.

LOST.

LOST—NOTICE TO BANKERS, BROKERS, &c.—On Friday evening, a pocket book, an order book, and money note book, about $10 cash; also notes amounting to about four hundred dollars, bills amounting to several hundred dollars, letters and cards of business; one note to the order of Edwards & Goss, signed John Fife, amount $111 60; one note to order of J. R Fricke, and signed by Giffen McGarry, amount $95; one note to the order of Chas. O'Donnell, signed by Chas. Starz, amount $70; one note to same order, signed W. B. Maccalray, $59; other notes to same order. All parties are cautioned not to negotiate any or all of the above papers, as payment has been stopped. A liberal reward will be paid by returning to J. R. FRICKE, cor. Cedar and Liberty avenue, or at his office.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE—PLOW FACTORY, MACHINERY, Patterns, Stock and Good Will. Extensive and profitable business already established. Address DODGE, RHORER & CO., Louisville, Ky. tf

FOR SALE—DRUG STORE—A FIRST-CLASS Drug and Prescription Store, doing a good business. Fixtures the best in the city. Apply for further information to CHAS. ABEL & CO., 172 Wylie avenue.

BOARDING.

BOARDING — DESIRABLE ROOMS, newly furnished, with first class Board, at 148 Third avenue.

BOARDING—ONE OF THE BEST Boarding Houses in Pittsburgh is the "Young Men's Home," Duquesne way, between Eighth and Ninth streets. While as good board, with as respectable surroundings, may be had there as at any place in the city, all the profits arising therefrom are devoted to the benefit of the poor. Comfortable rooms are furnished, and boarders are also received without lodgings. Good Dinners for commercial and business men can be obtained from noon until half past one at very moderate rates.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—DRUG STORE—FOR PARTICULARS inquire at 2527 Carson street, East Birmingham.

FOR SALE—A FULL LINE OF MORSE Twist Drills at Manufacturers' Prices. HUTCHISON & CO., 28 Wood street.

FOR SALE—HOSE, BELTING AND Packing of the best makes and at lowest prices. HUTCHISON & CO., 28 Wood street.

FOR SALE—BELTING AND HOSE—Pure Oak Tanned Leather Belting and Hose, at HARTLEY, McKEE & CO.'S, 58 Smithfield street. s

FOR SALE—AMERICAN SCREW COMPANY'S MACHINE, Set and Cap Screws; Judson's Engine Governors; Machinery and Manufacturers' Supplies of all kinds. M. B. COCHRAN, 143 Liberty street. tt

FOR SALE—ENGINES AND BOILERS—New and Second-hand, of all sizes, Stationary and Portable, from 2 to 60 horse power, now on hand. JAMES HILL & CO., corner Marion avenue and P., Ft. W. & C. R. R., Allegheny, Pa.

FOR SALE—NO. 1 PIANOS FOR $290 Cash. Why pay exorbitant prices? Call and be convinced of the merits of the instruments. All the New Music and Instruction at lowest prices. Pittsburgh Music House, No. 85 Fifth avenue, three doors above Smithfield.

FOR SALE—A. S. CAMERON & CO.'S Steam Pumps, suitable for every purpose to which Steam Pumps can be applied. Having been largely improved, we offer them as the best and cheapest in the market. ATWOOD & McCAFFREY, corner Third avenue and Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa. TThs

FOR SALE—NEW BRICK HOUSE OF 6 Rooms, with Bathroom, Hall and Cellar. Gas throughout, all in good order. Lot 20 by 100 feet, beautifully situated on Roberts street, Eleventh Ward, Pittsburgh. Will be sold low. Apply to G. W. RANKIN, Real Estate Agent, No. 104 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE—SIX BEAUTIFUL LOTS on Mount Washington, adjoining the residence of John Grier, Jr. They front on the Washington Pike and are perfectly level. They are within fifteen minutes' walk of the Inclined Plane and two minutes' walk of the station of the Pittsburgh and Castle Shannon Railroad, which will be in operation in a few weeks. To a cash customer they will be sold at a bargain. Inquire of G. W. RANKIN, Real Estate Agent, No. 104 Fifth avenue.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—TWO LARGE AND DESIRABLE Rooms, 25x80 feet, on Second Floor, No. 31 Fifth avenue. Now vacant. Inquire of GRAY, POSSIEL & RESE, 31 Fifth avenue.

FOR RENT—A NEW BRICK DWELLING neatly finished, with water throughout, good sized lot, some fruit, only three minutes walk from street cars, at Oakland. Rent moderate to a good tenant. Apply to R. H. HUGHES, No. 124 Smithfield street.

FOR RENT—THE LARGE TWO-STORY Brick Dwelling, situate in the Thirteenth ward, between Thirty second and Thirty-third streets, with Carriage House and Stable attached. Possession can be given October 1st. Inquire at No. 101 Fourth avenue, or 66 Third avenue. tf

FOR RENT—DWELLING HOUSE—A very comfortable Double House, nearly new; eight Rooms; two Finished Attics; Finished Cellars; Bath Room; Marble Mantels, nicely Papered and Painted; large Garden, Fruit, &c., attached; most pleasant, level part of Center avenue, beyond Kirkpatrick street. Rent moderate. Inquire of 167 First avenue. tf

DIVIDENDS.

☞ DIVIDEND NOTICE—TENTH WARD BANK.—The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT., out of the profits of the last 6 months, payable on or after the 12th inst., free of tax.

G. PRAETSCH, Cashier.

Pittsburgh, October 1, 1872.

NOTICES.

☞ NOTICE—THE STOCKHOLDERS of the LONG RUN OIL COMPANY are requested to meet at No 139 Fourth street, SATURDAY, October 12, 1872, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of authorizing the sale of the Property of the Company.

WM. ESPY, President.

WM. FOSEBURG, Secretary.

Pittsburgh, October 2, 1872.

POLITICAL.

☞ SWOOPE AND POPE.

REPUBLICAN MASS MEETING.

HON. H. BUCHER SWOOPE

Will address a Mass Meeting at

Corner Market and Franklin Streets,

SIXTH WARD, ALLEGHENY,

THIS (Saturday) EVENING, at 7 O'Clock.

Prof. J. WILLIAM POPE, the great Campaign Singer, will be present.

E. A. MONTOOTH,
Chairman Committee on Meetings.

☞ HEADQUARTERS FIRST CORPS, Allegheny, October 4, 1872.

GENERAL ORDER NO. 1.

Commanders of Division of this Corps proposing to participate in the GRAND TORCHLIGHT PROCESSION, SATURDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 5, 1872, are hereby notified to have their commands in line and ready to move at 7 O'CLOCK SHARP. All Clubs not in line at time designated will be required to fall in at rear of column. By order.

GEN. DANIEL LEASURE,
Commanding First Corps.

JAMES BROWN, A. A. G.

☞ REPUBLICAN TICKETS

ARE NOW READY,

And for the COUNTRY DISTRICTS can be obtained immediately, by known responsible parties, at the Head quarters,

LINCOLN CLUB ROOMS,

68 SMITHFIELD STREET.

TICKETS FOR THE CITY will be distributed on SATURDAY.

A. H. GROSS, Chairman.

Grant, Wilson and Hartranft

Meetings will be held at the following places, on

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 5th, 1872.

Milesville,

At 1 o'clock P. M., and will be addressed by Col. JOHN GLENN.

East Elizabeth,

AT 2 O'CLOCK.

Hon. T. J. BIGHAM, Hon. W. D. FORTEN, Hon. ROBERT McKNIGHT, Hon. GEORGE WILSON will Address the Meeting.

Temperanceville,

AT 7 O'CLOCK.

W. C. MORELAND, Esq., J. S. HAYMAKER, Esq., FREDERICK LUTY, Esq., will Address the Meeting.

E. A. MONTOOTH,
Chairman Committee on Meetings and Speakers.
THOS. MACCONNELL, JR., Secretary.

Grant, Wilson and Hartranft

Republican Mass Meetings

Will be held at the Following Places on

Monday Evening October 7th, 1872,

AT 7½ O'CLOCK.

DIAMOND, ALLEGHENY.

ALEX. M. WATSON, Esq., GEO. W. DeCAMP, Esq., H. C. MACKRELL, Esq., and Hon. ROBT. McKNIGHT, Esq., will Address the Meeting.

McKEESPORT.

Hon. H. B. SWOOPE and Captain J. S. HAYMAKER will Address the Meeting.

SECOND WARD, ALLEGHENY,

Jackson Street, near Monterey.

B. C. CHRISTY, Esq., Col. JOHN GLENN and Major E. A. Montooth will Address the Meeting.

OAKDALE.

THOS. EWING, Esq., CHARLES S. FETTERMAN, Esq., and JOHN H. KERR, Esq., will Address the Meeting.

SPRING GARDEN AVENUE,

At M. Waugenhauser's.

R. J. POWERS, Esq., and FREDERICK LUTY, Esq., will Address the Meeting.

SNOWDEN TOWNSHIP, At Library.

JOHN S. LAMBIE, Esq., and J. S. FERGUSON, Esq., will Address the Meeting.

TURTLE CREEK.

A. M. BROWN, Esq., Gen. JAMES S. NEGLEY and ROBT. E. STEWART, Esq., will Address the Meeting.

SHARPSBURG.

Col. T. M. BAYNE and B. F. LUCAS, Esq., will Address the Meeting.

ALLENTOWN BOROUGH.

Gen. WM. BLAKELY and Hon. GEO. WILSON, will Address the Meeting.

Hite's Station, West Penn Railroad.

Major WM. FREW and JAS. FITZSIMMONS, Esq., will Address the Meeting.

MANSFIELD.

Hon. JOHN S. ROBB and Col. A. BLAKELY, will Address the Meeting.

Cor. Ohio and Chestnut Sts., Allegheny.

HENRY CORDIER, Esq., JOHN MEGRAW, Esq., and HENRY M. LONG, Esq., will Address the Meeting.

E. A. MONTOOTH,
Chairman Committee on Meetings.
THOS. McCONNELL, Jr., Secretary.

CANDIDATES.

☞ INDEPENDENT PEOPLE'S CANDIDATE

FOR SHERIFF,

WM. M. GORMLY,

Thirteenth Ward, Pittsburgh.

OLD TEA HOUSE.

TEAS,

A SPECIALTY.

NEW CROP TEA,

(THIS SEASON,)

VIA THE NEW ROUTE.

☞ No Old Tea from Auction Sales in the Store.

D. M. Jenkins,

20 FIFTH AVE., PITTSBURGH.

STENCILS

STEEL STAMPS,
BURNING BRANDS,
SEAL PRESSES,
CANCELLING and
RIBBON STAMPS,
STENCIL COLORS.

BRUSHES and ALL STENCIL MATERIALS,

WHOLESALE AT

W. A. BUNTING'S

STENCIL ROOMS,

1p 184 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh.

GRAND FINAL TORCHLIGHT PROCESSION

OF THE

Gubernatorial Campaign,

TO BE COMPOSED OF ALL

GRANT, WILSON

AND

HARTRANFT

CLUBS,

OF

Allegheny County

AND HELD IN

South Pittsburgh, the Birminghams, Ormsby and the City of Pittsburgh,

ON

This Saturday Ev'g,

October 5, 1872.

CHIEF MARSHAL.

GEN. J. B. SWEITZER.

Chief of Staff—Capt. JNO. U. GILL.
Adjt. General—H. W. OLIVER, Jr.

FORMATION.

The Headquarters of the Chief Marshal will be established at the Monongahela House.

FIRST CORPS.

Composed of all Delegations north of Allegheny and Ohio rivers, including Neville township.

The Headquarters will be established at the corner of Federal street and River avenue.

First Division will form on Robinson street, right resting on Federal street, East, left towards Sharpsburg.

Second Division will form on Robinson street right resting on Federal street, West, left towards Manchester.

SECOND CORPS.

Consisting of all Delegations and Clubs in the city of Pittsburgh, and all Boroughs and Townships between the rivers.

First Division will form on Wood street, between Fifth avenue and Water, right resting on Fifth avenue.

Second Division, on Wood street, between Fifth avenue and Liberty street, right resting at Fifth avenue.

Third Division, on Liberty street, right resting on Wood street.

THIRD CORPS.

Composed of all delegations south of the rivers.

First Division will form en masse on Carson street and the large vacant lot lying west of the Railroad depot, right resting on Carson street, west.

Second Division will form on Carson street, right resting on Carson street, at Lyon, Shorb & Co.'s mill, left resting towards Temperanceville.

UNIFORMS.

Chief Marshal—Orange scarf.
Corps Commanders—Purple scarfs.
Division Commanders—Scarlet scarfs.
Staff to Chief Marshal—White scarfs.
Staff to Corps Commanders—Blue scarfs.
Staff to Division Commanders—Red and white scarfs.
All staff officers will wear black felt hats. A rosette of the same color as the scarf will be worn on the left breast by the chiefs of staff and adjutants general.

Start and Route of Procession.

The First Corps will move precisely at seven o'clock P. M., by way of Federal street, Allegheny Suspension Bridge, Sixth, Market, Fifth avenue and Smithfield streets to and across the Monongahela Suspension Bridge. The Second Corps will be prepared to follow immediately in rear of the First at the corner of Fifth avenue and Wood street, the Third in the rear of the Second when it reaches Carson street.

The route of the entire column will then be up Carson to Tenth, Tenth to Washington, along Washington and Sarah to Thirtieth, down Thirtieth to Carson, down Carson to Monongahela Suspension Bridge, across bridge to Smithfield, Smithfield to Third avenue, Third avenue to Grant, Grant to Fifth avenue, down Fifth avenue to Liberty, Liberty to Fourth street, down Fourth street to Penn, up Penn to Sixth street and dismiss.

The Pittsburgh Fire Alarm Bell will strike "3" taps, and repeat the number three times, which will be the signal for the First Corps to move.

The Mounted Grant Hussars will report at Headquarters of Chief Marshal.

A general request is made to citizens residing along the route indicated to decorate their residences and places of business.

J. B. SWEITZER,
CHIEF MARSHAL.

H. W. OLIVER, JR.,
ADJUTANT GENERAL.

TEAS & COFFEES
FLOUR AND CHEESE
273
275
T. C. JENKINS
Liberty St. Pittsburgh Pa.

THE GREAT

FLOUR AND GROCERY HOUSE.

The Only House that Handles the Celebrated

White River Flour,
Golden Fleece and
Jenkins' Snow Flake.

All Orders for Flour, Groceries, Teas, Roast Coffees, &c., &c., from responsible parties by mail, promptly filled at Lowest Rates.

☞ No Charge for Drayage.

Time on Flour, Groceries and General Merchandise, 30 days. One per cent. discount allowed on Flour and all other Goods, if paid within 10 days from date of bill.

SWEET POTATOES—
100 barrels Prime Jersey Sweet Potatoes;
50 barrels Prime Baltimore Sweet Potatoes;
75 barrels Cultivated Cranberries;
25 tubs Choice Roll Butter.
Receiving Fresh Goods every day.

HENRY REA, Jr.,
305 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

MONEY TO LOAN

ON MORTGAGE.

$2,000, $3,000, $3,500, $4,500, $5,000, $8,000, $10,000, $15,000.

Any of the above amounts will be loaned from one to three years on liberal terms.

W. E. TUSTIN

1p 87 Grant street, opposite the Court House.

1872.

HAINES & SHEIBLER,

94 WOOD STREET,

ARE NOW RECEIVING ONE OF THE LARGEST STOCKS OF

Domestics, Cloths,
Flannels, White Goods,
Prints, Hosiery,
Shawls, Notions,

Ever brought to this market. The Attention of CASH and SHORT TIME BUYERS is solicited, as the Goods were purchased at the LOWEST CASH PRICES.

GILL & BROTHER,

NO. 113 WOOD STREET.

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT WHOLESALE.

Men's, Boots,
Boys', Shoes,
Women's and Brogans, and
Children's Balmorals.

Would call attention of the Trade to our Large Stock of all kinds, which we sell at Manufacturer's Prices. Special attention called to our "FORT PITT BOOTS," which have obtained an unsurpassed reputation, and will always recommend themselves.

Miner's Nailed Brogans and Lumbermen's Moose Hide Boots.

We are Agents for RUBBER BOOTS AND SHOES, AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

N. B.—Eastern Bills Duplicated, and Orders Filled with care and attention.

GRAND OPENING.

E. P. ROBERTS'S

NEW JEWELRY STORE,

ON MONDAY, OCTOBER 7,

AT NO. 16 FIFTH AVENUE.

"Same Stand Occupied for Twenty-Five Years Past.
Now Rebuilt, Refurnished and Enlarged."

Grand Display of New Goods.

Ladies' and Gent's Gold Watches, in Key and Stem Winders; Royal, Opera, Guard and Gold Vest Chains; Stone, Cameo, Pink, Coral and Rich Gold Jewelry; Chain and Band Bracelets; Necklaces and Medallions; Nickel, Silver Plated and Sterling Silver Ware; Newly Imported Verd Antique Bronzes, &c., &c.

Customers and the Public in general are most cordially invited to visit the New Store during the Opening Week and examine one of the

Choicest and Most Elaborate Stock of Goods

EVER BROUGHT TO THE CITY.

OPEN FROM 7 A. M. TO 10 P. M.

THE GRANDEST STOCK

OF

PIANOS AND ORGANS,

EVER EXHIBITED IN THIS CITY.

WE HAVE NOW ON HAND, OUR

FALL STOCK

OF

PIANOS AND ORGANS,

COMPRISING THE

GREATEST VARIETY OF STYLES AND MAKES

EVER OFFERED.

We do not confine ourselves to any special brands, but keep a great assortment to suit all tastes and means.

We warrant our Pianos and Organs to be equal to any in the market, and guarantee our Prices Lower than any other house in the city.

If you want to save money, and get the best instrument, call on us.

Monthly payments taken.

MELLOR & HOENE,

PIANO AND ORGAN PALACE,

53 FIFTH AVENUE

LINDSAY,
STERRIT
& EUWER,

Have a Large Stock of

BUILDERS'

HARDWARE

Comprising a Complete Assortment of all kinds of HARDWARE suitable for Dwelling Houses, Stores, Churches and Public Buildings, Barns, Outbuildings, &c., &c., Bought PREVIOUS TO THE LATE ADVANCES, and now offered at

LESS THAN MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

Lindsay, Sterrit & Euwer,

311 LIBERTY STREET,

1p Opposite the Head of Smithfield street.

WE MAKE ONLY STRICTLY PURE GOODS

White Lead,
Red Lead,
Litharge,
Potters' Lead,
Putty,
Colors.

DAVIS, CHAMBERS & CO. STRICTLY PURE WHITE LEAD PITTSBURGH, PA.

Every keg of our White Lead bears the following warrant, and we guarantee a degree of fineness and whiteness unsurpassed:

THIS PACKAGE CONTAINS

Pure White Lead	91 parts
" Linseed Oil	9 "
	100

$25 IN GOLD will be paid to any one finding the contents of this keg different from the above analysis.

DAVIS, CHAMBERS & CO.

SOLD BY DEALERS EVERYWHERE.

ESTABLISHED BY ROYAL CHARTER

1720,

LONDON

ASSURANCE CORPORATION

Total Funds (Gold)	$13,234,425
Fire Assets (Gold)	5,064,000

Incorporated 1794.

THE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF THE
STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA,
OF PHILADELPHIA.

LOSSES PAID EXCEED $10,500,000.

FOR POLICIES FROM THE ABOVE COMPANIES APPLY TO

GEO. W. DEAN, Agent,

37 FIFTH AVENUE.

FOR

The Grand Rally!

Campaign Goods,

CAPS,
CAPES,
LEGGINS and
TORCHES,

IN STOCK, AT

R. H. Palmer's,

149 and 151 Wood Street.

HOME, SWEET HOME.

SLOCOMB'S
HOME MADE
MINCE MEAT.

LOH & COOLEY,

Wholesale Agents, 207 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh.

Also handle all kinds of Country Produce on Commission.

The Daily Commercial.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1872.

MEETING OF BUSINESS MEN.

The meeting of business men last night, in furtherance of the cause of GRANT, WILSON and HARTRANFT, was all its projectors could have expected or wished. The Academy of Music was packed at an early hour. The proceedings became the occasion. As an expression of the political sentiment of a large part of this community, nothing could be more significant or overwhelming. A full report is printed elsewhere.

THE question whether YERKES swore to the statement made after he was pardoned is settled by the telegram from Mayor STOKELY, printed elsewhere. He says that YERKES made the affidavit before him.

WHEN SUMNER came out against GRANT, the Confederates said he would carry Massachusetts at his back. When CURTIN came out against HARTRANFT, the Greeleyites said they were safe for Pennsylvania. SUMNER has already learned, and CURTIN will learn in a few days, the utter weakness of the most powerful man when he separates himself from the moral forces that gave him strength. An infant who is true has greater vigor and mastery than a giant who is false.

LOOK out for "stickers!" They have already made their appearance, and will be found in abundance on election day. A sample was exhibited yesterday, where the name of a Democratic candidate for District Delegate to the Constitutional Convention was pasted over the name of one of the candidates on the Republican ticket. The only safe way for those who wish to vote the whole Republican ticket, is to make up their ballots themselves, or secure them from some one in whom they have entire confidence. No one should be so stupid as to vote a ticket blind.

REPUBLICANS, REMEMBER THIS: That the well grounded confidence everywhere entertained in a handsome Republican victory next Tuesday, is based on the hypothesis that there will be a full vote, and that every member of the party will discharge the duty he owes to himself, to the State and to the country. Devote that day not only to seeing that every Republican vote is brought out, but also to taking good care that no fraudulent votes are polled by the opposition. We do not expect there will be negligence—but we ask that there may be tireless activity and lynx-eyed vigilance.

EARLY voting is always desirable, and, on the whole, most convenient to the voter. It may be most convenient for some voters to leave their business after the polls have been open some hours; but the gain made by this will be more than counterbalanced by the inconvenience and loss of time incident to the crowded state of the polls. The business classes are usually most seriously inconvenienced by the loss of time; and the suggestion is thrown out to them that systematic early voting be adopted on Tuesday. Certainly this course will be attended by the least inconvenience and delay, and it is hoped that the business community generally, at least so far as Republicans are concerned, will act on the suggestion.

THE Buckalewites have published a letter dated Beaver Falls, bearing the appearance of having been written by some one engaged to perpetrate frauds there for HARTRANFT. The thing has a very suspicious look, as any one will discover; and the more reasonable suggestion is that it is a device to distract attention from quarters where the Buckalewites intend to operate. Old hands frequently resort to this description of dodges. The improbability of any Republican attempting, in a place no larger than Beaver Falls, the game which the pretended letter indicates, is at once apparent. The more reasonable probability is that the game is preparing by a Buckalewite for Pittsburgh, while attention is thus diverted to Beaver Falls.

REPUBLICANS of Pennsylvania! Remember that BUCKALEW'S battle in this State has been chiefly fought by Confederate auxiliaries outside of it. This for the reason that it is not so much BUCKALEW'S interests which are at stake, as those of GREELEY and the party of reaction that stands behind him. The determining influence of our State election upon the Presidential campaign is the cause of all the extreme anxiety manifested in other quarters for the defeat of HARTRANFT. This fact should of itself be sufficient to arouse every Republican in the State to a vital sense of his own duty. Here is the key to the entire national situation. Defeated here, the whole Confederate conspiracy against the country topples headlong to the ground. Make ready for its fall.

IMMEDIATELY after the overwhelming Republican victory in Maine, the *Tribune*, in trying to break the force of the blow, stated that the old saying, "As Maine goes so goes the Union," was plagiarized from Pennsylvania. The remark was true. Take, for instance, the memorable Presidential election of 1856. In that year, as in this, the State elections in Vermont and Maine went Republican by large majorities. Pennsylvania, however, was carried by the Democracy by about two thousand majority; a result which set the ball of reaction everywhere rolling, and eventuating in the election of BUCHANAN. So long as history repeats itself, and like causes produce like effects, the road to Washington will lie through Harrisburg. Shall BUCKALEW open the gates for GREELEY, or HARTRANFT keep them for GRANT?

WHAT the *World* calls "the complete and magnificent triumph" of the Democracy of Georgia, in electing their State candidates by a majority very largely the result of intimidation, terrorism and disregard of the plainest requirements of the law, emboldens that paper to hope for kindred results in this State next Tuesday—just as it confidently anticipated the capture of the National Capital by the rebel forces after the Union repulse at Bull's Run. But the one did not occur—nor will the other. Men do not gather grapes from thorns, and therefore a Republican victory in Georgia was not to be expected. But neither do fig trees yield thistles, and hence a Democratic success in Pennsylvania is the last thing to be looked for just at present. The soil is not favorable to that crop. Still the concerted appeal which arises from the Confederate press to the rank and file of the coalition in this State, to place it by the side of Georgia, should thoroughly admonish Republicans as to their own duties and obligations in the matter. Nor do we doubt that it will.

HERE is what the New York *Herald*, in an article on the bearings of the Pennsylvania October election on the Presidential issue, says of the situation:

> "The Democrats and Liberal Republicans have chosen this Pennsylvania October election as the decisive test of the Presidential strength of Mr. Greeley; for here more favorable conditions for success are offered than in Ohio and Indiana. Moreover, as without Pennsylvania the outlook for Mr. Greeley is very discouraging, we find that all his available forces and resources are concentrated upon Buckalew."

This is a plain statement of the whole case. All over the country it is admitted by GREELEY'S supporters that unless they can elect BUCKALEW next Tuesday, GREELEY himself is hopelessly doomed. And all over the country, too, it is claimed that the defeat of General HARTRANFT will insure the overthrow of GRANT. Such is the exact character of the challenge which the obstructionists and reactionists have flung down to the Republicans of Pennsylvania. Not a man in the State is ignorant of its full import and meaning. How shall it be answered?

ON the 18th of last March, upon the proposition in the State Senate to continue Gen. HARTRANFT in office as Auditor General of the State until the next election, every Democratic member present voted in favor of the proposition. The same charges, with the exception of the exploded YERKES'S conspiracy, that have since been urged against him, existed then, but not a man put the slightest confidence in them. Moreover, every accusation preferred against him had at that time been thoroughly sifted, to the complete exoneration of Gen. HARTRANFT. Not until he had been nominated for Governor, and the necessity of crushing him because he stood in the way of the triumph of GREELEY became evident, did the persecution against him assume form and shape. Up until that time his political opponents pronounced him an honest and efficient public officer, and the merits of the case have undergone no change whatever, since. His enemies have simply stultified themselves. That is the whole state of the matter—except that they demand that the people shall become a party to their own malice, vindictiveness and shame. But they will not do it.

THE *Tribune* is gladdened almost to ecstacy over the result of the Georgia election, although nobody with a grain of common sense in his composition expected the outcome to be of a different character. It is perhaps natural that that paper, which, directly after the elections in Vermont and Maine, sorrowfully confessed that revolutions of the GREELEY kind did not begin among intelligent and thoughtful populations like those of New England, should feel rejoiced to know that the claims and character of its candidate are appreciated by the Ku-Klux of Georgia. "Even the respectability of the ticket" put up by the Republicans, gleefully exclaims the *Tribune*, could not save it from defeat. Of course it could not. It was the reputableness of the ticket, and of the ideas and principles by which it was backed, that brought both into odium, and insured a Confederate "victory." If this be a matter to be proud of, let the *Tribune* exult. But when that paper dismisses the outrageous attacks on the rights and persons of negro voters, by intimating that the latter were the original aggressors, it utters what it cannot help but know to be false. Colored people—particularly when they are in a minority—are not in the habit of interfering with the rights of white citizens, and no one understands this better than the *Tribune*. It is like accusing the flock of attacking the pack. But since, like its candidate, that paper's entire theory of political morality has undergone a complete inversion, perhaps the charge is not to be wondered at. Now, wait until the people of Pennsylvania have spoken.

GREELEY AND BUCKALEW.

HORACE GREELEY knows that BUCKALEW is fighting for him more than for himself; and so, like a properly grateful person, the BUCKALEW Presidential candidate has in all things placed himself fully in accord with the GREELEY Gubernatorial nominee. Thus, BUCKALEW is a free trader—as is shown by his votes in the United States Senate against certain tariff measures not only calculated to furnish the government with increased resources to prosecute the war against the rebellion, but also greatly to promote the industrial interests of the State he represented. And GREELEY now agrees with him. Less than two years ago he solemnly averred there was no office in the universe that could induce him to forego or postpone his advocacy of protection to home industry. Now he tells the people of Pennsylvania that, notwithstanding his Presidential oath of office would require him to veto whatever measures were not reconcileable with his judgment and conscience, he would disapprove no bill which a free trade Congress might pass, however disastrously, in his private opinion, it might affect the business interests of the country.

They are also in accord on another important matter. BUCKALEW, as is well known by his vote in the United States Senate against abolishing slavery, has always been destitute of sympathy with the free institutions and principles of Pennsylvania. GREELEY has been an abolitionist, to be sure; but he has blotted out that stain (in BUCKALEW'S estimation) from his escutcheon; for he now confesses it to have been quite probable that his opposition to slavery was "a mistake."

There is also another point of agreement between them. BUCKALEW hated the soldiers who put down the rebellion, and GREELEY now accuses them of a deliberate purpose of keeping alive the bitterness and hatred of civil war for the advantage of a political party. BUCKALEW, moreover, had quite a tender regard for the rebel gray. So has GREELEY; for he declares he looks hopefully forward to the time when LEE and STONEWALL JACKSON shall hold an equal place in the affections of the people with those of our Union heroes.

The parallel might be carried further, but it is not necessary. As we have intimated, GREELEY, knowing that BUCKALEW is fighting his battles for him, has very handsomely, when the latter said to him, "Mr. GREELEY, what are your principles?"—rejoined, "Mr. BUCKALEW, my principles exactly accord with your own. What are they?" Hence the felicitous harmoniousness existing between them. Republicans of Pennsylvania! You see how lovely these cooing conspirators are in their political lives. See to it, also, that in their political deaths they are not divided.

A THING TO INSIST ON.

The right to vote. Preceding nearly every election, reports get abroad of the intended blocking of the polls, and of devices to deprive electors of their votes. It frequently happens that reports of this kind have very little foundation, and that the warnings are the product of unnecessary alarm. But in the present instance we have reason to believe such is not wholly the case. Almost any one is able to perceive that the supporters of GREELEY and BUCKALEW have become desperate, and are ready for desperate expedients; indeed, for almost anything that promises to assist them. That there exists the intention on their part to obstruct the avenues to the polls wherever they can, to harrass voters, especially colored voters, and by concert and perhaps violence keep Republican votes out of the ballot-boxes, we have good reason to believe. Now we call the public to witness that Republicans generally, though they have been earnest, have been fair and forbearing throughout this campaign. On election day they will seek nothing that is not right, and they WILL TOLERATE NOTHING THAT IS WRONG. THEY WILL HAVE THEIR RIGHTS. It becomes necessary to give this notice thus early, and it is done with deliberation.

THE CONTEMPLATED FRAUDS.

That stupendous frauds with forged naturalization papers, manufactured in Philadelphia, have been arranged for by MCCLURE and RANDALL, there is no manner of doubt. One thousand of these papers have been sent to Clarion county alone. That a market has been made for them there is evident from the fact that in Richland township alone, in that county, when last year the Democrats cast 157 and the Republicans 22 votes, the Democrats *have registered one thousand votes*, 750 of them having been added in the last ten days. In other counties, a similar state of things has been detected. But these attempts at fraud will, measureably at least, be frustrated, detectives having been put on the track. Republicans are fully warned, and preparations made to bring to justice every scoundrel who attempts to vote fraudulently. For every offense there will be a tenant in the penitentiary.

Frauds in Registration at Titusville.

A prominent citizen of Titusville informs the editor of the *Herald* that two weeks ago he made a careful personal examination of the books containing the names of registered voters, and there were less than one thousand eight hundred names down. It now appears that there are registered over two thousand seven hundred names. There are not nearly so many voters in the city, and it is plain that frauds have been committed. The *Courier* kept standing in its columns for weeks a "call for a meeting to form a Greeley club," to which were appended something over nine hundred names, very few of whom were known to the authorities there. About this number of names are registered in excess of the legal vote. A comparison of this *Courier* list with the lists of registration might let in a little light on these frauds.

Nothing to Say Against Hartranft.

An incident that is worth mentioning: At Bellefonte, on Saturday, a soldier called on ex-Governor Curtin at the Bush House, and, extending his hand, said: "How are you Governor? Do you recollect when you presented our regiment with that flag?"

"Yes," replied Curtin, "I recollect it."

"Well, now, Governor, I want to tell you that General Hartranft never allowed that flag to trail in the dust, and is bound to be elected Governor of this State."

Mr. Curtin replied: "All right; I have nothing to say against Gen. Hartranft."

And he has "nothing to say against Gen. Hartranft."

A CONFEDERATE paper at Lafayette, Ind., published a gross slander on some of the most respectable Republican citizens of that place on Monday, charging them with being implicated in plans for frauds at the polls. The base lie was also telegraphed to a number of papers, and published with flaming head lines. The charge was supported by an affidavit from two men, named Beard and McKay. Both of these persons were arrested for perjury, plead guilty and were lodged in jail. A suit will be instituted against the papers for libel, and the parties who were implicated in procuring the false swearing will also be prosecuted. A son of John S. Williams, Democratic candidate for Congressman at large, accompanied the men when they made the affidavit. Similar action might well have been taken many times in this State, where perjury was resorted to in piling up calumnies against General Hartranft.

IN 1868, the Chambersburg *Valley Spirit*, Democratic organ for Franklin county, called Aleck McClure "the greatest corruptionist of the age," while it said A. G. Curtin was a "loafer." Now it cannot find words to express its admiration for these men. The files of the Pittsburgh *Post*, and in fact every Democratic sheet in the State, will reveal similar instances of remarkable changes of opinion. We do not know that McClure and Curtin are much worse now than then—they are certainly no better.

WHILE sinking a well three miles south of Murrayville, Jackson county, Ill., a few days ago, the workmen struck, at a depth of ten feet from the surface, what is thought to be a rich copper mine. Experts pronounce it within five per cent. of pure metal. During the past few years a number of nuggets of copper have been picked up along the running streams in that vicinity, and this last discovery has convinced the people that rich veins of the metal are to be found there. Active preparations are being made to investigate the matter.

THE Sanitarium at Media, Pa., is doing a good work in redeeming and returning to their homes and society men addicted to alcoholic or opium intoxication. It was organized in 1867, and since that time has had under treatment two hundred and seventy-five persons, of whom a large portion were sent forth permanently cured. The directors appeal to the public for money, in order that they may enlarge their buildings and grounds, and thus increase the usefulness of the institution.

DURING the recent sessions of the M. E. Conference at Mansfield, Ohio, Bishops Simpson and Bowman were approached by Democrats and asked as to whom they would support for President and Vice President. Both of the learned gentlemen firmly, though mildly, disclosed their intention to vote for Grant and Wilson. The Greeleyites retired discomfited.

GENERAL AND PARTICULAR.

Nature is now at her mature best. The trees and shrubs are mellowing into various charming tints, while the deep green of the pines and cedars is strikingly contrasted by the crimson tinge that is overspreading the leaves of maples and several kinds of creepers. It is a delicious time.

It is said that the harvest of chestnuts, hickory nuts and butternuts this autumn will prove exceedingly light. Many of the open land chestnut trees bear fruit, which is now nearly matured, but the chestnut forests are comparatively destitute of burrs, while walnuts and butternuts are almost equally scarce.

The *Times of India* mentions a remarkable phenomenon which was witnessed on a plain near Mandidroog, on the night of the 15th of June last. This extensive tract, though uninhabited, was observed like a large city brilliantly illuminated. The scene is described as resembling a part of the starry heavens. The cause is as yet unexplained. Many of those who saw the lights believe that they were produced by the burning of inflammable gases exhaled from the ground.

A cheap way of getting credit for liberality was devised by the managers of a fair in Illinois, who offered a premium to the oldest spinster present. Of course nobody claimed it.

The annual meeting of the Virginia Division of the Army of Northern Virginia is to take place in Richmond on the 31st of October, when General John B. Gordon is to deliver an address, new members are to be received, etc. Is not this "a standing menace"—an offensive reminder—of the late "unpleasantness" that ought to be removed? Greeley ought to see about it without delay.

The usual complaints at this time of the year of a scarcity of navigable water in the western and southern rivers begin to be heard, but so far the difficulty is much less serious than at this time last year, and the season is now so far advanced that it is hoped the worst has been already reached.

Boston is to have yet another newspaper, the *Journal of Commerce*, which is to put in an appearance on the 2d of November. It is to be a commercial and financial paper, and there is no reason why it should not flourish, as Boston has not now a daily journal with that distinctive character.

Nothing, it is said, will cure home-sickness in a Chicagoan but the combined smells of carbolic acid and burned egg shell. As he sucks in the horrid odors he feels he is again on his own sand-hill, breathing again the rich atmosphere of his own sloughs.

An old miner and gold hunter now in Nevada says that all the work performed in gold hunting and mining has not paid a cent a day. Just think of it! All those millions and millions of days' work done in the river beds, gulches, and deep mines, and not yielding a cent a day.

There is a freight blockade on the railroads below Louisville, and at some places the goods now awaiting transportation will occupy all the rolling stock for two weeks to come.

New Orleans papers say of the cotton crop, that their accounts from the country present no new feature, but from some districts they are more encouraging. Most of the letters from Mississippi, Arkansas and Louisiana indicate a decrease from the crop of 1870 of one-third to one-half.

The grossest insult ever offered to the "Hub" is contained in an announcement that M. Julien le Count, formerly French Consul at Boston, has been "promoted" to a similar position at one of the minor ports of Great Britain.

The ninth of this month is the anniversary of the great fire at Chicago, and various suggestions are being thrown out by the citizens of that city as to the way in which it shall be celebrated.

Baltimore is exercised over its inadequate water supply, and it is proposed by a bill before the City Council to take immediate steps for the introduction of water from Gunpowder river as a permanent supply. The cost of the undertaking, as estimated by the engineers, will be $3,500,000, and the time required for the construction of the works will be about three years.

The Laplanders claim a high order of morality because no Lapland wife was ever known to elope. Probably because she never heard of any other lapland to elope to.

There were seventy-two scholars in the drawing department of the New York Woman's Art School, upon its opening last Monday, and it was expected that more than double that number would be in attendance by the close of the week.

The progress of luxury is strikingly illustrated in a modern sea voyage. A letter written from on board an Atlantic steamship says: "I hear the notes of a piano, the lowing of a cow, the cackle of hens, indeed, all the noises of the barn yard, here in mid-ocean."

Cerebro-spinal meningitis, or spotted fever, is said to be becoming alarmingly common in Massachusetts, its victims being mostly young persons.

The total number of emigrant passengers landed at Castle Garden during the month of September was 26,648. Elsass contributed 1,446 of this number and Lorraine 337. There were 601 Mormons, of which Denmark contributed 180; England, 274; Ireland, 10; Norway, 24; Scotland, 31; Sweden, 48, and Wales, 34.

Here is a little sermon for parents. A child in New York, aged three years, was found beastly drunk on his mother's door-step the other day. He had soaked himself with a glass of his father's whisky.

A sympathetic crowd in Detroit recently rescued a pretty woman, who had stolen five hundred dollars from her husband and eloped with a younger man, from the rude grasp of an unfeeling officer who was taking her back to her lord.

An amusing scene occurred in a Boston court the other day. A man was charged with assaulting his wife; but when the woman was called upon to testify, she wasn't positive in regard to his identity. She had been married six years, but couldn't swear that this man was or was not her husband. He declared that he never saw her before, and was, therefore, discharged.

PERSONAL.

The venerable Henry Vandervoort, who for forty-two years has filled the office of clerk of the Court of General Sessions in New York city, has been compelled to resign on account of ill-health. Recorder Hackett delivered an eloquent eulogy on the retiring officer.

About Mr. Richard Paulson, of Hackensack, N. J., gathered on October 1st two hundred and eight of his children and children's children, who came together to do honor to their progenitor on the occasion of his ninety-ninth birthday. They came from east and west, north and south, each bearing an appropriate gift for the old gentleman. Mr. Paulson has voted at every Presidential election since George Washington's second term, and declares his intention now to cast his ballot for Grant and Wilson.

A New York correspondent calls Stephen Pearl Andrews "a great scholar and a great fool. He is, in a quiet way, one of the institutions of New York—one of the literary eccentricities that relieve our moral lopsidedness: one of the metaphysical malformations that counterbalance, from time to time, our 'natural cussedness.'"

An English newspaper was received at the Boston postoffice, a few days ago, addressed to "Ralph Waldo Emerson, Esq., Philosopher, Massachusetts, New England, U. S., North America."

An Englishman named Young writes to the London *Times* that Mrs. Theresa Black, Byron's "Maid of Athens," is still living in England, at the age of seventy years, and in a state of destitution which requires instant relief. Mr. Young says: "There are many who would gladly assist her, but do not know any address to which to remit sums of money, small though they be, yet of great service to the once beautiful and courted 'Maid of Athens.' Mrs. Black has, besides, an additional claim, being the widow of the late English Vice-Consul at Missolonghi."

General Francis A. Walker, Commissioner of Indian Affairs, has been offered the Professorship of the Sheffield Scientific School at Yale College.

At Pontrew-y-nydd, in Wales, Mr. Nathaniel Rosser recently got into an altercation with Mr. Morgan Evans concerning the correct orthography of Llyynngglfwwdvaur, a Welsh village, Evans maintaining that the fourteenth letter was "d," while Rosser stoutly averred that it was "v." They fought worthily for a long time, each unable to convince the other of error; at last Rosser became so greatly exasperated by his opponent's obstinacy and stupidity that he procured some hot lime and rubbed it into Mr. Evans's eyes, for which unfair mode of argumentation he now lies in jail, awaiting the issue of his applying lime to a man's eyes for spelling Llyynnggfwwdvaur Llyynnggfwwddaur.

Mrs. Mary Noe, of Metuchen, N. J., has just died, leaving ten children, nine daughters and one son, whose average ages are over seventy years. Stanley's Noe-torious assailant bears no relation to this honorable family.

Almost anybody would think that the Countess Pourtalles and the Baroness Bussiere, who are now stopping for a few days in San Francisco, were foreigners. On the contrary, they are California girls, and daughters of Mrs. Ben. Holliday.

M. Bugeja, the Maltese gentleman so remarkable for his constant success at play on the Homburg tables, and who, after winning upward of 300,000 francs, had gone to Berlin for the fetes, had, at last accounts, returned to his former quarters, and having recommenced his attendance at the tables, was winning at the rate of 50,000 francs a day.

It seems actually decided that the Shah of Persia will visit Europe in the early spring of next year. For two thousand three hundred and fifty-two years no monarch of the Persians has visited that continent. The last sovereign of the land who undertook the journey was Xerxes, when he invaded Greece. His present Majesty will certainly not come with anything like the retinue of that king, who led a host of 5,283,220 souls as far as Sepias and Thermopylæ—a feat which by itself throws all our modern achievements in the way of enormous armies and commissariats into the shade.

Col. R. W. Furnas, Republican candidate for Governor in Nebraska, has brought suit for $10,000 against the Omaha *Herald* for charging him with having been bribed as a member of the Territorial Council in 1857, for the consideration of $3,000, to vote against the capital bill.

FOR FAMILY USE.

THE HALFORD

LEICESTERSHIRE

TABLE SAUCE,

THE BEST SAUCE AND RELISH

Made in any Part of the World

FOR

FAMILY USE.

PINTS, - - - 50 CENTS.
HALF PINTS, - - - 30 CENTS.

FOR SALE BY ALL GROCERS.

J. & H. PHILLIPS,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

OIL CLOTH, WINDOW SHADES, &c.

Green Shade Cloth a Specialty.

Also, Agents for the BOSTON BELTING CO.'S RUBBER BELTING HOSE, STEAM PACKING, &c.
Dealers in LEATHER BELTING, LACE LEATHER and RUBBER GOODS GENERALLY

PAINTING, GRAINING AND GLAZING.

Nos. 26 and 28 SIXTH STREET,
PITTSBURGH PA.

Natural Decay—Protect the System.

The human body is a machine, and therefore cannot endure forever; but like a watch or a sewing machine, it will last much longer if properly regulated and duly repaired, than if no pains were taken to keep it in order. The great object of every one who desires a long and healthy life should be to put his body in a condition to resist the life-threatening influences by which we are all more or less surrounded; and no invigorant and corrective at present known, so effectively answers this purpose as the vitalizing elixir which, under the unpretending name of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, has been for more than twenty years the standard tonic of America. In crowded cities, where the atmosphere is contaminated with the effluvia inseparably from large populations; in marshy regions, where the soggy soil reeks with miasma; on the prairies and in the forests, where every fall the air is tainted with exhalations from rotting weeds and grasses, or decomposing leaves—in short, in every locality where malaria exists, this powerful vegetable antidote is urgently needed. Fever and ague, bilious fevers, dysentery, congestion of the liver, jaundice, rheumatism, and all diseases which are generated by infected air, impure water, or sudden changes of temperature, may be averted by strengthening and regulating the system in advance with Hostetter's Bitters. Autumn is always a season of peril, especially to weak, susceptible organizations. Even the more vigorous are apt to be in some measure depressed by the humid atmosphere, loaded with deleterious gases produced by vegetable decay. The fall is a period of the year when the renovation and regulation of the living machine is peculiarly important, and the Bitters should therefore be taken daily at this critical season.

PURE LIQUORS,

For medical and private use, warranted unadulterated.

Pure Rye Whisky,
Pure Cognac Brandy,
Pure Holland Gin,
Pure Jamaica Rum,
Pure Port Wine,
Pure Sherry Wine,
Pure Madeira Wine,
Pure Catawba Wine,
Bass' English Ale,
Younger's Scotch Ale,
Campbell's Strong Ale,
Guiness' Dublin Porter.

We would suggest to any of our readers who may wish to provide themselves with a STRICTLY PURE article of Whisky, Brandy, &c., &c., to call at

JOSEPH FLEMING'S,

84 MARKET STREET, CORNER OF DIAMOND,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

BLACK LEAD, "EAST INDIA."
COCHINEAL, "HONDURAS."
CHAMOMILE, "ROMAN AND GERMAN."
GUM SHELLAC.
ISINGLASS, "AMERICAN."
LICORICE, "CALABRIA."
OLIVE OIL, QRTS. AND PTS.
OIL, ROSE, "PURE."

RECEIVED AND FOR SALE BY

George A. Kelly & Co.,

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,

Corner First avenue and Wood street.

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings,

NO. 61 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.
Chartered in 1862.

Open daily from 9 to 4 o'clock, and on SATURDAY EVENINGS, from May 1st to November 1st, 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of Six Per Cent., computed from the 1st and 15th of each month, and if not withdrawn compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Books of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.

BOARD OF MANAGERS:
GEO. A. BERRY, President.
JOHN SCOTT, JAS. PARK, Jr., Vice Presidents.
D. E. McKINLEY, Secretary and Treasurer.
A. Bradley, J. L. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. Nimick, John S. Dilworth, F. Rahm, G. Follansbee, Joshua Rhodes, S. H. Hartman, Robert C. Schmertz, Christopher Zug.
John H. Bailey, Solicitor.

EDUCATIONAL.

PENNSYLVANIA

MILITARY ACADEMY,

CHESTER, DELAWARE COUNTY, PA.
(FOR BOARDERS ONLY).

Session opens WEDNESDAY, September 4th. Thorough instruction in Civil Engineering, the Mathematical and Practical Sciences, the Classics and English. For Circulars apply to CHAS. H. PAULSON, Esq., No. 73 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa., or to
Col. THEO. HYATT,
PRESIDENT P. M. A.

BROOKS'S SEMINARY,

FOR YOUNG LADIES,

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y.

Offers the BEST ADVANTAGES in all English Branches, Languages, Painting and Music, (Pianos new, Decker Bros. makers.) Special Preparatory Course for

VASSAR COLLEGE.

Is delightfully located in the finest city on the Hudson river. Buildings and Furniture NEW. Send for Record of 1871-'72.
MARY B. JOHNSON, Principal.

ALLEGHENY FEMALE SEMINARY,

COR. MONTGOMERY AVE. AND SANDUSKY ST.

The Fall Session of this School will open MONDAY, September 9. Catalogues giving particulars can be had at the Book Stores or the Seminary. Application for admission can be made after August 30.
HANNAH E. DAVIS, }
EMMA R. HAZLETT, } Principals.

LADIES' INSTITUTE,

NEW BRIGHTON, BEAVER COUNTY, PA.,

A Select Boarding and Day School; beautifully situated; healthful location; careful and thorough teaching; accessible from all points by Railroad. Will Reopen SEPTEMBER 11th, 1872. References the Bishop and Clergy of the Diocese of Pittsburgh. For Circulars apply to the Principal. MRS. O. E. SMYTHE.

IMPORTANT

TO

Steamboat Owners

CLARK'S REGISTERING

STEAM GUAGE

Bailey, Farrell & Co.

No. 167 Smithfield Street,

SOLE AGENTS.

Perfectly Reliable.

Written Guarantee with each Guage.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

The undersigned have this day associated themselves as copartners, and having purchased the Printing Establishment of Urben & Brother, at No. 40½ Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh, will carry on the

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING BUSINESS,

Under the firm name and style of

McCALLISTER, JACKSON & McEWEN.

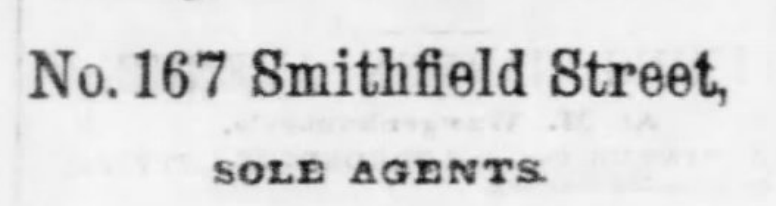
D. McCALLISTER,
W. J. JACKSON,
JAMES M. McEWEN.

Pittsburgh, October 2d, 1872.

J. DIAMOND'S

RUSSIAN PEBBLE SPECTACLES.

PATENTED.



The best Spectacles in the world to preserve, strengthen and improve impaired sight, and warranted to give full satisfaction for lifetime use. Adapted by myself by a thorough examination of the eye. Sold only at No. 22 SIXTH, LATE ST. CLAIR STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.
J. DIAMOND, Practical Optician.

CAUTION—We don't employ Peddlers or Jewelers.

OPENING.

C. BEGGS

WILL ANNOUNCE TO HER FRIENDS AND THE PUBLIC THAT SHE WILL OPEN

ON SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 5th,

At Her New Stand, 42 North Diamond,

ALLEGHENY CITY,

A HANDSOME ASSORTMENT OF

MILLINERY,

And Everything in the Millinery Line.

MORGAN & CO.,

Manufacturers of Connellsville Coke, have REMOVED to

CITY BANK BUILDING,

Corner of Smithfield Street and Sixth Avenue

Ten Per Cent. Home Investment,

Bonds of the City of Corry, Pa.

Issued to fund the debt of the city. EIGHT PER CENT. Semi-Annual Interest, Principal and Interest payable in Philadelphia. Mature 1881. Taxable property liable for loan, $1,565,665. Total debt, including this loan, $65,000. Price, 90 and Interest.

FITCH, OTIS & CO.,
11 Pine street, New York.

GARDNER

Fire Extinguisher

Patented Feb. 14 and Dec. 26 1871; March 12, 1872.

An Absolute Protection from Fire.

The last, best, cheapest and most effective. Entirely different from and superior to other Extinguishers. Send for Descriptive Circular.
GEORGE H. STOVER & CO., 75 Water street, Pittsburgh, Agents.

HENRY FARNAN,

Engine Builder and Machinist.

NEW AND SECOND HAND ENGINES, from 5 to 50 horse power, always on hand.

96 LACOCK ST., Allegheny, Pa.

General Repairing promptly attended to.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

National.

FOR PRESIDENT,
GEN. ULYSSES S. GRANT, of Illinois.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
HON. HENRY WILSON, of Massachusetts.

ELECTORS.

Adolph E. Borie,	Theodore Strong,
John M. Thompson,	John Passmore,
William D. Forten,	William J. Colegrove,
Joseph A. Bonham,	Jesse Merrill,
Marcus A. Davis,	Henry Orlady,
George Morrison Coates,	Robert Bell,
Henry Bumm,	Jasper M. Thomson,
Theodore M. Wilson,	Isaac Frazer,
John M. Broomall,	George M. Andrews,
Francis Shroder,	Henry Lloyd,
Mark H. Richards,	John J. Gillespie,
Edward H. Green,	James Patterson,
David K. Shoemaker,	John W. Wallace,
Daniel R. Miller,	Charles C. Boyd.
Leander M. Morton,	

State.

For Governor.
JOHN F. HARTRANFT.

For Supreme Judge.
ULYSSES MERCUR.

For Auditor General.
HARRISON ALLEN.

JUDICIARY.

President Judge Fifth Judicial District.
JAMES P. STERRETT.

Associate Judge.
EDWIN H. STOWE.

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.

Delegates at Large.

William Davis, James L. Reynolds, Samuel E. Dimmick, George V. Lawrence, David N. White, W. H. Ainey, John H. Walker, William M. Meredith, Joseph Gillingham Fell, Harry White, William Lilly, Lin Bartholomew, Hugh N. McAllister, William H. Armstrong.

District Delegates.

Thomas Ewing,	Thomas MacConnell,
Mathew Edwards,	Samuel A. Purviance,
J. W. F. White,	Thomas Howard.

County.

TWENTY-SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.
JAMES S. NEGLEY.

TWENTY-THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT,
EBENEZER McJUNKIN.

MEMBERS OF CONGRESS AT LARGE.
LEMUEL TODD.
GLENNI W. SCHOFIELD.
CHARLES ALBRIGHT.

ASSEMBLY.
First City District.—HENRY H. McCORMICK.
Second City District.—S. J. WAINWRIGHT.

COUNTY DISTRICTS.
JAMES W. BALLANTINE, HYDE K. SAMPLE, J. D. RAMSEY, A. B. YOUNG, JOHN C. NEWMEYER.

SHERIFF.
JOHN H. HARE.

CLERK OF COURTS.
WILLIAM H. McCLEARY.

RECORDER.
RALPH J. RICHARDSON.

CLERK OF ORPHANS' COURT.
ALEXANDER HILANDS.

REGISTER.
JOSEPH H. GRAY.

COMMISSIONER.
JAMES McGUNNEGLE.

DIRECTOR OF POOR.
JAMES W. BELL.

DRY GOODS.

NEW STOCK

OF

FALL AND WINTER

DRY GOODS.

Jas. Caldwell & Co.

Invites Special Attention to their FALL OPENING, which will be found Unusually Attractive in Variety, Style, Quality and Price.

Black Dress Silks of the very best makes.
Plain Dress Silks in all the new Fall shades.
Fancy Silks in Stripes, Checks, and Figures.
Irish and French Poplins in great variety.
Cashmeres, Drade France, Birettes, Empress Cloths, Cretones and Merinos in all the New Cloth Shades.
All the desirable Fabrics in Black Material for Deep Mourning.
Black and Colored Alpacas.
Mohair Lustres and Brilliantеens.
Black Thibet Shawls.
Broche Shawls and Ottoman Shawls.
Cloaks, Sacques, and Polonaises, in Cashmere, Cloth and Silk Velvet.
Ponson's celebrated Black Mantilla Velvets.
Black and Colored Silk Velvets and Velveteens for Trimmings, &c.
A choice stock of New French and English Chintzes.
Irish Linen and Damask Table Linens.
Blankets and Flannels.

118 and 120 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

THIRD SEMI-ANNUAL

STATEMENT

OF THE CONDITION OF THE

Tenth Ward Bank

OF PITTSBURGH,

SEPTEMBER 30th, 1872.

ASSETS.

Bills Discounted	$231,902 16
Bonds and Mortgages	4,700 00
Cash on hand and in Banks	34,061 00
Permanent Improvements and Furniture	4,099 48
Expenses and Taxes	2,511 34
	$277,273 98

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in	$ 60,547 85
Due Depositors	208,951 83
Interest and Exchange	7,485 52
Dividends Unpaid	288 78
	$277,273 98

G. PRAETSCH, Cashier.

We, the undersigned Auditing Committee, do hereby certify that we have counted the money, examined the bills, mortgages and accounts of the bank, and find the above statement to be correct.

J. LUDEWIG KOETHEN,
HENRY D. SEITZ,
CONRAD ZEIGLER,
Auditing Committee.

AN ACT

To Prevent the Sale of Intoxicating Drinks on Election Day.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same. That from and after the passage of this act it shall not be lawful for any person or persons keeping a public house or drinking place, either licensed or unlicensed, to sell spirituous or malt liquors as a drink, to sell, furnish or give away to be used as a drink, any spirituous or malt liquors, wine or any intoxicating beverage, or any part of any day set apart, or to be set apart for any general or special election, by the citizens in any election district within this Commonwealth, when an election is in progress, during the hours when by law in said district, the election polls are required to be kept open.

SEC. 2. Any person violating any of the provisions of the first section of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof, shall be subject to imprisonment in the jail of the proper county, for a term of not more than one hundred days, and in addition to the above, shall also be subject to a fine of not more than five hundred dollars and costs, at the discretion of the Court.

SEC. 3. It shall be the duty of the constables of the several townships, wards and boroughs of this Commonwealth, under the same penalty as mentioned in second section, to make return to the next Court of Quarter Sessions of the proper county, the name or names of any person or persons offending under the first section of this act; Provided, Nothing herein shall prevent any person or persons from prosecuting for such offense.

Approved the 30th day of March, A. D. 1872.

All persons interested will take notice of the foregoing Act of Assembly and govern themselves accordingly.

HUGH S. FLEMING,
SHERIFF.

Sheriff's Office, Pittsburgh, Oct. 1, 1872.

DAILY PRICE LIST.

H. & A. C. Van Beil,

"THE WINE MERCHANTS."

1,310 CHESTNUT ST., PHILADELPHIA.

Prices of Champagne, (In Currency.)

Ernest Irroy, Carte Blanche	19 50
Ernest Irroy, Special Extra Dry	23 25
Piper Heidsick	23 75
G. H. Mumm's Dry Verzenay } Depot in Philad'a	23 65
G. H. Mumm's Extra Dry }	23 25
L. Roederer, Dry Schreider	23 90
L. Roederer, Dry Sillery	25 75
L. Roederer, Imperial	26 75
L. Roederer, Carte Blanche	21 75
Pommeroy Sec	24 55
Dry Monopole	24 25
Napoleon's Cabinet	24 75
Veuve Clicquot	28 00

Having just received invoices of Fine Goods, purchased for cash, from the very best houses in France and Germany we are prepared to offer extraordinary inducements to purchasers.

Price lists of all our Goods sent on application.

Direct Importers of Jas. Hennessy and Martell Brandies, Pemartin Sherries, Sandeman & Co. Port Wines, Barton & Guestier Clarets and Olive Oils; D. Leiden, Hock and Moselle Wines, &c., &c.

MISS L. W. TAYLOR

HAS RECEIVED HANDSOME FALL AND WINTER

Bonnets, Flowers and Feathers,

No. 44 FEDERAL STREET, ALLEGHENY.

FRESH NORFOLK OYSTERS—

R. E. SIBLEY, Oyster Packer,

NORFOLK, VA.

SOLID MEATS and SHELL OYSTERS A SPECIALTY. Orders solicited.

DRY GOODS.

EXTRAORDINARY

BARGAINS.

A. W. ERWIN & CO.,

172 and 174

Federal Street, Allegheny.

SILKS, BLACK, COLORED, SAGE COLORS, AMERICAN, IMPORTED.

DRESS GOODS, IMMENSE STOCK, NEW STYLES. SOME MOST EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS EVER OFFERED. BE SURE TO SEE THEM BEFORE BUYING.

Shawls, Scarfs, IN GREAT VARIETY, NEW MAKES AND DESIGNS, VERY CHEAP.

Dry Goods, A VERY EXTENSIVE AND GENERAL STOCK, ALL AT THE VERY LOWEST PRICES.

A. W. Erwin & Co.

FALL, 1872.

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 2d.

McELROY

& DICKSON,

54 WOOD STREET

OPEN THIS DAY,

BLACK AND COLORED

Velveteens.

Prince of Wales Cloth,
Fancy Moleskin,
Brown Corduroys,
Drab Corduroys.

RED OPERA FLANNELS,
BLUE OPERA FLANNELS,
PLAID FLANNELS,

IN EASTERN AND DOMESTIC STYLES.

WASHINGTON MILLS

Shawls and Scarfs,

WOOLEN YARNS, &c.,

To which the Attention of the Trade is Invited.

M'CORD & CO.,

131 WOOD STREET.

1872. FALL *TRADE,* 1872,

IN

HATS, CAPS

AND FURS.

The Largest and Most Complete Stock

EVER BROUGHT TO THIS CITY,

NOW OPEN AND FOR SALE

AT

131 WOOD STREET,

PITTSBURGH.

M'CORD & CO.

CAPS, CAPES,

TORCHES AND LEGGINS,

MANUFACTURED AT

WILT'S UPHOLSTERY,

92 THIRD AVENUE.

☞ Special terms given to large orders. Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

FLANNELS AND JEANS.

The attention of JOBBERS is directed to our large assortment, consisting of a great variety of Styles of our well known

Flannels and Jeans,

At prices which cannot fail to be satisfactory. The trade will find it to their advantage to examine our stock and prices.

S. Bradley & Sons,

WOOLEN MANUFACTURERS,

River Avenue, below Suspension Bridge.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

During the present week I will be in receipt of some of the largest invoices of

TEAS

Ever brought to this city, which added to my present stock comprises in GREAT VARIETY

GUNPOWDERS,
IMPERIALS,
YOUNG HYSONS,
HYSONS,
OOLONGS,
SOUCHONGS and JAPANS,

From Lowest to Choicest Grades.

Samuel H. Baird,

112 SECOND AVENUE.

NEW STOCK. FALL TRADE, 1872-73.

Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry and Clocks

AT WHOLESALE, ONLY.

G. B. BARRETT & CO.,

NO. 60 FIFTH AVENUE, Pittsburgh,

(OPPOSITE MUSEUM.)

DRY GOODS.

SPECIALTIES!

AT

WILLIAM SEMPLE'S

At 37½c, 50c, and 65c,

BLACK ALPACAS

EXTRA GOOD VALUE.

At 15c, Plain and Corded Alpacas.
At 8½c, Striped Poplins, extra wide goods.
At 12½c, Dark Delaines, fast colors.

AT 23 CENTS,

Gray Twilled Flannels,

A GREAT BARGAIN.

At 18¾ and 25c, Barred Shirting Flannels
At 6¼c Fast Colored Prints.
At 8 1-3c, Fast Colored Prints.
At 11c, Heavy Brown Sheetings.

At $2 00, Square Shawls,

FULL SIZE, ALL WOOL.

At 40c, Men's Calico Shirts.
At 50c, Men's Calico Shirts.
At 62½c, Men's Plaid Woolen Shirts.
At 75c, Men's Plaid Woolen Shirts.

Underwear, Hosiery, Gloves, Notions,

AT THE LOWEST PRICES,

Wholesale and Retail,

AT

WM. SEMPLE'S

Nos. 165, 167 and 169

Federal Street, Allegheny

Ribbons, Ribbons.

JOS. HORNE & CO.,

MARKET STREET,

Call Special Attention to their Line of

BONNET, BOW AND SASH

RIBBONS,

Which for Variety and Extent cannot be surpassed. Being of our own importation, we are prepared to offer them at REDUCED EASTERN PRICES, either by Package or Piece.

Cord Edge, all colors and widths.
Black, full lines, three qualities.
Boiled Ribbons, all shades.
Union and All Silk Gro. Grains.
Camelion or Shaded, in all the new Tints, manufactured expressly for our own sales.
Roman Bow and Sash Ribbons.
Brocade and Striped Ribbons.
Black and Colored Watered Ribbons.
Sash Ribbons, in Black, Roman and Plain Colors.
The celebrated A A Ribbons, Black and Colors, all Numbers.
Also, Blue Black Velveteens, 22 and 27 inch.
Colored Velveteens, all the new shades.
Turquoise Reps.
Bonnet Velvets, black and colors.

Our Reps, Velvets and Ribbons

Have been imported with a view to Matching Shades.

Also, Reps and Turquoise,

In Colors to Match the New Dark Fall Shades of Dress Goods.

BUYERS WILL FIND THE ASSORTMENT UNEXCELLED.

MORRIS P. MILLER, W. H. FORSE, C. B. FORSE.

Miller, Forse & Co.,

SUCCESSORS TO

WM. MILLER & CO.,

LATE

MILLER & RICKETSON,

221 and 223

Liberty Street, Cor. Seventh,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Superior Wines,

LIQUORS

AND

GROCERIES!

AND DEALERS IN

Old Monongahela Whiskies and Very Superior Old Cabinet.

We are now receiving direct from EPERNAY, FRANCE

MOET & CHANDON'S

Brown Sparkling Champagne

WHITE DRY CHAMPAGNE,
EXTRA SUPERIOR CHAMPAGNE,
EXTRA DRY VERZENAY,

Which, with our Stock of

Moet & Chandon's Dry Imperial and Green Seal Piper and Charles Heidsick

Make our assortment of FINE CHAMPAGNES very desirable to those desiring GENUINE GOODS at Reasonable Prices. We also offer very old superior Harmony Manzanilla and Topaz Sherries; White and Red Ports; Blandy Reserve Madeira; Blanddnburg and other Clarets; Henkell & Co. Hock Wines; Pure Grape Juice; Sicily, Madeira, California and Catawba

Sparkling Wines,

Koester and Crown Burgundy Port Wines; Crown and Isabella Sherry Wines.

FINE OLD BRANDIES,

In Wood and Glass; Rums, Gins, Scotch and Irish Whiskies, Cordials, etc., etc., together with English and Scotch Ales, in Barrels and Bottles, all of which we offer at Low Figures.

221 and 223 Liberty Street.

FALL STYLES

SILK, FUR AND WOOL

HATS.

Newest Styles,

Largest Stock,

Lowest Prices.

R. H. PALMER'S

Hat House.

JOS. A. MOORE..........THOS. C. MOORE.

JOS. A. MOORE & BRO.,

Stock, Bond and Note Brokers,

Real Estate and Insurance Agents,

No. 10 Blackford's Block, Indianapolis, Ind.

We buy and sell on Commission first-class Securities of all descriptions, negotiate Loans for Cities, Counties and all Corporations, transact a general Real Estate and Insurance Business, and Loan Money on long time. Particular attention is given to placing money on first mortgage without cost to the lender.

References: Fletcher & Sharpe, Bankers; Indiana Banking Co.; Porter, Harrison & Hines, Attorneys.

Manufacturers who may desire to establish branches in this flourishing city will find it to their interest to consult us.

DRY GOODS.

Tuesday, Oct. 1st,

AT

WILLIAM SEMPLE'S

JUST OPENED,

A LARGE STOCK OF

New Dress Goods,
New Waterproofs,
New Velveteens,
New Shawls,
New Scarfs,
New Skirts.

New Hats and Bonnets,

New Ribbons and Flowers,

NEW FEATHERS.

New Underwear, Hosiery and Gloves,

AT VERY LOW PRICES, AT

WM. SEMPLE'S

Nos. 165, 167 and 169

Federal Street, Allegheny.

DRY GOODS.

AT

WILLIAM SEMPLE'S

DRESS GOODS,

In all New Fabrics and Styles, for Ladies' and Misses' Fall and Winter Suits, at Attractive Prices.

Plaids, Plaids,

Beautiful Styles, at Very Low Prices.

BLACK ALPACAS,
BLACK ALPACAS,
BLACK ALPACAS,

ALL GRADES—VERY CHEAP.

A SPLENDID STOCK OF

BLACK SILKS.

Plain and Striped Silks,

NEW FALL SHADES.

Plain and Plaid Opera Flannels,

SHIRTING FLANNELS,

All Grades, at Popular Prices, at

WM. SEMPLE'S

Nos. 165, 167 and 169

Federal Street, Allegheny.

239 AND 241

LIBERTY STREET.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

DRY GOODS!

Notions and Small Wares.

Largest and Best Stock in this Market, at Lowest Eastern Prices.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

Fullerton's Greenville and Emdale Barred Flannels.

FALL, 1872!

M. Mentzer & Son,

94 MARKET STREET.

AN ELEGANT LINE OF

FALL GOODS,

NOW OPEN.

New Dress Goods,

New Shawls,

New Scarfs,

CASSIMERES,

Waterproof Cloths.

BIG BARGAINS

IN

COUNTRY FLANNELS

AND

BLANKETS.

☞ CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

Mentzer & Son,

MARKET STREET.

HOLTZMAN & WEIDERHOLD

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

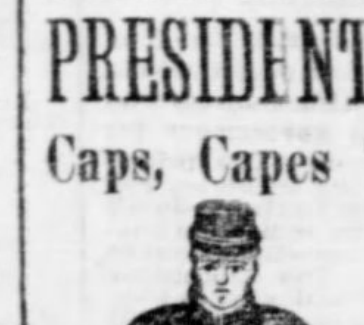
MOSQUITO BARS,
CURTAIN GOODS
And BEDDING,

NO. 100 THIRD AVENUE,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

PRESIDENTIAL CAMPAIGN.

Caps, Capes Torches and Flags



Send for Illustrated Circular and Price Lists.

E. Edmundson & Sons,

MANUFACTURERS,

55 MARKET STREET,

Pittsburgh, Pa.

THE EVANS

REVOLVING SAND SCREEN

Will Screen Wet Sand Perfectly.

It is used by Plasterers, Foundrymen, Paint Companies, Nurserymen, and for Roofing and Paving.

RETAIL PRICE, $12 00.

Agents wanted. County and State Rights for sale. Address all communications to

JOHN G. EVANS & CO.,
ORRVILLE, OHIO.

Duff's College.

The Oldest and Most Reliable Institution for obtaining a Mercantile Education.

☞ Practical Business Men as Instructors.
☞ No Engravers Copy Lines Used.
☞ Our Penman is in attendance during the day.

For information write for a Circular to

P. DUFF & SONS,
Pittsburgh.

United States Law Association

AND

COLLECTION UNION.

J. M. GAZZAM, Director.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Collections made and legal business transacted in all parts of the United States, Canada and Europe.

Offices, 96 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE—

5 cars Old Ohio Red Wheat, in Elevator;
1 car choice Milwaukee Club;
2,000 bushels prime White Oats;
300 sacks Ohio Red Wheat,

To arrive, and to which we ask the attention of Millers and the Trade.

HITCHCOCK, McCREERY & CO.,
49 LIBERTY STREET.

F. H. EATON'S

Trimming Store,

17 FIFTH AVENUE.

We have Just Received a full stock of

Dress and Cloak Trimmings

FOR THE

Fall and Winter Season.

Black Guipure Laces,
Black Thread Laces,
Black and Colored Yak Lace,
Black Silk Fringes,
Black Silk Gimps,
Black Bead Gimps,
Colored Silk Fringes,
Fur Trimming,
Fine Coat Loops,
Tassel Ornaments.

A full line of SILK, VELVET and FRENCH HORN BUTTONS. SILK CORDS and BRAIDS for Braiding Sacks.

PHILADELPHIA.

CHRISTY & ROCAP,

WHOLESALE DEALERS AND SHIPPERS OF

Fresh and Salt Oysters,

308 SOUTH DELAWARE AVENUE,

PHILADELPHIA.

All who may be kind enough to favor us with their patronage will receive prompt and immediate attention.

Hoping that our efforts to please will meet with the approval of the public, we solicit a trial.

GEORGE CHRISTY, Formerly with J. B. Taulane.
ISAAC H. ROCAP, Formerly with P. Ford, J. McMurry, T. Lumberd

A. H. FRANCISCUS & CO.,

No. 513 Market Street, Philadelphia.

We have Opened for the FALL TRADE, the Largest and Best Assorted Stock of

PHILADELPHIA CARPETS,

Table, Stair and Floor Oil Cloths, Window Shades and Paper, Carpet Chain, Cotton, Yarn, Batting, Wadding, Twines, Wicks, Clocks, Looking Glasses, Fancy Baskets, Brooms, Baskets, Buckets, Brushes, Clothes Wringers, Wooden and Willow Ware in the United States.

Our large increase in business enables us to sell at low prices, and furnish the best quality of Goods.

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE

Celebrated American Washer,

PRICE $5 50.

THE MOST PERFECT AND SUCCESSFUL WASHER EVER MADE.

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE AMERICAN WASHER in all parts of the State.

B. K. JAMISON & CO.

BANKERS,

PHILADELPHIA,

Transact a general Banking and Exchange Business, including Purchase and Sale of Stocks, Bonds, Gold, etc., on Commission.

NEW YORK.

LOCKWOOD & CO.,

BANKERS,

94 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Transact a General Banking business, including the purchase and sale of Government and State Bonds, Railroad Stocks and Bonds, and other Securities on COMMISSION.

THOS. J. POPE & BRO.,

292 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK,

PIG IRONS, RAILS, COPPER,
SPELTER, TIN, LEAD, ALUMINUM,
NICKEL, BISMUTH, &c.

SWAN HEMP & WIRE ROPE WORKS
G. B. & Co.
L

WIRE ROPE.

BRIGHT STEEL AND CHARCOAL IRON of Superior Quality, for Inclined Planes, Mining, Hoisting, Belting and Ferry Purposes. Also, Galvanized Charcoal and B. B. for Ships' Rigging, Suspension Bridges, Guys, Derricks, &c. A large stock constantly on hand, from which any desired lengths are cut, at

John W. Mason & Co.'s,
43 Broadway, New York.

BUSINESS CHANGES.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP—The firm of JACKSON, MOORE & CO., has this day been mutually dissolved, W. J. JACKSON, retiring. The business of the old firm will be settled by the remaining partners at the old stand, 84 and 86 Fifth avenue, where they will continue the Book and Job Printing and Stationery Business.

S. H. NESBIT,
W. H. KINCAID,
J. A. MOORE,
W. J. JACKSON.

Pittsburgh, August 5, 1872.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing among the undersigned, under the firm name of LACOCK, HAWTHORN & CO., has been this day dissolved, the said ISAAC DEHAVEN having sold and conveyed all his interest to JAMES IRWIN.

A. J. LACOCK,
SAMUEL HAWTHORN,
ISAAC DEHAVEN.

Allegheny City, October 3d, 1872.

James T. Brady & Co

Corner Wood and Fourth Avenue,

BANKERS,

BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

Government Securities,

GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,

ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

Money Loaned on Government Bonds at Lowest Market Rates.

☞ Orders Executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD.

JAS. T. BRADY & CO.

Commercial Banking Company,
ALLIANCE, OHIO.

The undersigned have formed a Copartnership under the above name to transact

A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS,

AT ALLIANCE, OHIO, and will give careful and prompt attention to all business entrusted to them.

Special attention will be given to Collections in ALLIANCE, CANTON, MASSILLON, SALEM, LEETONIA, COLUMBIANA, NEW LISBON, and all other points in this part of Ohio.

Remittances made at Lowest Rates of Exchange.

Reference—Tradesmen's National Bank.

DAVID MORGAN, W. D. REES,
C. O. MANFULL, H. P. McINTOSH,
R. W. TEETERS, Cashier.

GEO. B. HILL....C. HANSON LOVE....JAS. N. HILL

GEO. B. HILL & CO.,

Bankers and Brokers,

No. 58 FOURTH AVE., Pittsburgh, Pa.,

Buy and Sell on Commission All Kinds of

STOCKS, BONDS, MORTGAGES, GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, NEGOTIABLE PAPER, &C., &C.

Collections Made on all Accessible Points. Interest Allowed on Time Deposits.

Security Trust Co.

Incorporated by the Legislature of Pennsylvania,

NO. 64 WOOD STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL,

$1,000,000.

CHARTER PERPETUAL.

President..........DAVID GREGG

Directors.

WM. WILLS, PHILIP BENTEL,
J. V. McDONALD, BENJ. SINGERLY,
JAMES T. BRADY, HON. ROBT. McKNIGHT,
B. L. FAHNESTOCK, HARTLEY HOWARD,
DANIEL EUWER, L. J. BLANCHARD,
C. S. FETTERMAN, DAVID GREGG.

DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT BONDS.

Deposits Solicited and Interest Allowed on same. Dividends, Coupons, etc., Collected Without Charge.

ALL CLASSES OF SECURITIES
BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.
TThs

IRA B. M'VAY & CO.,

BANKERS.

We offer for sale Free from all Taxes:

Mount Oliver Inclined Plane Co.'s First Mortgage 8's at 90 and Interest.

Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad First Mortgage, Turtle Creek Division, 6's at 86 and Interest.

Pittsburgh and Ormsby Passenger Railroad Co.'s First Mortgage 7's at 90 and Interest.

IRA B. M'VAY & CO.,
BANKERS,
Corner Fourth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

Friday Evening, October 4, 1872.

Messrs. DeHaven & Brother, of Philadelphia, advertise that they will pay a premium of four per cent. for the notes of broken national banks. This apparently paradoxical proposition is explained by a ruling of the Controller of currency, whereby national banks which are being started in States which are already supplied with their quota of circulating notes are allowed to step in and fill vacancies made by the withdrawal of notes of home banks in any part of the country. As to the justice of this we have nothing to say, as it works in favor of our home banks, but the facts indicate the healthy condition of the national banks as far as the stockholders are concerned, as new institutions are able to pay four per cent. premium for their circulation on top of fifteen per cent. premium on the bonds deposited to secure such circulation, and besides to pay fair dividends on their stock. Another fact worthy of mention, as indicating the safety of these banks for their depositors, is that the losses by failure of national banks during the past three years has been but $538 to the $100,000 on the average.

—Messrs. Ira B. McVay & Co. report the following quotations of Government bonds in New York to-day, as furnished them by Jay Cooke & Co., their correspondents:

	Morning.	Noon.	Evening.
U. S. Bonds of 1881	115¾	115⅞	115⅞
U. S. Bonds of 1862	115¾	115¾	115¾
U. S. Bonds of 1864	115⅝	115¾	115¾
U. S. Bonds of 1865	115¾	115⅝	115⅝
U. S. Bonds of 1865 (new)	114⅛	114	113⅞
U. S. Bonds of 1867	114¼	114⅛	114¼
U. S. Bonds of 1868	114⅛	114	114
10-40s	108⅛	108	108
New 5s	110⅜	110⅜	110⅜
Gold	115	114⅞	114⅞
Currency 6s	111⅝	111⅝	111

—James T. Brady & Co., corner of Fourth avenue and Wood street, quote United States securities in New York to-day as follows:

Gold	115
United States 6s of 1881	115⅞
United States 5-20s of 1862	115⅝
United States 5-20s of 1864	115¼
United States 5-20s of 1865	115⅝
United States 10-40s	108⅜
United States 5-20s, January and July, 1865	114⅛
United States 5-20s, January and July, 1867	114⅛
United States 5-20s, January and July, 1868	114⅛
Currency Pacifics	111

The sudden advance in the price of crude oil has brought out a flood of that slippery commodity, with a drain on the part of the oil country banks from this point. Especially from the Parker region do we hear of a sharp demand for money to move oil to the seaboard. Not only are the banks in that quarter checking down their balances, but they are in the market as borrowers from the city banks, who are in no condition to furnish them much relief. Still their wants cannot be disregarded utterly, and loans in proportion to the worth of their business are being made. This demand helps to increase the stringency which is felt on all hands. This movement from the oil regions will soon relieve itself, as returns from refining points are made rapidly to the producers. Should the price of crude continue it will relieve the stagnation which has for weeks reigned throughout oildom. Rates for money continue fully sustained to the last quotations.

—The following table shows the prices of railway stocks, gold, etc., at the various sessions of the New York Stock Exchange during the day:

October 4, 1872.	10:30 A.M.	11:30 A.M.	12:30 P.M.	1:30 P.M.	2:30 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Gold	115	114⅞	114⅝	114¾	114⅞	114⅞
Canton	....	93	....	92	....	....
Western Union Tel	....	69⅝	....	69⅛	....	....
Quicksilver	....	43	....	43	....	....
Pacific Mail	75	74¾	74⅞	74¾	74⅞	74⅞
Adams Express	....	91⅝	....	91	....	....
Wells, Fargo Express	....	87¼	....	87	....	....
American Express	....	68⅛	....	68	....	....
United States Express	....	76⅜	....	76⅛	....	....
New York Central	92¾	92⅝	92	92⅝	92	92
New York Central Scrip	....	....	....	....	....	....
Erie	47⅞	48	49⅛	48¾	48⅞	48⅞
Reading	....	....	....	....	....	....
Michigan Central	....	115	....	114⅞	....	....
Michigan Southern	86¾	86	87⅝	86⅝	87⅛	86⅝
Illinois Central	....	128	....	128	....	....
Cleveland and Pittsb'h	....	87	....	87⅛	....	87⅛
Chicago and Northwest	69⅝	68¾	68⅝	69	69⅛	69
Do. preferred	85⅝	84¾	84⅝	85	85	85
Rock Island	109⅝	109⅝	109⅝	109⅝	109⅝	109⅝
St. Paul	54	53⅝	53⅝	53⅝	53⅝	53⅝
Do. preferred	74¾	74⅛	74⅛	73⅞	73⅞	73⅞
Wabash	....	68	....	68	....	....
Do. preferred	....	....	....	....	....	....
Fort Wayne	....	....	....	93⅝	93⅝	93⅝
Ohio and Mississippi	42⅝	42⅛	42⅛	42⅛	42⅛	42⅛
Chicago and Alton	....	109⅛	....	109	....	....
Do. preferred	....	....	....	....	....	....
Boston, Hartford & Erie	....	7⅝	....	7⅞	....	....
Harlem	....	110⅜	....	110	....	....
New Jersey Central	....	99	....	98	....	....
Union Pacific	37⅝	37⅝	37⅝	37⅝	37⅝	37⅝

—Messrs. Bowen & Fox, brokers and members of the Philadelphia Stock Exchange, furnish the following quotations of the closing prices to-day of the most active stocks:

Penn'a Central	56⅝	Lehigh Valley R. R.	58
Phila. and Erie	25	North Penna R. R.	49⅜
Lehigh Navigation	37⅜	United Co's of N. J.	122¾
Catawissa	48⅞	Schuylkill Navigat'n.	14
Oil Creek & Alle'y R.	34½	Reading	55⅞

New York Dry Goods Market.

New York, October 4.—Business is very quiet to-day in all branches of trade. The market is steady and firm for cotton goods, but weak and unsettled for woolens and worsteds. The quotations for sheetings, shirtings and canton flannels are unchanged and firm. Shawls and wool flannels lower. Foreign goods quiet, and very few buyers are in market; prices generally steady for staple goods and unsettled for fancy stock.

COTTON MARKETS.

Memphis.

Memphis, October 4.—Cotton—demand good at full prices; middling upland 18c.

PRODUCE AND GENERAL MARKETS.

Office of the Pittsburgh Commercial,
Friday, October 4, 1872.

Remarks—Politics seems to have usurped the place of the legitimate markets, and we shall have to "grin and bear it" until after "election day." With meetings by day and torchlight processions by night, what wonder that business men are excited. But all will come around right in a few days.

We have few or no changes to make in the current rates of the market, which as a general thing rules uniform.

Butter—Prime roll is in fair demand, and commands ready sale at full prices.

Eggs are in better inquiry, though prices are not quotably higher. None but prime fresh saleable.

Wheat is dull and nominally unchanged in price. Oats, corn, rye and barley remain unchanged on prices.

Groceries—This has been the first quiet day for the last month. We presume the near approach of election day has something to do with it. The election in this State is unquestionably the all absorbing topic with merchants as with every one, and until it is over we expect there will be but little business transacted. Prices remain firm for sugars.

Below will be found the wholesale rates of this market unless otherwise noted:

Apples—Receipts 107 bbls. Choice cooking $1 75@2 00 ℔ barrel.

Ashes—Common soda ash 5c; refined, high test, 6¾@7c; pearl ash 11@11½c; pot ash 10c; nitrate soda 4¼a5c; arsenic 4c; manganese 6c; black lead 6c.

Butter—The ruling figures are from 20@25c ℔ lb for packed; roll 27c; receipts 50 packages.

Broom Corn—the ruling rates are from 4 to 7c ℔ lb, as to quality.

Beans—Prime white navy $2 75@3 00 per bushel.

Banner Baking Powder—¼ lb cans $1 75; ½ lb cans $3 25; 1 lb cans $6 00; 5 lb cans $30 ℔ dozen.

Cheese—Receipts 121 pkgs. Ohio Goshen 15½@16c; Dairy 12½@13c; Factory 13½@14c; Sweitzer 16@18c.

Carbon Oil—Sales at 19@20c, with the usual advance on jobbing lots.

Cement—Beeson's Hydraulic $2 00@2 25 ℔ bbl; Louisville $2 50@2 75; Rosedale $4 00; Eagle $3 00; Johnstown $2 25; calcined plaster $4 50; land plaster $3 50@3 75 ℔ bbl.

Corn Meal—Sales at $3 25 ℔ bbl.

Candles—Stearine, full weight, 16c; 14 ounces, 13½c; star, 14 ounces, 18c; full weight, 19½c.

Country Lard—Sales at 8a9c per pound.

Concentrated Lye—Sales at $8 00 per case.

Bacon and Provisions—The market is reported fairly active for both old and new meats. The receipts of bacon pieces since our last, were 2,186; tierces 31. We make no change in our figures, and quote as follows: Sugar cured hams 19c; sugar cured shoulders 11c, plain shoulders 9c; rib sides 12c; clear rib 12½c; clear sides 13c; breakfast bacon 15c. Dried beef 20c. Mess pork $16 ℔ bbl. Lard, in tierces, 10½c; in half bbls 11c; in buckets 11¾c.

Flour—The anticipated rise in the price of flour (western brands) has not yet taken place. When it does we will make a note of it. We quote the following store rates: Penn Mills, fancy white wheat, $8 75; Penn Mills, fancy white wheat, bags, $8 50; "Our Fritz", red winter, bbls, $8 25; Rising Sun, $8 00; Minnesota Island, old, $8 25; old Wisconsins, $7 50. Oat meal, bbls, $8 00. Rye flour, $5 25.

Feed—We quote as follows; Middlings $1 75@1 80; second, $1 35; shorts $1 00; chopped corn and oats $1 40; chopped corn $1 35; chopped rye $1 85; bolted corn meal 75c per bush.

Grain—The receipts of wheat, corn, oats, rye and barley for the past twenty-four hours foot up as follows:

Wheat, sacks	842	Corn, sacks	340
Oats, sacks	2,980	Barley, sacks	341
Rye, sacks	224		

The market shows no new features worthy of special mention, being as a general thing, dull and unchanged in prices. We are reported sales by car lots as follows. Wheat—White $1 75; amber $1 70; red winter $1 60@1 65. Corn—yellow shelled 58@60c; mixed 56c. Oats—white 44c; mixed 42c. Rye 78c. Barley—spring, 85c for good to prime, and 93c for choice. We may state that the mills are full-stocked with wheat, and are not in the market to any great extent as buyers, leaving the field open to country millers.

Groceries—We have no change to notice in prices. Trade is reported fair. We report prices as follows:

Sugars—Granulated 13c; crushed 13½c; powdered 13½c; A 12¾c; B 12½c; extra C 12¼c; Knight's extra C 10½c; Circle C 12c.

Coffee—Fancy Rio coffee 25, strictly prime 24c; prime 24c; good 22½c; fair 21½c; roasted in one pound papers 25c; O G Java 32c.

New Orleans Molasses—Prime 80c; good 75c; fair 70c.

Syrups—Union syrup 75c; H & E fancy 65c; H & E extra 90c; H & E No 1 55c.

Rice—Carolina, choice, 9½c; Rangoon, 8c.

Spices—Grain pepper, 23c; allspice 16c; Cassia 50c; nutmegs $1 25.

Lime—Cleveland white $2 00 ℔ bbl; Calcined plaster is held at $4 25@4 50 ℔ bbl; Louisville hydrastic cement $2 50@2 75 ℔ bbl.

Onions—Sales at $3 50@4 00 ℔ bbl.

Potatoes—Irish at $1 75@2 00 ℔ bbl; Jersey sweets $5 00; Maryland $4 50.

Hay—Sales baled on wharf and track at $26@28@32 ℔ ton.

Carbon Oil—There is a strong feeling and prices have advanced. We quote at 21½@22c for round lots; the usual advance on small lots.

Lard Oil—Extra Chicago and Cincinnati brands 75@80c per gallon.

Poultry—Fair sized young chickens $55@60c per pair by coop; old, 75@80c.

Sapolio—An active trade is reported at $6 50 per case.

Vinegar—Good cider is quoted at 18c per gal.

Tallow—Firm at 8@8½c per lb.

Seeds—Timothy $3 75@4 00 ℔ bush as to quality; flax seed ranges from $1 75@1 80.

Whisky—A fair demand is reported, and highwines are selling in job lots at 94@96c.

Wool—The prices are ruling from 50c to 60c ℔ lb, as to quality and condition.

MONTHLY METAL REPORT.

Office of the Pittsburgh Commercial,
Saturday, October 5, 1872.

The following are the receipts of pig iron, ore and blooms, by the various railroads, for September, 1872; also, a comparison with previous years:

RECAPITULATION.

	Sept, 1869. cars.	Sept, 1870. cars.	Sept, 1871. cars.	Sept, 1872 cars.
P. Ft. W. & C. R. R.	604	1,064	1,774	938
Cleveland & Pittsb'g	326	566	477	854
Pittsb'g & Connellsv'le	15	27	85	201
Allegheny Valley R. R.	110	123	200	335
Penn'a R. R.	525	668	413	705
P., C. & St. L.	...	...	64	78
W. Penn	...	...	37	414
Total cars	1,590	2,448	3,050	3,516
Total tons	15,900	24,480	30,500	35,160

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD.

	Ore.	Blooms.	Metal.	Total.
Nimick & Co	..	..	244	244
Caughey & Hailman	..	..	104	104
Shoenberger Blair & Co	103	..	..	103
Reese, Graff & Co	..	..	43	43
Paul Jones	..	..	18	18
J Reamer	..	..	52	52
Isabella Furnace	107	..	..	107
Byers, McCullough & Co	43	..	3	46
Brown & Co	..	..	13	13
Meredith F & Co	..	..	6	6
Robinson, Rea & Co	..	..	10	10
Jones & Laughlins	..	..	20	20
Rodgers & B	..	..	8	8
Lewis, Oliver & P	6	..	15	21
Harbaugh M & O	2	..	16	18
Pittsburgh Bolt Works	4	..	..	4
Cambria Iron Works	..	..	17	17
Graff, B & Co	8	..	14	22
Spang, C & Co	..	..	17	17
J W Porter	..	..	6	6
Wm Smith	..	..	..	49
Lewis, B, D & Co	4	..	..	4
J Wood, Sons & Co	..	..	4	4
Atlas Works	..	..	5	5
Various consignees	10	..	20	30
Zug & Co	..	..	7	7
Gill & Bro	..	..	5	5
Wm Clark & Co	..	..	3	3
Total	287		651	938

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.

	Ore.	Blooms.	Metal.	Total.
Lucy Furnace	435	..	..	435
Shoenberger B & Co	175	..	..	175
Nimick & Co	..	30	30	60
Moorhead, [illegible] Co	59	..	7	66
Pittsburgh Bolt Works	17	..	..	17
Reese, Graff & Co	13	..	4	17
Isabella Furnace	115	..	..	115
Lewis Oliver & P	..	..	25	25
Loomis & Co	..	..	6	6
J. Moorhead	..	40	..	40
Wilson, Glass & Co	11	..	..	11
Hussey, Wells & Co	11	..	..	11
Brown & Co	16	..	..	16
Jones & Laughlins	..	..	24	24
McKnight, P & Co	10	..	..	10
Caughey & Hailman	10	..	..	10
Various consignees	10	..	16	16
Total	662	70	113	845

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

	Cars.		Cars
John Moorhead	136	Nimick & Co	67
Caughey & Hailman	159	J. Reamer	12
J. W. Porter	71	Ma'in & B	6
Wharton & Bro, O	7	Reese, Graff & Co	4
Rodman Wister	55	Dilworth, P. & Co	5
J Wood, Sons & Co	5	Various	18
Total			705

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

	Cars.		Cars.
McKnight, P & Co, o	109	Lewis, Oliver & P, m	17
McKnight, P & Co, m	42	Wm. Smith, m	19
John Moorhead, m	27	Anderson & Woods, m	10
Carnagie, K & Co, o	23	J. W. Porter, m	50
Wm. Clark & Co, m	10	Brown & Co, m	18
Reese, Graff & Co, m	4	Various, m	4
Total			335

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI, AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD.

	Cars.		Cars.
Nimick & Co, o	14	Loomis & Co, m	8
Nimick & co, m	2	Pittsburgh F Co, o	5
Harbaugh, M & O, o	1	J. Moorhead, m	5
Harbaugh, M & O, m	5	Various consigness, m	2
Carnagie, K, & Co, o	10		
Total			78

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

	Cars.		Cars.
Isabell Furnace, o	408	Graff, B & Co., m	6
Total			414

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD.

	Cars.		Cars.
Childs & Bro	85	J. W. Porter	40
Caughey & Hailman	46	Nimick & Co	7
Graff, B & Co	15	Pittsburgh Bolt Co	8
Total			201

WEEKLY REVIEW OF THE PIG IRON AND BLOOM MARKETS.

Office of the Pittsburgh Commercial,
Saturday, October 5, 1872.

During the past week there has been considerable inquiry for red short iron, but the price asked for good brands being above what consumers are willing to pay, the sales have been very limited.

Fine irons are scarce, and held firm at full rates, but lower grades are plenty and have been offered at a concession from prices of last week.

We are reported the following sales:

Bituminous Coal Smelted from Lake Superior Ore.

200 tons gray forge	$50 00—4 mos
200 tons gray forge cold short	50 00—4 mos

Anthracite.

100 tons gray forge	$48 00—4 mos
60 tons No 2 foundry	52 00—4 mos
50 tons No 2 foundry	52 50—4 mos
50 tons No 1 foundry	55 00—4 mos
50 tons No 1 foundry	55 00—4 mos
50 tons No 1 foundry	53 00—4 mos
50 tons No 1 foundry	51 00—4 mos

Receipts of Blooms, Pig Metal, and Ore.

Following are the receipts of metal for the past twenty-four hours:

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD, P. R. R. CO., LESSEE.

	Cars.		Cars.
Nimick & Co, m	2	Byers, McC & Co, o	1
Caughey & Hailman, m	3	Wm Clark & Co, o	2
Lindsay & McCutcheon, m	1	Rogers & B., o	2
Total			12

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH R. R.

	Cars.		Cars.
Lucy Furnace Co, o	24	Pittsburgh Bolt Co, o	2
Soho Furnace, o	5	Hussey, W. & Co., o	1
Shoenberger, B & Co, o	6		
Total			38

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

	Cars.		Cars.
Nimick & Co, m	4	J W Porter, m	1
Caughey & Hailman, m	12		
Total			17

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS R. R.

	Cars.
Nimick & Co, m	1

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

	Cars.		Cars.
Lewis, O & P m	4	Wm Smith, m	1
Byers, McC & Co, m	5	McKnight, P & Co, m	2
Total			12

PITTSBURGH LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Office of the Pittsburgh Commercial,
Friday, October 4, 1872.

RECEIPTS.

	Cattle, No. head.	Hogs, No. head.	Sheep, No. head.	Hor's, No. head.	Mules, No. head.
Thursday, Oct. 3	2,808	11,600	4,600	60	

Up till Friday noon nothing reported.

SHIPMENTS.

	Cattle, No. head.	Hogs, No. head.	Sheep, No. head.	Hor's, No. head.	Mules, No. head.
Thursday, Oct. 3	2,304	1,800	600	15	
Friday, Oct. 4	1,080	5,100	1,400		
Total	3,384	6,900	2,000	15	

Cattle.

The run of cattle since our last report has been fair. A good proportion of them are through stock for Eastern markets. Advices from the East are better, and trade is brisker, with prices from 15 to 25c higher. At this writing there is not much unsold stock in the yards, and from appearances everything will be closed out.

PRICES.

Extra 1,300 lbs steers, $6 75 to $7 40; prime 1200 lbs steers, $6 25 to $6 50; prime 1,100 lbs steers, $5 50 to $5 75; prime 1,000 lbs steers, $5 00 to $5 25; common, $3 75 to $4 50; bulls, $2 50 to $3 00.

Hogs.

The run of hogs since our last report has been very heavy running to some 11,600 head. These heavy offerings caused a sudden decline, and prices are from 25c to 37c less since Wednesday. Trade is dull and slow, with plenty of unsold hogs in the pens. A good many are shipping out on commission. At this writing the prospect looks bad for the balance of the week.

PRICES.

Extra Philadelphia, $5 25; prime Philadelphia, $5 00@5 10; prime Yorkers, $4 65; common, $4 25@4 50.

Sheep.

The receipts of sheep so far have been fair. Trade is moderately active, and not many remain unsold. Prime sheep are bringing good figures and bring better prices relatively than more common grades.

PRICES.

Extra 100 lbs fine wool, $6 00 to $6 25; extra 90 lbs, $5 75 to $5 85; extra 85 lbs, $5 25 to $5 50; prime 80 lbs, $4 50 to $5 00; common, $3 75 to $4 25.

Louisville Market.

Louisville, October 4.—Tobacco steady and sales light. Cotton a shade firmer but not quotably higher; middling upland 17¾c.

PITTSBURGH OIL TRADE.

Office of the Pittsburgh Commercial,
Saturday, October 5, 1872.

Remarks—The market continues to rule very firm at a further advance in prices. Holders generally insist that prices will go still higher. We quote Parker's $4 25 ℔ bbl. For prices in other parts of the oil regions see our dispatches.

REFINED.

Holders are inclined to be jolly over the present situation. We quote as follows: spot or October 25½c, with sales 5,000 bbls Philadelphia delivery at that figure. Holders refuse to fix a price for future delivery.

OIL BARRELS.

Market strong and very firm. Sales city made at $2 00; country $1 90@1 95c.

[By Western Union Line.]

Titusville, October 3.—The *Courier* says: The market continues to advance at all points, and closed firm with the following sales:

2,000 bbls upper road	$4 00
1,000 bbls upper road	4 05½
1,000 bbls upper road	4 05
500 bbls lower road	4 12½
1,500 bbls lower road	4 10
500 bbls upper road	4 15
1,000 bbls Oil City	4 37½
1,000 bbls Oil City	4 40

New York, October 3—Closing Oct. 4d.—There is not much inquiring, the advanced prices checking business more or less. Refined is quoted at 25½c for short delivery; sale of 4,000 at this figure. Crude in bulk selling a trifle higher, one lot of 500 bbls bringing 13½c. Cases held firmly at 30@31c, with a moderate inquiry. For Philadelphia delivery the market is quoted firm at 25½c for standard white; 2,000 bbls sold. Spot and delivery, running to November 10th, at 25½c. Sale of 8,500 cases New York delivery made at 30c.

Philadelphia, October 4.—Market firm: S. W. 25½c bid; crude in bulk 13c; cases 29½c; sales none. Futures, none.

Petroleum Center, October 4.—Market firm at $4 15@4 25.

Oil City, October 4.—Market firm quiet, but firm; Oil City $4 25@4 30; upper road $4; lower road $4 10@4 15.

[By Pacific and Atlantic Line.]

Oil City, October 4.—Market firm and unchanged at $4 30@4 35.

Rouseville, October 4.—Market firm at $4 15@4 20.

Tidioute, October 4.—Market unsettled at $3 75@3 80.

Petroleum Centre, October 4.—Market firm at $4.

Titusville, October 4.—Market quiet, firm and advancing; spot, $4 02¼ bid.

Oil City, October 4.—Market very firm at $4 30@4 35.

Crude Oil Received by A. V. R. R.

Shippers.	Consignees.	Barrels.
Hutchison & B	Peerless oil works	530
H McKelvey	Vesta oil works	456
J Bushnell	Lilly Siding	479
Wm Stewart	Peerless oil works	494
Owner	Standard oil works	440
Owner	Citizens' oil works	912
H W Stevenson	Sterling oil works	918
Hutchison & B	Citizens' oil works	314
Duncan & Young	American oil works	450

Crude Oil Received by Rail and River.

	Bbls		Bbls
Peerless oil works	924	Vesta oil works	45
Lilly Siding	674	Citizens' oil works	1,229
Standard oil works	480	Sterling oil works	91
American oil works	450		
Total			4,92[illegible]

Shipments of Refined Oil East via A. V. R. R. W. P. R. R. and P. R. R.

West Penn Junction, October 3, 1872.

Standard Oil Works, 676 bbls to Warden, Frew & Co. Philadelphia.

Central Refining Co., 1,712 bbls to Logan Bros. & Co. Philadelphia.

Total............2,388

IRON MARKETS.

CLEVELAND.

October 2.—The market remains steady and firm at quotations, and there are no particularly new features inviting comment. The demand is good, but the movement is only fairly active.

Hardware—We can quote no change in prices. All classes of goods are firm, and dealers report a good steady trade.

Pig—The attitude of the pig iron market has not changed during the past week. The demand has not abated, and prices continue very firm:

Scotch pig		$58 00@60 00 90 days
Tuscarawas (soft foundry)	1	58 00—4 mos
Massillon		58 00—4 mos
Lake Superior charcoal	1	58 00—4 mos
Lake Superior charcoal	2	58 00—4 mos
Lake Superior charcoal	3, 4 & 5	58 00@60 00—4 mos
Anthracite foundry	1	56 00—
Lake Superior (bituminous coal)	1	57 00—
Lake Superior (bituminous coal)	2	56 00@55 00—
Salisbury (for car wheels)	3 & 4	65 00—4 mos
Hanging Rock		65 00—4 mos
Forge		54 00—4 mos
Missouri charcoal		58 00—
Lehigh Valley		58 50—4 mos

—*Commercial Review.*

ST. LOUIS.

October 2.—The demand still continues active and the market is firm, with a tendency to still higher prices. Receipts for the week ending yesterday, October 1st, were 1,240 tons, and the shipments 630 tons. We quote prices at the close strong, as follows:

Hot blast charcoal iron—No 1 foundry, red short, $54; No 2 foundry, red short, $52; Nos 1 and 2 mill, red short, $48; white and mottled, $45.

Cold blast charcoal—Nos 1, 2, 3 and white and mottled, red short, $56; Nos 1, 2, 3 and white and mottled, neutral, $56.

Bituminous coal iron, made from Iron Mountain ore—No 1 foundry, red short, $54; No 2 do at $52; Nos 1 and 2 mottled, red short, $48; white and mottled, $45. November delivery, $1 advance on the above prices, terms cash or four months with interest at ten per cent.

Scotch iron $63.—*Journal.*

New York Finance and Trade

Gold Closed at 114⅞.

New York, October 4, 1872—P. M.

MONEY.

Money stringent. The calling in of loans by banks added to the demand, and the rate ruled at ¼ ℔ cent. and interest nearly all day. After bank hours there were a few loans at 7 ℔ cent. and more at 1-16. The rate for turning stocks was 1-32 to 3-32.

STERLING.

Sterling heavy and lower at 6¾ for prime bankers' 60 days and 8 for sight.

GOLD.

Gold steady all day at 114⅝@114⅞, with occasional transactions at 115, closing at 114⅞. The demand for cash gold made it lend at ⅛ ℔ cent., but as the stringency in money continued the rate lowered and loans were made at 1-32 to carry. Clearings $79,000,000. Treasury disbursements $51,000.

GOVERNMENTS.

Governments dull and steady, except currency bonds, which were weak and ⅛@⅜ lower.

U. S. 6s, 1881, cps.	115⅞@116		5-20s, 1867	114⅛	@114¼
5-20s, 1862	115⅝	@115⅞	5-20s, 1868, cps.	114	@114¼
5-20s, 1864	115	@115⅜	10-40s, cps.	108	@108⅛
5-20s, 1865	115⅝	@115⅞	Currency 6s	111	@111⅛
5-20s, '65, new		@113⅞	New 5 ℔ cents		@110⅜

STATE BONDS.

State securities dull and steady.

Tennessees, old	72	Missouri 6s	92
Tennessees, new	72¾	Union Pacific L. G.	74
South Carolinas, July	23	Union Pacific I. B.	77
South Carolinas, April	23½		

THE STOCK EXCHANGE.

In stocks the decline of yesterday was continued at the opening, and prices went further down by the pressure of cash stock. The bears began covering, and the market rallied under their purchases, but the condition of the banks and foreign money markets seem to point to a still further disturbance. Ohios, Western Union, and Columbus, Chicago and Indiana Central were steadiest, while Lake Shore, New York Central and Northwest common were freely pressed to sale. The Pacific Mail party held their stock above 74. There was increased firmness in Erie and light offerings; there is said to be another twist. The market dropped at close, and was feverish and unsettled. The report circulated that the Secretary of the Treasury has power to issue forty or fifty millions additional legal tenders was authoritatively contradicted.

Western Union	69⅝	Illinois Central	
Adams Express	90¾	Cleveland & Pittsburgh	87
Quicksilver	43	Northwest common	68
Fargo Express	87	Northwest preferred	85
American Express	69⅛	Rock Island	109
United States Express	76⅜	St. Paul	53
Pacific Mail	74⅛	St. Paul preferred	73
New York Central	92	Toledo and Wabash	68
Erie	48⅛	Fort Wayne	93
Harlem	110	Chicago and Alton	109
Michigan Central	114	Ohio and Mississippi	42
Michigan Southern	86⅜	Hannibal and St. Joe	30
Union Pacific	37⅝	C., C. & I. C.	

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Chicago Market.

Chicago, Ill., October 4, 1872.

Flour—Dull and nominally unchanged.

Grain—Wheat dull and heavy at $1 13¾ seller October $1 15¾ seller the year; No 3 $1 02@1 03; rejected 90c. Corn heavy and lower, closing dull at 32⅝@32¾c seller October; 33⅛c seller last half of the month; 33⅜@33⅝c seller November; rejected 31c. Oats dull and weak at 21⅛@21¼c cash; 22⅛@22¼c seller November. Rye quiet at 54@54½c. Barley steady, closing quiet; No 2, 65c for spot; 65½c seller October; No 3, 54½c.

Provisions—Dull. Mess pork nominally $14 50 regular; $12 75@12 87 seller December. Lard inactive and nominal; winter 8¼@8¾c; summer 8½c. Sweet preserved hams quiet and scarce, with sales of small lots at 12@14c; green hams firm and in fair demand at 8½@9¼c for spot and seller October, a medium average. Loose meats dull and weak; shoulders nominally 6½c; short rib sides 10½@10¾c.

Whisky—Steady, with both demand and offerings light at 89c.

New York Market.

New York, October 4.—Cotton higher, with only a moderate amount of stock offering; there is a good export demand; middling upland at 18¾c. Flour in buyers' favor, with more doing, chiefly in low grades for export; superfine western and State $6@6 25; white wheat western extra $8 20@8 25; extra Ohio $7 15@9 95. Rye flour steady at $4 20@5 30. Whisky heavy at 92c. Wheat is lower; the scarcity of freight room materially checks the export demand, while the low price of flour keeps millers out of the market; No 3 spring Chicago $1 40@1 45; No 2 Milwaukee $1 57. Rye firm and scarce; western, to be delivered up the river, 84½c. Barley more active; Milwaukee $1 05; Canada West $1 18. Malt quiet. Corn heavy and lower, with very moderate export demand, the scarcity of freight room checking the export demand; steam, western mixed 63@63½@63¾c; sail, do 64@64½c. Oats firmer; old western mixed 45@46c; new white 45@46c; new mixed 42@44c; black western 39@40c. Eggs easier and dull; western 25@27c. Coffee firm; Rio 14@17½c. Sugar firm; fair to good refining 8¾@9¼c; Cuba 8¾@9c. Molasses dull but unchanged. Rice firm. Petroleum—Crude 13½c; refined 25½@25¾c. Pork firmer; mess $14 25@14 40; prime $11 50@11 75. Beef dull but unchanged. Middles active; short clear 8½c; long clear 8⅜c. Lard quiet and weak; No 1 to prime steam, new 8½@8⅝c; old 8⅞c. Butter and cheese unchanged.

Buffalo Live Stock Market.

Buffalo, N. Y., October 4.—Cattle—Receipts to-day 221 head, making the total supply for the week thus far 6,518 head, or 345 cars, against 541 cars last week. Market slow this morning for want of stock, everything in the yards, except a few odds and ends, being either sold or shipped. There is a better feeling and prices stronger. Sales 56 Michigan steers, 1,096 to 1,151 lbs at $4 80@4 87½; 16 Michigan stockers, 778 lbs, $3 50; 62 State bulls, 802 lbs, $2 25; 18 Ohio stockers, 945 to 1,058 lbs, $2 30@4 12; 127 Illinois steers, 1,180 to 1,260 lbs, $5 75@6 00. Sheep and Lambs—Receipts for the week thus far 7,900, against 17,600 last week. Market closed firm at $6 00@7 00 for Canada lambs, $5 00@6 00 for Canada sheep, $4 75@5 50 for western sheep; yards bare of stock; sales to-day 92 Michigan sheep, 87 lbs, at $5 25. Hogs—Receipts to-day 4,600, making the supply for the week thus far 30,700, against 29,400 last week. Market dull and weaker at $4 75 to $5; 25 decks in pens unsold; sales to-day 480 hogs, 196 to 224 lbs, at $5; 116 Michigan hogs, 190 lbs, at $4 75.

New York Live Stock Market.

New York, October 4.—Beeves—Receipts to-day 1,350, making 8,840 for the week, against 10,100 the previous week. Quality ordinary; many Texans at $8 00@8 12; cars 5½ cwt 8½c, and 16 cars 5¾ cwt fair at 8c; fat natives scarce and worth 13½@14c; medium dull at 10@11½c; some Texans left.

Sheep—Receipts 4,260 head to-day and 24,600 for the week, against 27,000 the previous week. Both sheep and lambs doing rather better, a car of 86 lbs Ohio sheep sell at 6¼c; car 80 lbs at 6¼c, and a deck 88 lbs at 7c; also a car of fair 67 lbs State lambs at 9¼c; a car of Canada, 75 lbs, at 8¼c, and a deck of 64 lbs at 9¼c.

Hogs—Receipts to-day 39 cars, or 34,800 thus far this week against 39,000 the previous week. Market rather stronger; dressed hogs selling at 6⅝@7¼c, with a car of 280 lbs State hogs, alive, at $5 40 per cwt.

Cincinnati Market.

Cincinnati, October 4.—Flour firm and in moderate demand at $7 25@7 75. Wheat firm and in fair demand; red $1 50@1 55; white $1 65@1 70. Corn steady and in moderate demand at 44c. Rye firm and in fair demand at 71@72c. Oats steady and in moderate demand; old 35@40c; new 30@35c. Barley quiet and unchanged. Groceries firm and in good demand. Butter dull and unsettled; choice 23@25c. Pork steady and in moderate demand; sales $13 50. Lard steady and in moderate demand; summer 7½c; sales of steam at 7¾c; kettle is wanted at 8c, but held at 8½c. Bulk meats firm and in fair demand; shoulders 6½c; clear rib sides 10½c; sales at 10½c, packed. Bacon firm and in fair demand; jobbing sales of shoulders at 7½c. Hogs quiet at $4 30@4 55. Whisky firm and in fair demand at 89c.

New Orleans Market.

New Orleans, October 4.—Flour firm; treble extra $8 87½; family $9@11; a marked advance for choice. Corn quiet; mixed 63c; white 65c. Oats quiet at 41c. Bran firmer at $1 15. Hay scarce and advanced to $26@28. Pork dull; mess $15 50. Bacon dull at 8¼@11½c. Hams firm at 18@19c. Lard dull; tierce 9¼@9½c; keg 11@11½c. Sugar only a retail trade. Whisky 95@96c. Coffee 14@18¼c. Cotton—demand active and prices firm; sales 2,800 bales; good ordinary 17¾c; low middling 18¼c; middling 18⅝c; receipts 5,019 bales.

Philadelphia Market.

Philadelphia, October 4.—Flour—Best grades scarce and held at full figures; medium and low grades are abundant and dull, but superfine is active; extra $5 75@6 25. Wheat dull; red western $1 70@1 76. Corn quiet; yellow 68½@70c. Oats steady; new western 45c; white 48@50c. Barley in fair demand; No 3 western 95c. Petroleum advancing; crude 13½c; refined 25¾c. Whisky 94c.

Milwaukee Market.

Milwaukee, October 4.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat steady and in moderate demand; No 1 Milwaukee $1 23; No 2 do $1 16. Corn dull and declined; No 2 mixed 34c. Oats steady, and in moderate demand; No. 3, 24c. Barley dull and unsettled; fall No 2, 67c. Rye dull and unsettled; No 1, 54c.

Toledo Market.

Toledo, O., October 4.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat dull and declined 1@2@3c; white Wabash $1 55; No 1 red winter $1 50; No 2 do $1 41¾. Corn unchanged. Oats unchanged; No 1 33c; No 2, 27½@28c. Mess pork $13 50@14. Lard 9c; retail demand only.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT,

193 LIBERTY ST.,

FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF

Marbleized Mantels,

Of Various Designs, Sizes and Colors.

HOT AIR FURNACES, for Burning Anthracite or Bituminous Coal or Coke.

COOKING RANGES, New and Desirable Patterns.

CHEAPEST FIRE GRATE, saving 30 to 40 Per Cent. of Coal.

STOVES—Cooking, Parlor and Office Stoves, good assortment. HOT AIR REGISTERS AND VENTILATORS, FRONTS, GRATES AND FENDERS.

Wholesale and Retail Prices Low. Give us a call.

JAMES OLD.

OCEAN STEAMERS.

Date of Departure from New York.

1872.

Parthia	October 5	Liverpool.
Australia	October 5	Glasgow.
St. Laurent	October 5	France.
City of Brussels	October 5	Liverpool.
Spain	October 5	Liverpool.
China	October 9	Liverpool.
Java	October 9	Glasgow.
Manhattan	October 9	Liverpool.
Harmonia	October 10	Hamburg.
City of Limerick	October 10	Liverpool.
Calabria	October 12	Liverpool.
Columbia	October 12	Glasgow.
Oceanic	October 12	Liverpool.
City of Paris	October 12	Liverpool.
Canada	October 12	Liverpool.
Russia	October 16	Liverpool.
Britannia	October 16	Liverpool.
Nevada	October 16	Liverpool.
Cambria	October 17	Hamburg.
Abyssinia	October 19	Liverpool.
Europa	October 19	Glasgow.
France	October 19	France.
Adriatic	October 19	Liverpool.
Greece	October 19	Liverpool.
Cuba	October 23	Liverpool.
Alexandria	October 23	Glasgow.
Wyoming	October 23	Liverpool.
Silesia	October 24	Hamburg.
Anglice	October 26	Liverpool.
Allemania	October 26	Hamburg.
Batavia	October 26	Liverpool.
Egypt	October 26	Liverpool.
Caledonia	October 30	Glasgow.
Idaho	October 30	Liverpool.
Glamorgan	October 31	Cardiff.
Ville de Paris	Novemb'r 2	France.
Olympia	Novemb'r 6	Liverpool.

RIVER TELEGRAMS.

Greensboro, Pa.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

Greensboro, Pa., October 4, 1872.

River stationary, with ten inches water in the channel. Weather clear; thermometer 71 at 5 P. M. G.

Brownsville, Pa.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

Brownsville, Pa., October 4, 1872.

River stationary, with two feet water in the channel. Weather cloudy; thermometer 71 at 6 P. M. C.

Wheeling, W. Va.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

Wheeling, W. Va., October 4, 1872.

Clear and warm. River thirty inches and falling. Departed—Science, for Parkersburg, at 4 P. M.; Shamrock, with the Cresent City circus, at 4 P. M. M.

For Latest River Dispatches See Outside.

RIVER NEWS.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

Arrived.

E. Bennett	Z. W. Carmack	Geneva.
Elector	R. R. Abrams	Geneva.
Elizabeth	Houghton	Elizabeth.
West Virginia	Donaldson	Geneva.

Departed.

E. Bennett	Z. W. Carmack	Geneva.
Elector	R. R. Abrams	Geneva.
Geneva	Philips	Geneva.
Elizabeth	Houghton	Elizabeth.

Monongahela metal marks show seventeen inches.

Boats to Leave To-Day.

Brownsville and Geneva, U. S. M., 8 A. M. and 5 P. M.		
Elizabeth	Elizabeth	Houghton, 3 P. M.
Geneva	West Virginia	Donaldson, 3 P. M.

The marks last evening indicated only seventeen inches, the lowest point reached for a long time. When navigation is resumed our readers shall be duly advised of the same.

The tug J. T. Ripont, belonging to J. A. McDonald's coal yard, at Helens, reported as sunk, was only filled with water, and has since been pumped out.

The light draught packet West Virginia, Capt. P. Donaldson, takes her departure this day at 3 P. M., for Brownsville and Geneva. For further information, call on Capt. S. R. Patterson, on the wharfboat.

The United States packets on the slackwater leave daily at 8 A. M. and 5 P. M. These boats are sidewheelers and were built expressly for the trade, and are in charge of careful and attentive officers. For further information call on the captain, A. S. Carlile, on the wharfboat.

IMPORTS BY RAIL AND RIVER.

Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne, and Chicago R. R.—McIntosh, H & co, 1 coil pipe, 1 pce casting; A Kirkpatrick & co, 100 bbls flour; T C Jenkins, 100 do do; D Wallace, 100 do do; J A Graff, 5 bbls pears; H Rea, jr, 10 sks oats, 7 pails butter, 37 bbls onions; Loh & Coolley, 6 bbls apples; Logan, Gregg & co, 1 keg a butter; J Herdman & son, 16 axles; Wm Fiaccus & Son, 10 rolls leather; N J Bradin, 28 bxs cheese; Fritzfield Bros, 1 case tobacco; Arbuckles & co, 1 bbl coffee; M M How, lot h h goods; W P Townsend, 5 casks rivets, 19 kgs do; Voigt, Mahood & co, 7 bbls eggs; Courtney, [illegible] & co, 1 case w work; Thomas Dicke, 1 bx sundries; [illegible] nestock & co, lot em vitrol cases; England & B, 3 bxs axes; A Brenton, 1 bx cutlery; Myers & A, 122 bdls shovels; G H Stoner, 1 bx files, C L White, 3 stoves; M McWhinney & co, 5 bxs wood in shape, 6 bdls do; Brockfield & Mc, 10 cases do; Joshua Rhoades, 16 bales hops; F Kiser, 15 barrels spirits; Schomaker & co, 25 cases lard, 50 pails do; W B Hays & Son, 15 do; J H Parker, 53 do, 3 tcs hams; Watt, Lang & co, 100 bbls flour; F W Jenkins & Bro, 200 bbls flour; Reese Owens, 55 tcs s p hams; Loh & Coolley, 170 bbls cranberries, 2 kegs butter; W Moore, 8 bbls apples; E Milliken, 43 bxs cheese; Woodwell & Sons, lot furniture; Graff B & co, 2 cars limestone; H Kleber & Bros, 2 organs; F Tate, 7 bbls apples; Henry Noble, 9 bxs h raddish; C F Muckle & Son, 18 bales rags; Vangorder & S, 56 bxs cheese; J Dunlap, 14 lanterns; Dilworth Bros, lot mdse; I Smith & co, 2 calves; G N Hoffstott & co, 22 g hides; C G McMillen, 1 car pipe; T C Jenkins, 400 sacks flour; J Woods & co, 8 kegs screws; Scobie, Reed & co, 54 step ladders; B H Watson, 1 bbl gin; W Cooper & co, 5 bbls pickles, 10 half bbls do; C G Hussey & co, 2 bxs copper; Lucy Furnace Co, 4 cars limestone; Pitts Locomotive Works, 1 locomotive; Hussey, Wells & co, 3 cars hickory logs.

Allegheny Station—Findley & Thompson, 54 bales hay; Walter & Son, 1 car shingles; Geo Stewart, 1 car lime; Jno Nanz, 1 car lumber; Murdock & H, 1 car lumber; Reed Bros, 1 do; Henry Cordier, 3 cars staves; Geo Schmidt, 1 do; Superior Iron Co, 6 cars limestone; Isabella Furnace Co, 3 cars do; J K Shriver, 1 do lime; Armstrong, Fawcett & co, 10 bbls oil; J C Lappe, 13 rolls leather, 81 bdls hides; Lappe & Hax, 44 bdls hides; J Oesch, 8 casks cheese, 2 buckets butter; S M Cummings, lot s iron, 1 engine pilot; L & H Morrison, 1 car hoops; James Shearer, 1 car stone; J M Maugher, 1 car do; McFarland & Johnson, 1 car hay; Fitts Loco Works, 1 car fire brick; Wm Fiaccus & Son, 12 beef hides, 4 calf skins, 2 bbls tal; Henry Lenz, 2 do eggs, 16 do flour; Mary Leonard, lot hh goods; Young & Booth, 25 emt hf bbls; G Siedle, 16 do do; Mr M C Caswell, 1 car hh goods; Spear & Glenn, 1 do bran; Young & Booth, 200 bags barley; E A Mifflin & co, 10 bxs f jars; L Pappenheimer, 87 bxs axes; Moss & Semple, 20 do do; Kramer, Roseford & co, 20 bxs bla bottles; Green & Herren, 14 do axes; J Ripley, 1 car mill feed; Johnson & co, 1 do lime; D W Huntsman & co, lot furniture; Ortlieb & co, lot furniture; R & W Jenkinson, 20 pails tobacco, 10 hf butts do; Sielty Bros, 1 roll leather; J Bernhard, 45 bdls chairs; Baldinger & Kline, 1 lot chairs; W H Ball, 2 bbls whisky; Wm Semple, 2 bales d goods; Lutz & Waltz, 1 do hops; M Hechlman & co, 1 do do; Jno Kennedy, lot h h goods; R M Jenkenson, 26 cads tobacco; C H Morledge, 20 bbls onions; O M Harper, 21 bales cotton; Kennedy, Childs & co, 24 do do; Gilmore & co, 1 car wheat; M Jenny, 5 bxs cheese; S Donovan, 5 bbls apples; Ortlieb & co, 131 chairs; Bridge & Boroman, 120 pcs pipe; J Herbert, 22 bbls apples; Chas Hutchinson, 30 doz brooms; A P Adams, 2 bxs mdse; Boggs & Buhl, 1 pkg seconds; Chas Russ, 10 kgs p barley, 4 do o meal; Beckfield & N, 48 sks flour, 1 kg wheat, 1 bbl flour.

Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad.—W Dilworth, jr, 1 car lumber; Kelly & co, 1 do do; Sill & H, 1 do do; Asbury, M & B, 2 do do; McIntosh, H & co, 1 do clay; Fitts Paper Mfg co, 15 bdls paper; Voigt, M & co, 4 tubs butter, 2 kegs lard, 8 bbls quinces; Lebier & Bro, 1 bx cigars; J M Sichell & co, 3 cases do; B Pflaum, 90 sks hair, 6 bdls pelts; W Geauf, 1 box cigars; G Reese, 1 do books; W [illegible], 2 cases cigars; Arbuckles & co, 1 do do; J McClurg, 1 do do; Negley & co, 1 bbl oil; H Hackmaster, 50 tiles; J A Graff, 3 cks cheese, 10 bbls apples; M W Sackett & co, 2 crates ware; Jones, Nimick & co, 15 bbls knobs; Atwell & Lee, 1 do d apples; Wm McGlaughlin, 18 pkgs baskets; A Bittenbender & co, 7 bellows; F Sellers & co, 1 bbl oil; Jas Graham, 27 sks oats; M Flecker, lot rags, &c; Fahnestock, F & co, 20 pcs pipe; Woodworth & D, 16 bbls apples; Loh & Cooley, 3 do corn, 1 keg lard; J & W Fairley, 124 sks corn; Schmaker & co, 100 bbls flour; Henry Berger, 72 chairs, 3 do rock, 1 cb chair, 18 stools; W H Lemon, 12 bedsteads, 6 safes; Jno Rose, 52 sks oats; Thos McKeer, 1 bbl apples; Head, O & co, 1 do do, 1 keg butter, 1 sk rags; H Riddle & co, 1 tub cheese; P Duff & Son, 6 bbls eggs, 1 fir butter, 2 bkts do; Lemon & W, 1 bdl s pelts, 4 bales do; T B Geddes, 1 mill; E Slaigh, 1 do do; Geo Dorsey, 1 do do; H Jenkins, 2 pkgs sks; F C Jenkins, 35 bxs starch; P R R co, 6 bx roof; McQuiston & K, 1 bbl mdse; L Nottingham, 2 kegs paint; Scobie, R & S, 1 cast screw, 1 do castings, 1 tub; Wm Frank & Son, 4 bbl glass; Aiken W & P, 12 bbl onions; J Weldin & co, 1 case paper; Wm Crawford, 1 mill; Jno Crawford & co, 15 coil wire; Jno Maple, 1 mill; J L Pelle & Fr, 1 do do; J A Finlay, 1 do do; J M Dawson, 1 do do; A Thompson, 1 do do; N J Hoffman, 1 do do; Wm Welsh & co, 50 bbls flour; Burchfield Bros, 24 bxs; Lewis, Oliver & P, 9 kegs washers; Henry Berger, 12 bdl slats, 12 bdl rails; J Wallace, 1 keg sands; Lewis Jones, 1 bx cigars.

Pittsburgh, Cincinnati and St. Louis Railroad.—Wilson & Bro, 140 bbls onions; W G Meek, 9 cars barley; Robinson & co, 4 car oats; McCann & co, 2 cars oats; S B Flayo, 1 car flour; Riser & Clark, 8 bbls spirits; E M Johnson, 1 locomotive tender; W H Rron & co, 300 bush corn, 190 sks s corn, 1 car bulk rye; Watt, Lang & co, 400 bags flour, 12 do do; H H Myers & co, 5 tcs beef; Holmes, Bell & co, 33 vales cotton; J Hamilton, 1 do do; F W Jenkins & Bro, 1,200 sks flour, 100 bbls do; S Lindsay, Jr, & co, 100 bbls flour; Spencer, McK & co, 1 car bulk barley; M Kelsell & co, 1 car bulk wheat; Marshall & co, 2 cars bulk wheat, Scott & Gamble, 1 car corn.

Allegheny Valley Railroad.—A V R Road, 2 cars stone; Wm Hoffman 6 calves; Chas Ochleins, Arbuthnot & Co, R F Stewart, G Mayer, H Miller, Jno Seibert, Wm Felton, J B Copeland, H F Broggeman, W Lang, J S Patterson & Son, J S Dimit, H Mc Mullin, Mellon & W, each lot of potatoes, apples, &c; W J Barker, 3 sks wool; T P Henderson, 1 car lime; Star Brick Co, 1 car clay; Wm Smith, 1 do do; Shoenberger B & Co, 6 cars limestone; Carnagie K & Co, 1 do do; J Palmer & Co, 2 do do; Mellon & Co, 1 car lime; [illegible]; J S Blanchard, 4 pkgs mdse; Godfrey & Clark, 1 car junk; Pitts Acid Works, 2 bbls castings; Henry & Noble, 1 bx mdse; Erskine & Co, 2 cars clay; H Snell, lot h h goods; Mt V & D R R, 125 iron rails.

Brownsville and Geneva.

Per U. S. Mail Steamer E Bennett—A S Carlile, 6 bbls quinces; John Flack, 240 bxs glass; Reymer & Bro, 1 box; J C Buffum, 3 bxs bottles; E T Cuper, 20 bbls whisky; Riel & Richart, 1 bdl skins; S G Goodard, 1 bbl apples; M F Henny, 5 bdls skins.

Per U. S. Mail Steamer Geneva—A S Carlile, 12 rolls leather, 100 bbls whiskey; J J Pettit, 3 coops chickens; W Welsh, 4 bdls sacks; L Racheal, 4 head cattle, 14 bbls apples; J H Gemmings, 8 kegs butter, 5 pkgs eggs, 4 coop chickens, 26 sks oats; D D West, 20 bbls apples, 10 sks oats, 10 sks wheat; J C Buffum, 8 bxs do; Burchfield Bros, 1 do do; Pier, Dannals & co, 3 sle kegs; Spencer & McKay, 1 do do; P Canger, 2 bxs mdse, 1 bbl egg, 2 coops chickens; R E Seiers, 2 bxs; Quay & Ruth, 12 sle kegs; Big & Hill, 3 bbls butter, 6 do eggs, 4 coops chickens; A Whitton, 1 bbls eggs, 6 do butter, 4 coops chickens; W A Granson, 2 pkgs; Milliken & Bro, 5 bbls whiskey; H J McCracken, 1 bbls quinces; T J Sheridan, 4 bxs grapes; Patterson, 10 sundries; C E Speer, 6 bbls apples; 2 do eggs.

Receipts of Coal per A. V. R. R.

	Cars.		Cars
Reese, G. & Co	5	Carnagie, K. Co	8
S. M. Kier	54	A V Railroad	6
Armstrong, D. & Co	30	Sable Coal Co	8
Total			111

GLASS MANUFACTURERS

Pittsburgh Flint Glass Works
ESTABLISHED 1808.

BAKEWELL, PEARS & CO.,

Factory BINGHAM STREET, Birmingham. Warehouse 31 and 33 WOOD ST., Pittsburgh.

J. P. PEARS, B. BAKEWELL, Jr.
B. B. CAMPBELL, J. W. PAUL.

B. S. Koll & Co.,

147 WOOD STREET, BET. FIFTH AND SIXTH AVES.

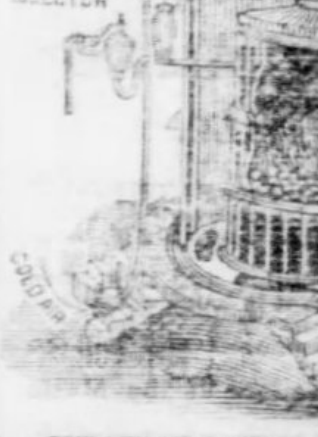
MANUFACTURERS OF

Koll's Patent Improved Wrought and Cast Iron Furnaces,

METROPOLIS.

PATENT STEAM INJECTOR

For HEATING PUBLIC AND PRIVATE BUILDINGS. *Requires attention but once in twenty-four hours,* is economical in fuel, and with WELDON'S PATENT STEAM INJECTOR produces a moist, healthy atmosphere. Also Manufacturers of KOLL'S PATENT ENTERPRISE FAMILY COOKING RANGE, and Wrought and Cast Iron COOKING RANGES, STEAM TABLES, CARVING TABLES, COFFEE URNS, BROILERS, WAFFLE and LAUNDRY STOVES, &c., for Hotels Restaurants, &c.



GET THE BEST.

Howe Standard and Sampson Standard

SCALES

Warehouse and Mill Trucks, Tucker's Patent Alarm Till, Grocers' Fixtures. Scales repaired.

W. A. McCLURG
63 Wood street

$1,000 REWARD.

For any case of Blind, Bleeding, Itching or Ulcerated Piles that DE BING'S PILE REMEDY fails to cure. It is prepared expressly to cure the Piles and nothing else, and has cured cases of over 20 years standing. Sold by all Druggists. Price $1 00. R. E. SELLERS & CO., Agents, 45 Wood street, Pittsburgh. TTh8

FINANCIAL.

A DESIRABLE INVESTMENT

PITTSBURGH AND BIRMINGHAM PASSENGER RAILWAY BONDS.

We offer for sale $25,000 Bonds of the Pittsburgh and Birmingham Passenger Railway Company, secured by Mortgage on the Property, Road, Franchises, &c., of the Company, and bearing 7 3-10 Per Cent. interest, free of taxation.

N. HOLMES & SONS,
57 MARKET STREET.

BANKS AND BANKERS.

CITY BANK,

Cor. Smithfield Street and Sixth Avenue,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

CAPITAL..............$100,000.

Stockholders Individually Liable.

INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE bought and sold, and when desired remitted to Europe. Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canada.

DOMINICK IHMSEN, President.
H. A. FREYVOGLE, Vice President.
J. W. TAYLOR, Cashier.

Directors—Dominick Ihmsen, Thos. Rourke, Patrick Kane, James Callery, Thomas Barnes, Charles Maginn, Theo. F. Tack, Terrence Campbel, James Phelan, H. A. Freyvogle, J. S. Adams, R. J. Grace, P. LeGoullon.

JOSEPH M. GAZZAM, Solicitor.

Masonic Deposit Saving Bank

No. 135 Smithfield St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

CHARTERED BY LEGISLATURE.

Capital, $200,000. Privilege, $500,000.

Interest allowed on Time Deposits. Collections made on all points in the United States and Canada.

Directors:

CHAS. W. BATCHELOR, President Eagle Cotton Mills.
CHAS. F. WELLS, of Beymer, Bauman & Co.
ALFRED SLACK, of Slack & Sholes.
ROBT. PITCAIRN, Superintendent Pennsylvania Railroad.
JNO. CHISLETT, Superintendent Allegheny Cemetery.
ROBT. J. ANDERSON, of Anderson & Woods.
GETER C. SHIDLE, of James Shidle & Son.
WM. SCOTT, Contractor.
WM. F. LANG, of Watt, Lang & Co.
RALPH BAGALEY, Secretary Westinghouse Air Brake Company.
J. J. LAWRENCE, Superintendent Allegheny Valley Railroad Company.
AARON FRENCH, of Pittsburgh Cast Steel Spring Company.
J. L. PIPER, Superintendent Keystone Bridge Company.

CHAS. W. BATCHELOR, President.
GEO. C. McLEAN, Cashier.

PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BANK

OF PITTSBURGH.

CASH CAPITAL.............$300,000.

INCORPORATED 1866.

OFFICE: NO. 83 FOURTH AVENUE,
(In Safe Deposit Company's Building.)

President—HENRY LLOYD.
Vice President—WILLIAM REA.
Trustees—Henry Lloyd, Thomas Wightman, R. H. Hartley, Hon. J. K. Moorhead, William Rea, E. P. Jones, Geo. W. Hailman, Edward Gregg, Hiram Stowe.
Secretary and Treasurer—SIDNEY F. VONBONNHORST.

Six per cent. interest allowed on time deposits.

Investments made in Government and Real Estate Securities.

Bank open daily, except Sundays, from 9 o'clock A. M. to 4 o'clock P. M., and on Saturday evening from 6 to 9 o'clock.

Shoe and Leather Savings Bank,

14 Smithfield St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

CAPITAL...............$200,000.

GEO. H. ANDERSON, D. R. DAVIDSON,
WM. H. BROWN, M. W. RANKIN,
G. FOLLANSBEE, JOHN F. SCOTT,
J. H. BORLAND, JOHN S. REYMER,
R. H. PALMER, Jr.

GEO. H. ANDERSON..............President.
JOHN D. FRASER..............Cashier.

BANK OF DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT

SIX (6) PER CENT. INTEREST allowed on Time Deposits.

Money Loaned on Mortgages, Bills of Exchange, Notes and all good Securities.

Accounts of Banks and individuals solicited.

Board meets for Discount daily, at 11½ o'clock.

Odd Fellows' Savings Bank,

No. 63 FOURTH AVENUE,

PITTSBURGH.

Chartered by Legislature of Pennsylvania, March, 1872.

CAPITAL..............$100,000

PRIVILEGE..............$500,000.

BANK OF DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT.

Money Loaned on Mortgages, Bonds and other good Securites.

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS.

Books of By-Laws furnished at the Bank. Collections and Returns promptly made.

DIRECTORS:

HENRY LAMBERT, A. M. BROWN,
ANDREW MILLER, S. J. WAINWRIGHT,
EDWARD DUFF, G. W. SCHMIDT,
WILLIAM NELSON, D. P. ESTEP,
JOHN SEIFERTH, G. W. RANKIN,
H. A. WEAVER.

President—HENRY LAMBERT.
Vice President—ANDREW MILLER.
Cashier—W. J. SCULLY.

Open for business from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on Saturday Evenings from 6 to 8.

Board of Directors meets daily at 11 o'clock.

Tradesmen's National Bank,

WOOD STREET, CORNER SECOND

INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.

MONEY LOANED ON UNITED STATES BONDS COLLATERAL.

ACCOUNTS SOLICITED.

A. BRADLEY..............President.
W. VANKIRK..............Vice President.
CYRUS CLARKE, Jr..............Cashier.

HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,

Bankers and Brokers,

COR. FOURTH AVE. AND WOOD STREET PITTSBURGH, PA.,

(Successors to HANNA, HART & CO.)

Dealers in Exchange, Coin, Coupons, &c.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of Government Bonds.

☞ Sight Drafts on London.

SHERWOOD'S

PATENT

Bottle Filling Apparatus,

Fills 100 Gross Per Day, of any size Bottle and no Waste.

Saves Time, Labor, Money.

The principle upon which this "AUTOMATIC BOTTLE FILLER" is constructed is both simple and effectual. The Reservoir of the large size is two feet long, eight inches wide and eight inches deep, of iron, lined with Porcelain, tightly covered against dust and evaporation. A valve set in the bottom of the Reservoir is operated by a float, which by a thumb screw attached, may be set at any height desired, so as to admit into the reservoir any exact and *permanent* level of liquid to correspond with the height to which it is desired to fill the bottle. The syphons have an outlet at the discharge end which is opened and shut by a sheath, packing and spiral spring, by the act of putting on and taking off the bottles; by this means the streams in the syphons are held perfectly. This machine regulates everything, and only requires that the bottles shall be put on and taken off as *rapidly* as they can be handled by the operator, to insure the most *wonderful* amount of work. A few hours practice will give great dexterity, and renders the operation more of an amusement than labor. This truly wonderful machine can be seen by calling upon the Agents,

McClarran & McKennan,

DRUGGISTS,

85 Market Street,

Who have been appointed Special Agents for the sale of the Machine.

Lace Curtains,

DRAPERIES,

CORNICES,

Turkish Folding Spring Beds

AND MATTRESSES OF ALL KINDS,

AT

E. EDMUNDSON & SON'S,

55 MARKET STREET.

Concrete Walks

This Concrete is a Success, Does not Disintegrate, is not Injured by Frost or Heat.

FOR STREET CROSSINGS, CARRIAGE WAYS, SIDEWALKS, &c.

IT IS UNEQUALLED BY ANY WALK LAID.

Work done by us can be seen at 354 Penn street, Allegheny Cemetery, Dr. Reiter's, 315 Penn street, and other places.

W. B. LUPTON & CO.,
354 PENN STREET.

NEW CROP JAPAN TEA—JUST RECEIVED by overland route, the first of the new season's uncolored Japan Tea, very choice and fragrant, for sale by the Half Chest or Pound, at the Family Grocery Store of
JOHN A. RENSHAW & CO.,
Corner Liberty and Ninth Str

D. W. EVANS'S VARIETY STORE.

GET THE BEST!

BARGAINS AT

D. W. EVANS'S

POPULAR ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT

VARIETY STORE,

Constantly in Receipt of New Goods,

NO. 59 FIFTH AVENUE,

MASONIC HALL BUILDING, DEALER IN

SOLID GOLD AND GOLD PLATED JEWELRY.

Silver Plated Ware, Fancy Goods in great variety, Albums, Work Boxes, Writing Desks, Music and Portfolies, Wax and China Dolls with moveable eyes, Jewel Cases, Ladies' Companions, Satchels, Traveling Bags, Pocket and Table Cutlery, Razors, Scissors and Shears, Pistols and Revolvers, Field and Opera Glasses, Toilet Sets, Vases, Parian Marble Busts and Figures, and hundreds of other useful and ornamental articles, including all the latest novelties of the day, together with a full line of staple goods, all arranged in separate departments, Stereoscopes and Stereoscopic Views.

10c, 25c, 50c, $1 00, $1 50, and $2 00 Are the Leading Prices!

THE MISCELLANEOUS AND CUTLERY DEPARTMENT

Contains a full assortment of the best grade of Cutlery, Staple and Fancy Goods and solid gold Jewelry. Prices all marked in plain figures, ranging from $2 50 to $150 00. One call will convince you that the DEPARTMENT STORE is the place to buy Goods cheap.

INSURANCE.

"ARMENIA" Fire Insurance Company

OF PITTSBUGH.

Office in First National Bank Building, corner of Fifth and Wood street.

CASH CAPITAL, - - $250,000.

DIRECTORS.

JOHN D. SCULLY, Cashier First National Bank.
JAMES LAUGHLIN, JR., of Jones & Laughlin, American Iron Works.
WM. F. LOGAN, of Fawcett, Logan and Stockdale, Oil Commission Merchants.
CHAS. H. ZUG, of Zug & Co., Sable Iron and Nail Works.
JOHN HEATH, of Heath & Speer, Lumber Merchants.
JACOB KOPP, of Kopp & Voegtly, Lumber Merchants.
C. L. STRAUB, of Siebert & Straub, Insurance Agents.
HENRY WARNER, City Comptroller.
JACOB H. WALTER, of Fulton, Marvin & Co., Oil Refiners.
ALEXANDER PATTERSON, Lumber Merchant.
A. WEISE, President German Savings Bank, Allegheny City, Pa.
R. S. WARING, of Waring & King, Oil Commission Merchants.
JOHN A. MYLER, Postmaster, Allegheny City, Pa.
ROBT. H. DALZELL, of Evans, Dalzell & Co, Crescent Tube Works.
S. S. D. THOMPSON, President.
JOHN B. McCREERY, of Hitchcock, McCreery & Co., Commission Merchants.
HUGH McNEILL, of McNeill, Dean & Co., Lumber Merchants.
JOSEPH PHILLIPS, of Croft & Phillips, Publishers "American Land and Law Adviser."
T. BRENT SWEARINGEN, Secretary.
JOSEPH M. GAZZAM, of Gazzam & Cochran, Attorneys at Law.
ISAAC STEWART, Justice of the Peace.

S. S. D. THOMPSON, President.
T. BRENT SWEARINGEN, Secretary. J. R. BRYANT, Sup't of Agencies.
WM. G. McCANDLESS, Agent,
94 Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh.

Western Insurance Company,

OF PITTSBURGH.

INCORPORATED APRIL, 1849.

CAPITAL..............$225,000.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE

LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED AND PAID.

Office—First National Bank Building, corner of Fifth avenue and Wood street.

DIRECTORS:

Alex. Nimick, Reuben Miller, Jr.,
Alex. Speer, Andrew Ackley,
Wm. Morrison, David M. Long,
Charles J. Clarke, John R. McCune,
Wm. S. Evans, D. Ihmsen,
Philip Reymer, Joseph Kirkpatrick,
H. Sellers McKee.

ALEXANDER NIMICK, President.
WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.
GEO. NEELD, Agent and Surveyor.

People's Insurance Company

OF PITTSBURGH,

Office, N. E. Corner Wood street and Fifth avenue.

Insures against Loss or Damage by Fire on Dwellings Stores and other Buildings; Furniture, Household Goods and Stocks of Merchandise.

Insures Marine and Inland Risks on Steamboats and Freight at as liberal rates as are consistent with security. Losses promptly adjusted and paid.

DIRECTORS.

John Watt, William Phillips,
John E. Parke, Samuel P. Shriver,
Jared M. Brush, Capt. J. L. Rhodes,
Wm. F. Lang, Wm. Vankirk,
C. H. Love, James D. Verner,
Samuel McCrickart, Charles Arbuckle,
James Herdman.

JOHN WATT..............President.
JOHN E. PARKE..............Vice President.
WM. F. GARDNER..............Secretary.

Monongahela Insurance Co.

OF PITTSBURGH,

INCORPORATED 1854.

CASH CAPITAL..............$175,000

Insures against Fire and Marine Losses.

Office—NORTHEAST CORNER WOOD STREET AND FOURTH AVENUE, Second Floor, entrance on Fourth avenue.

WM. A. CALDWELL..............President.
JNO. McDEVITT..............Vice President.
JNO. H. CLANEY..............Secretary.
Captain F. A. DOHRMAN, General Agent and Surveyor.

DIRECTORS:

W. A. Caldwell, David M. Smith,
John McDevitt, William Rea,
George A. Berry, Robert Dalzell,
Wm. H. Forsyth, William Means,
James Woodburn, Geo. W. Dilworth,
Charles Atwell, David McCandless,
R. H. Palmer, D. S. H. Gilmore,
James McCandless.

Citizen's Insurance Company

OF PITTSBURGH.

Office—No. 131 Smithfield street, second door from City Hall.

WM. BAGALEY..............President.
JOHN REA..............Secretary.

Insures Steamboats and Cargoes. Insures against loss and damage in the navigation of the Southern and Western Rivers, Lakes and Bayous, and the navigation of the Sea.

Insures against loss or damage by fire.

DIRECTORS:

Wm. Bagley, John Shipton,
James Park, Jr., James M. Cooper,
W. G. Johnston, S. Harbaugh,
B. F. Jones, J. Caldwell, Jr.,
Samuel Rea, John S. Dilworth,
Capt. Thos. Snowden, George Bingham,
Barclay Preston, Alexander Moore,
S. M. Kier,

Capt. J. ATKINSON, General Agent.

STEEL MANUFACTURERS

STEEL CASTINGS

UNDER HAINSWORTH'S PATENT.

We are making Steel Castings, Smooth, True, Free from Porosity, capable of receiving Very High Polish. Can be Forged or Welded easily as Bar Steel, and Stronger as Forged Steel. Send for Circular.

PITTSBURGH STEEL CASTING CO.,
Twenty-sixth and Railroad streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.

BLACK DIAMOND STEEL WORKS

PARK, BROTHER & CO.

Manufacturers of all descriptions of

STEEL,

Office and Warehouse, Cor. Thirtieth, Thirty first and Railroad Streets, Pittsburgh.

Pittsburgh Steel Works

ANDERSON & WOODS

Successors to Anderson, Cook & Co.

MANUFACTURERS OF

BEST REFINED CAST STEEL

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION; ALSO, BEST

Refined German Plow and Spring Steel

CORNER ROSS AND FIRST AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Sheffield Steel Works.

SINGER, NIMICK & CO.

Manufactures of All Descriptions of

STEEL.

BEST REFINED TOOL CAST STEEL CAST AND GERMAN PLOW AND SPRING STEEL CIRCULAR AND LONG SAW PLATES, ELLIPTIC, PLATFORM AND SEAT SPRINGS. AXLES AND STEEL TIRE, Steel Fire Box and Boiler Plates. STEEL FORGINGS MADE TO ORDER.

83 Water and 100 First ave., Pittsburgh, Pa

HUSSEY, WELLS & CO.

Manufacturers of all descriptions of

CAST STEEL

OFFICE AND WORKS:

Corner Penn and 17th Streets, Ninth Ward,
PITTSBURGH.

PROPOSALS.

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

Send for Price List of Building Material. The Lowest Prices in the Market for good material.

20,000 Sash in store, all sizes. 35 cents per window and upwards, as to size.

3,000 pairs Shutters and Blinds, $2 00 per pair and upwards, as to size.

10,000 Doors of every thickness and style, moulded and panneled clear at $2 20 and upwards, as to work and finish.

Best A 1 18 inches Saginaw Shingles..............$6 25
Best A 1 16 inches Saginaw Shingles..............5 75

by car load delivered in Pittsburgh, 75 cents per 1,000 less.

We keep the largest stock of Building Material of any house in the State, and sell at the lowest market rates.

All sizes of Joist Scantling, Flooring, Siding Boards, Pickets, &c., kept on hand. Entire material furnished to buildings. Send for Price List.

MELLON BROTHERS,
Lumber Yards, East Liberty.
Address, Wilkins P. O., Allegheny county, Pa. STTH

"OLD RELIABLE"

Franklin Fire Ins. Co., of Philadelphia,

ORGANIZED 1829.

CASH ASSETS—$3,500,000.

COFFIN, KELLOG & CO., Agents,

Corner Third avenue and Wood streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.
TTh8

RASPBERRY JAM—VERY CHOICE Red Raspberry Jam, put up in 25 pound Buckets for family use, just received and for sale at the Family Grocery Store of
JOHN A. RENSHAW & CO.,
Corner Liberty and Ninth Streets.

CARPETS.

CARPETS.

BARGAINS

For a Short Time.

We are Remodeling our Rooms and adding to them the First Floor. While we are making this change we will

Offer our Goods Very Low.

Those preferring substantial bargains to modern styles will save money by examining our stock.

Bovard, Rose & Co.

21 FIFTH AVENUE.

CARPETS.

I HAVE NOW IN STORE

ALL NEW STYLES OF

WILTONS, AXMINSTERS, VELVETS, BRUSSELS, TAPESTRIES.

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN

OIL CLOTHS,

LINOLEUM,

MATTINGS AND MATS.

Henry McCallum,

51 FIFTH AVENUE,
ABOVE WOOD STREET.

New Importations.

We are Daily Opening New Additions to our Spring Stock of

AXMINSTER, MOQUETTE, WILTON, VELVET, SOLID BRUSSELS, TAPESTRY BRUSSELS, INGRAIN, And COMMON

CARPETS.

We import directly from the leading Factories of Europe, and have secured many New Styles and Patterns that are strictly private to our house.

OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO.

23 Fifth Avenue.

RIVER PACKETS.

BROWNSVILLE AND GENEVA.

U. S. MAIL LINE.

PITTSBURGH, BROWNSVILLE AND GENEVA PACKET CO.

LEAVES DAILY AT 8 A. M. and 5 P. M.
LEAVES BROWNSVILLE AT 5 A. M., 4 P. M.

For All Points on the Monongahela River.

STEAMER GENEVA..............CAPT. PHILLIPS.
STEAMER ELECTOR..............CAPT. R. R. ABRAMS.
STEAMER CHIEFTAIN..............CAPT. J. L. HENDRICKSON.
STEAMER E. BENNETT..............CAPT. Z. W. CARMACK.

For further particulars, inquire on Wharfboat, foot of Grant street, Pittsburgh.

No Freights will be received after 5½ o'clock.

A. S. CARLILE, Agent.

MORGANTOWN AND PITTSBURGH.

For all Points on the Monongahela River.

THE NEW AND LIGHT Draught Passenger Steamer

WEST VIRGINIA,

PETER DONALDSON..............Commander.

Leaves Pittsburgh EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 3 P. M., for Morgantown and intermediate ports. Returning, leaves Morgantown for Pittsburgh EVERY MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY.

For further particulars inquire of
S. R. PATTERSON, Agent.

STEAMSHIPS.

STEAM TWICE A WEEK TO AND FROM EUROPE,

INMAN LINE.

Full Powered Clyde Built Iron Steamships:

CITY OF ANTWERP, CITY OF LONDON,
CITY OF BALTIMORE, CITY OF MONTREAL,
CITY OF BRISTOL, CITY OF NEW YORK,
CITY OF BROOKLYN, CITY OF PARIS,
CITY OF BRUSSELS, CITY OF RICHMOND,
CITY OF CHESTER, CITY OF WASHINGTON

From Pier 45, North River, New York, EVERY THURSDAY AND SATURDAY.

RATES OF PASSAGE:

First Cabin..............$75 00 gold.
Steerage to Liverpool, Queenstown, Glasgow or Derry..............30 00
Prepaid Tickets from Liverpool, Queenstown, Glasgow or Derry, through to Pittsburgh..............$41 00 U. S. currency

Apply to
JOHN G. DALE, New York;
WM. BINGHAM, 143 Smithfield street; or
THOMAS H. RATTIGAN, 47 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa.,
T. H. MURRAY, 7 Ninth street.

Where plans of Cabin can be seen and every information given.

ROOFING.

Woodside & Griffith,

ROOFERS AND DEALERS IN

SLATE.

Office, 370 Penn Street, opposite Ft. Wayne Freight Depot, PITTSBURGH, PA.

All Orders promptly attended to. Work done by Experienced Workmen.

AIKEN & CO.,

Dealers in Peach Hill, Vermont and Peach Bottom Roofing

SLATE

Also, SLATING NAILS AND FELT.

CORNER ELEVENTH AND LIBERTY STREETS Opposite the Grain Elevator, Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞ SLATE ROOFS [illegible]n by experienced workmen

WHEAT—CHOICE

Amber and Red Winter Wheat,

In store and to arrive. For sale by
DANIEL WALLACE,
353 LIBERTY STREET

Fairbank's Standard

SCALES,

Of all kinds. Be careful to buy only the genuine.

Scales Repaired promptly.

Also, Baggage Barrows, Warehouse Trucks, Improved Money Drawer, &c.

FAIRBANKS, MORSE & CO.,
TTh8 102 Second avenue, Pittsburgh.

MANUFACTURERS.

FORT PITT

Boiler, Still and Tank Works.

D. W. C. Carroll & Co

MANUFACTURERS OF

TUBULAR DOUBLE-FLUED FIRE-BOX AND CYLINDER

Steam Boilers,

Chimneys, Britches, Fire Beds, Ash Pans, Steam Pipe, Salt Pans, Iron Bridges, Steam Boilers, Oil Stills, Oil Tanks, Settling Pans, Coal Shutes, Condensers, Prison Doors, Gasometers, Blast Furnace Stacks and Pipes.

Office and Works: Corner Second, Third, Short and Liberty streets, Pittsburgh, Penna.

☞ Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to.

Kensington Iron Works.

LLOYD & BLACK,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Merchant Bar,

SHEET AND BOILER IRON

Common, Refined Charcoal, Charcoal Bloom.

ANGLE AND T IRON.

T RAILS, 30, 20, 16, 15, 14, 12 lbs to the yard.

FLAT RAIL, Punched and Countersunk.

OFFICE AND WORKS:

Greenough Street and Second Avenue.

Wm. Smith & Sons'

NATIONAL

Pipe Foundry,

Twenty-third St., near Penn Ave.

ORDERS SOLICITED FOR ALL KINDS

FLANGE AND BOWL PIPE,

AND ALSO

RETORTS.

We earnestly request all Gas and Water Works Superintendents to call on us.

ATLAS WORKS,

Twenty-Eighth Street,

Founders and Machinists,

IN

Heavy Work, Steam Engines.

THOS. N. MILLER, President.

O'HARA BOILER WORKS.

N. SNYDER & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

STEAM BOILERS, OIL TANKS, STILLS, AGITATORS, SALT PANS, GASOMETERS, SETTLING PANS, PRISON DOORS, CHIMNEYS, BRICHEN FIRE BEDS, &c.

Corner Second Avenue and Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Repairing done promptly. Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to.

NATIONAL

Locomotive and Machine Works.

DAWSON & BAILY,

MANUFACTURERS OF

LOCOMOTIVES,

Machinists, Boiler Makers and Founders

OFFICE AND WORKS

AT CONNELLSVILLE, PENN'A.

Pittsburgh Bolt Company

MANUFACTURERS OF

MERCHANT BAR IRON,

FISH BARS AND BOLTS

Patent Hot Hammered Bolts and Nuts,

WASHERS, WOOD SCREWS, CARRIAGE, PLOW CAR AND BRIDGE BOLTS, RIVETS AND PATCH BOLTS.

Office, 369 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

POSTOFFICE LOCK BOX 446.

E. KAYLOR, President.
R. H. LEWIS, Treasurer.
H. F. LYNCH, Secretary.

LYON, SHORB & CO.,

SLIGO

IRON WORKS.

Warehouse, 121 Water Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

M. B. COCHRAN,

143 LIBERTY STREET,

FOUR DOORS ABOVE HARE'S HOTEL,

DEALER IN

IRON AND WOOD WORKING

MACHINERY,

AND

Manufacturers' Supplies

Has constantly on hand a Complete Stock of TAPS and DIES, EMERY WHEELS, ENGINE GOVERNORS, PACKING, BELTING, &c.

WOODWORTH PLANERS A SPECIALTY
MWS

NOVELTY WORKS.

Pittsburgh Novelty Works

FOUNDED A. D., 1833.

MOORHEAD, ADAMS & CO.,

Manufacturers of FAIRBANKS' PATENT PLATFORM AND COUNTER

SCALES,

Janus-Faced Patent Door Locks and Latches, Paint and Coffee Mills, Malleable Iron Castings, &c.,

Corner of First Avenue and Grant Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Star Fire Brick Co

Corner Twenty-second and Railroad Sts.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,

MANUFACTURE THE CELEBRATED

Clarion Star Brick

FOR ROLLING MILLS, FOUNDRIES, STEEL WORKS, BLAST FURNACES, GLASS WORKS, COKE OVENS, &c.

TILES, STOVE LINING AND FIRE ARCHES, A SPECIALTY. 803

GRAFF TUBE WORKS.

William Graff & Co.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Plain and Galvanized Wrought

Iron Pipe,

FOR GAS, STEAM AND WATER,

No. 140 FIRST AVENUE, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Pipe of any Size, Length or Thickness furnished to order.

SPEER, CLARKE & CO.,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

Pure White Rock Glass Sand,

SUITABLE FOR

GLASS HOUSES, IRON MILLS, PLASTERERS BRICKLAYERS, PAINTERS, DRUGGISTS, POTTERIES, BAR ROOM PURPOSES, &c.

Depot and Office at PITTSBURGH, WASHINGTON AND BALTIMORE RAILWAY, foot of Grant street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

We are prepared to deliver our Sand to any part of Pittsburgh, Allegheny or Birmingham. Orders left at our Office, or by mail will receive prompt attention.

VENTURE PATTERN WORKS,

S. L. VERA, Proprietor,

TWENTIETH STREET, NEAR PENN STREET

PATTERNS and MODELS of all descriptions, made promptly, at reasonable rates.

PETROLEUM.

R. S. WARING, Pittsburgh. HENRY M. KING, Philadelphia.

WARING & KING,

Commission Merchants and Brokers in Petroleum and its Products.

Office No. 4 DUQUESNE WAY, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WM. HOLMES..............JAMES IRWIN.

JAMES IRWIN & CO.

OIL OF VITRIOL, MURIATIC ACID, ENGLISH CAUSTIC SODA, And AQA AMMONIA.

Office No. 15 Market street, Pittsburgh

MANUFACTURERS.

Contractors and Builders

WILL SAVE MONEY BY ORDERING THEIR

ROOF BOLTS, TRUSS RODS,

Wrought Iron Plates and Stirrups,

CAST IRON WASHERS,

BARN DOOR,

Gate and Cellar Door Hinges

FROM

Lewis, Oliver & Phillips,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Merchant Bar Iron

Bolts, Nuts and Washers

FOR

Wagons, Agricultural Implements, Railway [Cars and Splice Bar Bolts.]

91 and 92 Water Street and 114 and 116 First Avenue.

SEMI-STEEL

ECLIPSE

SAFETY

STEAM

GENERATORS,

2 to 1,000 Horse Power

Stationary, Portable and Marine, Sectional and Self-Cleaning

STEAM BOILERS

AND FITTING OF ALL KINDS.

BOLLMAN, KILGORE & CO.,

GENERAL OFFICE:

87 Wood Street,

PITTSBURGH PA.

☞ Illustrated Circular and References furnished on application.

ROOFS

WM. B. SCAIFE & SONS,

Nos. 119 and 121 First Avenue,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

ERECTS IN ANY PART OF THE UNITED STATES

Iron Roof Frames,

COVERED WITH

CORRUGATED IRON

Or for Slate or other Covering, for Depots, Round-houses, Blast Furnaces, Banks, &c.

MANUFACTURES

Corrugated Iron

FOR ROOFING OR SIDING WOODEN FRAME BUILDINGS.

The demand for CORRUGATED IRON increases yearly as its merits become known, for Siding, as well as Covering all classes of Manufacturing Establishments where it is desirable to decrease the amount of wood used as a safety from fire.

Carnegie, Kloman & Co.

THE UNION IRON MILLS,

PITTSBURGH,

MANUFACTURERS OF

BRIDGE IRON, PATENT SOLID ROLLED WROUGHT IRON BEAMS,

Girders, Channel Iron, Angles, Plates, Axles, Pest Iron, Splice Bars, Merchant Bar, Forgings, &c.

GENERAL OFFICE AND WORKS, PITTSBURGH

Eastern Office—57 Broadway, New York.
Western Office, No. 211 Washington ave., St. Louis, Mo.
Western Office, 94 Dearborn street, Chicago.

☞ Lithograph of Sections furnished on application.

PITTSBURGH FOUNDRY.

A. GARRISON & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF

CHILLED AND SAND

ROLLS,

Of acknowledged Superior Quality, at the Lowest Current Prices.

ORE AND CLAY PULVERIZERS,

ROTARY SQUEEZERS,

HASKINS' PATENT DOUBLE SPIRAL PINIONS,

AND

ROLLING MILL CASTINGS,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Office and Warehouse, 209 Liberty Street.

TOTTEN & CO.

Fulton Foundry,

Cor. Twenty-fourth and Railroad Sts.,
Twelfth Ward, Pittsburgh.

ROLLING MILL CASTINGS,

Blast Furnace Engines,

PLAIN AND GROOVED

CHILLED ROLLS,

SHEARS AND PUNCHES,

NAIL MACHINES, Ernest's Patterns.

IRON HOUSE FRONTS.

ORE PULVERIZERS

OF IMPROVED CONSTRUCTION.

MILLS FOR GRINDING BRICK CLAY.

CASTINGS MADE OUT OF GUN IRON, WHEN ORDERED. ROLLS TURNED.

KEYSTONE BRIDGE CO.

BUILDERS OF

Iron and Wooden Bridges,

Wrought Iron Turn-Tables, Roofs, &c.

OFFICES:

Cor. Fifty-first and Harrison Sts., Pittsburgh
No. 426 Walnut Street, Philadelphia;
No. 211 Washington avenue, St. Louis, Mo.

HUGH M. BOLE,

FOUNDER,

Engine Builder and Machinist,

MANUFACTURER OF ALL KINDS OF

STEAM ENGINES AND GENERAL MACHINE WORK.

Machine Shop—Corner Point alley and Duquesne Way.
Foundry—On Third avenue, near Market street.
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Hubbard, Lippincott, Bakewell & Co.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

AXES, SAWS and SHOVELS

Emerson's Inserted Toothed Saw.

Particular attention paid to the Manufacture of SHOVELS for FURNACES, MILLS and COAL WORKS.

Offices—Lippincott Axe Factory and Pittsburgh Saw Works, Dinwiddie street, near Fifth avenue.

Pennsylvania Iron Works.

EVERSON, GRAFF & MACRUM,

Manufacturers of all Descriptions of

Sheet, Bar, Band and Small Iron.

Office and Works, Second Avenue,

Immediately above Upper Monongahela Bridge,
PITTSBURGH.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO FINE SHEET

THE SOLID MEN IN COUNCIL!

Meeting of Manufacturers, Merchants, Bankers, and Business Men Generally.

Grant, Wilson and Hartranft!

Heart Beat of Old Allegheny!

IMMENSE CROWD.

Speeches of Hon. Thomas M. Howe, Messrs. J. B. Semple, C. Yeager, Alfred Patterson, John H. Shoenberger, James I. Bennett, George R. White, Major Wm. Frew and Hon. H. Bucher Swoope.

Resolutions Strongly Indorsing Grant and Hartranft.

Letters from Messrs. George H. Stuart and B. F. Jones.

The Academy of Music was filled to its utmost capacity, last night, on the occasion of the meeting of business men, merchants, bankers, manufacturers and others favorable to the election of Grant, Wilson and Hartranft. Every available place was occupied, and the aisles were jammed with those unable to obtain seats. In some respects the meeting was one of the most remarkable ever held in the city. Its enthusiasm was unbounded—only being equaled in this respect by the deep feeling exhibited during the Soldiers' and Sailors' Convention. It was by no means anticipated that the demonstration would be a tame one; but that a meeting composed so largely of the quiet and steady-going—the staid men of the two cities—should have been so thoroughly aroused, and so completely demonstrative, was a matter of surprise, as well as gratification. Nothing but a deep and earnest conviction could have so moved and stirred them. The speeches were all short, but exceedingly pointed and spirited, and met with the most hearty responses.

MUSIC.

While the audience was assembling, the Great Western Band discoursed some excellent music, which elicited marked applause.

THE ORGANIZATION.

At eight o'clock, Mr. R. S. Waring, of Waring & King, oil dealers, called the meeting to order. He said:

Those who were active in the campaign of 1840, remember well the "Old Log Cabins." It may be of interest to know that the first campaign "Log Cabin" was built in Allegheny county. The originator of this idea, I now nominate for President of this meeting. I refer to the Hon. Thos. M. Howe. [Loud applause.] Mr. Waring then read the list of officers, as follows:

PRESIDENT,
HON. THOMAS M. HOWE.

VICE PRESIDENTS.

James I. Bennett, of Graff, Bennett & Co.
Wm. M. Lyon, of Lyon, Shorb & Co.
James Park, Jr., of Park, Bro. & Co.
Alfred Patterson, President of Bank of Commerce.
C. Yeager, of C. Yeager & Co
William Means, wholesale grocer.
Theo. Wood, of Jas Wood, Sons & Co.
Mark Watson, of Wm. McCully & Co.
William Smith, pipe manufacturer.
Wm. Thaw, Vice President Pennsylvania Railroad Company.
Jacob Painter, of Jacob Painter & Sons.
Major Wm. Frew, of Lockhart & Frew.
John B. Semple, of Semple & Jones.
George A. Berry, President Citizens' Bank.
Henry Lloyd, of Lloyd & Black.
B. F. Jones, of Jones & Laughlins.
W. H. Everson, President Commercial Banking Company.
C. G. Hussey, of C. G. Hussey & Co.
James Laughlin, President First National Bank.
Alexander Speer, of Hall & Speer.
John H. Ralston, of Ralston & Waring.
Samuel Rea, President of Peoples' Bank.
John Orr, merchant.
Wm. Phillips, President A. V. R. R. Co.
Charles Arbuthnot, of Arbuthnot, Shannon & Co.
Alex. Bradley, President Tradesmen's Bank.
D. Hostetter, of Hostetter & Smith.
Robt. H. Hartley, of R. H. Hartley & Co.
David Ritchie, President Union Mills.
Joseph Walton, coal merchant.
John Floyd, President American Bank.
Springer Harbaugh, of Harbaugh, Matthias & Owens.
Joseph Dilworth, of Dilworth, Porter & Co.
David McCandless.
Thomas Fawcett, President Central Bank.
H. Koehler, oil manufacturer.
Chas. W. Batchelor, President Eagle Cotton Mills.
John Peck.
James L. Graham, President Allegheny Savings Bank.
S. A. Neal, teacher.
Jos. Kirkpatrick, of Kirkpatrick & Lyons.
Harvey Childs, of H. Childs & Co.
B. F. Pulpress.
Richard Hays, President Iron City Bank.
J. B. Hannah, of J. B. Hannah & Co.
John W. Chalfant, of Spang, Chalfant & Co.
James D. McCord, of McCord & Co.
Joseph Horne, of J. Horne & Co.
R. E. Sellers, of R. E. Sellers & Co.
B. L. Fahnestock, of B. L. Fahnestock & Co.
George R. White, of White, Orr & Co.
George McD. Crossan, proprietor of Monongahela House.
John Gray, copper works.
John H. Shoenberger, President Exchange National Bank.
A. Weise, President German Savings Bank Allegheny.
John P. Pears, of Bakewell, Pears & Co.
Louis Morganstern, Vice President Third National Bank.
Rev. Naumburg,
John Dean,
Arthur Hobson,
Robert Dalzell,
Robert Henderson,
Fred. Beilstein,
John Wunderlich,
A. C. McCallum, Jr.,
Wm. Neeb,
S. Hartman,
H. Sutmeyer,
Gotleib Wettach,
Christ. Froelich,
Andrew Ackley,
R. C. Loomis,
Wm. Ewing.

SECRETARIES.

Henry Holdship,
John H. Page,
Frank Weyman,
F. Stodtzing,
W. S. Purviance,
James Marshall, Jr.,
Frank P. Case,
Thomas Rabe,
Col. James Collard,
Cass Carpenter,
Wm. Forsyth,
John Davitt,
H. K. Porter,
George W. Backofen,
B. J. Braun,
Wm. Steinmeyer,
Peter Keil,
B. C. Bughman,
R. S. Smith,
W. P. Richardson,
G. C. Phillips,
Dr. Meinertzagen,
Thos. Cain,
Willis Dalzell,
Thos. Spangler,
Roland D. Jones,
Cyrus Hutchison,
C. H. Hartman,
A. M. Cammeron,
Matthew Jones,
Barclay Everson,
Charles H. Keyser,
J. C. Patterson,
George Moul,
J. E. B. Dalzell,
John Alrich,
Geo. T. Vandoren,
Ben. Bakewell, Jr.,
Samuel D. Herron,
Samuel Ewart,
Joseph Shallenberger,
Wm. R. Morgan,
David Griffith,
Wm. Davis,
Henry Johns, Jr.,
Jacob Walter,
Wm. Holmes,
Allen Kramer,
Mark Donelly,
Robert Pitcairn,
C. Silverman,
E. P. Kramer,
Gottlieb Sudel,
W. Gibson Miller,
E. P. Young,
G. Follansbee,
Lewis Woodson, Jr.,
R. J. Davis,
Harry W. Oliver,
Louis Irwin,
R. S. Waring.

General Howe, on making his appearance on the platform, was greeted with prolonged applause. When quiet had been restored, he said:

Address of Hon. Thomas M. Howe.

Gentlemen—I appreciate the honor of being called to preside over the deliberations of this large and respectable representation of the business interests of this community, and I should be false to myself, as well as ungenerous to you, if I failed to acknowledge the distinguished compliment.

I thank you most heartily; at the same time regretting that you had not selected some one who could have presented in more fitting phrase the object for which we come together.

Representing, as you do, so largely all the varied departments of our business and industrial pursuits, I take it for granted that the object of your meeting is one of more than ordinary importance, and I am sure I do not misrepresent you when I say that you come here because you feel, and feel most deeply, that your interests are menaced in the effort which is being made to wrest the government from the hands of the Republicans, and place its administration in the hands of a party so recently organized as scarcely to have a name, but composed mainly of the very men who but a few years ago were seeking the overthrow of the government itself. I say "mainly," because the principal strength of this hybrid association is to be found amongst the Democracy of the States so lately in rebellion. (Applause.)

I should be uncharitable, as well as unjust, were I to include the entire Democracy of the North in a charge of infidelity to the government, for I know among them many, very many, patriotic men and gallant soldiers, who "amongst the faithless were faithful found," but it is not to be denied that the chief element underlying this new movement is the same that was confronted in the Senate, in that great forensic struggle between Webster and Hayne, in which the cohorts of secession were dispersed for the time, but which were never fully overcome until routed on the field of battle at Appomattox by the great captain of the age, U. S. Grant. [Vociferous and long continued applause.]

The doctrine of State rights, involving the claim of the several States to determine, each for itself, its political grievances "and the mode and measure of redress" is as much a live political element with the Democracy of the South to-day, as it was when the first ordinance of secession was adopted by South Carolina, and its first gun leveled against the walls of Sumter. [Applause.]

This pestilent heresy has not been and will not be abandoned so long as the fatal doctrine finds its defenders amongst distinguished jurists and politicians at the North, and will again assert itself, whenever, if ever, the Democratic party shall succeed in entrenching itself in the halls of legislation at Washington, and in the capitols of the several States. [Applause.]

Let us not be told that secession is extirpated by an amendment to the constitution so long as the amendment itself is proclaimed by the leaders of the Democracy to be a fraud upon that instrument and its excision threatened upon the first favorable opportunity. This is the great evil which menaces the peace of the country in the future, and demands from us ceaseless and untiring vigilance.

Let us see to it that the paracidal hands which have once struck their deadliest blows at the life of the nation shall never more be entrusted with the administration of its affairs. [Applause.]

But, gentlemen, there are considerations relating to the administration of the government, both State and National, effecting more immediately your material interests as men of business, and it is the discussion of these which has brought you together to-night, and while I do not propose to trespass upon the time of those who are to follow me, there are a few suggestions which I cannot forego.

The government of the United States has been administered by the Republican party for the last twelve years, and that of the State of Pennsylvania for a corresponding period. Have not these administrations of our affairs been honestly and faithfully conducted and pre-eminently successful in promoting the well being and prosperity of the whole country? Was there ever in the history of any country a like period when labor has been so abundantly rewarded and all the elements of national wealth so marvellously augmented?

Have not our foreign affairs, bringing to a peaceful settlement some of the most difficult and complicated questions of the international law which ever taxed the skill of diplomacy, been most wisely and successfully administered?

Was there ever a time when the flag of our country was so universally respected throughout the civilized world? Has not the Republican party been eminently faithful to the whole people? Has it not stricken the shackles from four millions of our fellow-men, and by their complete enfranchisement invested them with the ability to assert and vindicate their manhood?

If these things are so, why not continue the party in power whose benign influence has been so auspiciously manifested by its acts.

In our private affairs we all respect the maxim, "Let well enough alone." In public affairs the maxim is entitled to far greater respect.

Why seek to change the current of affairs whose benignant title is bringing to all classes of people a much greater prosperity than they have ever heretofore enjoyed?

In conclusion, let me say, I have for more than forty years been a pretty careful observer of public affairs and public men. I have participated personally in some of the political conflicts during that period, but none of them all, with the exception of the second election of our martyred President has seemed to me to involve such important issues. [Applause.]

If the Republican party shall succeed, and the wise policy which has characterized the past be continued, we may look with hope to the future—but if, on the other hand the conduct of affairs shall be transferred to the Democratic party, with a policy avowedly hostile to the protection of our industrial interests and an "on to Richmond" policy adopted in a premature effort to return to specie payment, I shall look to the future with gloomy forebodings. [Applause.]

You may have expected me perhaps to allude to the men who are the standard bearers of the several parties. I have no word of depreciation, much less of detraction, to bestow upon the candidates of the opposition; common charity compels me to assume all men to be honest and patriotic until the contrary is proven; but if my opinion of the standard bearers of the Republican party is esteemed of any moment, I have no hesitation in saying that I have full confidence in the ability and integrity of General Grant, our candidate for President, and General Hartranft, our candidate for Governor; and that the best interests of the people will be secured by their election. [Tremendous cheering and shouts of applause.]

At the conclusion of this speech, which was frequently interrupted with applause, three hearty cheers were given for Gen. Howe.

COMMITTEE ON RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. Josiah King moved that the Chair appoint a Committee of Five to draft resolutions. The motion was adopted, and the Chair appointed Messrs. Josiah King, John H. Shoenberger, Henry Lloyd, James Park, Jr., and C. W. Batchelor.

Gen. Howe here announced that he had been handed a list of several business men, who would be called upon for remarks. It was not expected or intended that the addresses would be elaborate, but the speakers would declare their sentiments in a plain, comprehensible manner. He would now introduce Mr J. B. Semple, of the firm of Semple & Jones, bankers, who had recently spent considerable time in the South, and might favor the audience with a few remarks relative to his recent experiences there.

This was followed with loud calls for Mr. Semple, who, on advancing to the front, was hailed with applause, and spoke as follows:

Speech of Mr. J. B. Semple.

MR. PRESIDENT AND FELLOW CITIZENS—Only such occasions as this would induce me to appear before a political assemblage, and the desire to do my small share, if possible, of the great work now upon our hands. In political affairs and the effort to induce every man to vote and vote right, there rests upon every good citizen an obligation not less solemn than that which lay upon us during the late war, when the country called for men and money to preserve the life of our glorious Union. [Applause.] I have but a very few words to say and these upon one point only. The great cry of Liberal Republicans, *alias* Reconstructed Democrats, is "peace." "Let us bridge over the awful chasm which the late war has made." In a word, sectional reconciliation. Now, my friends, this, to be effectually accomplished, requires the assent and concurrence of both the contestants. This necessary condition, I believe, does not exist upon both sides of the "great gulf," Mason and Dixon's line.

It has been my fortune to spend the two past summers amongst the mountain springs of Virginia. These springs are largely frequented by what remains of the "Southern aristocracy." In my intercourse with them, I found them kind and courteous in a general way, but the moment you or they enter upon political affairs their ineradicable bitterness is manifest. I found a different spirit existing amongst them this year from that of the year before. They want power; they hope for it; and are striving for it; and if they can elect Horace Greeley and a good assorted lot of Democratic and weak backed Congressmen, they can again control the legislation of the nation. [Applause.]

So talked Gen. Wade Hampton, Gen. Joe. Johnson, Gen. J. B. Clay and others. I did not play "eavesdropper" on these gentlemen. They talked openly of their hopes and fears. The spirit of the people of the South remains to a large extent unchanged. They want only the power again to assert it [Applause.]

No man upon this floor desires peace, real and genuine, in which all sections shall heartily unite, more than I do; but let us have no sham. Let it be real. The way to secure this, I believe, will be first to crush this rebellious spirit, still latent amongst the Southern people and leaders. [Applause.] Two years ago they were satisfied to "roost low," but the nomination of Horace Greeley, and the formation of the Liberal Republican party, have given them hope, and revived all their latent aspirations for power.

Fellow citizens, shall they have it? Let us answer on Tuesday next with such an almighty No, as shall be heard from Maine to Texas. [Loud applause.]

A SONG.

The Allegheny Glee Club, under the leadership of Professor Slack, then sung an excellent song, which was loudly cheered.

THE RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. Josiah King, chairman of the Committee on Resolutions, then submitted the following report:

WHEREAS, Efforts have been persistently made by partisans, through the press and otherwise, to discredit the honesty and official integrity of Gen. John F. Hartranft, the Republican candidate for Governor of Pennsylvania; and,

WHEREAS, It has been charged especially that the manufacturers, merchants and men of business of the cities of Pittsburgh and Allegheny had not taken an active part in the present canvass because they had no confidence in the moral honesty of Gen. Hartranft, and therefore would not support him for the high office for which he is in nomination; therefore,

Resolved, That the men of business of these cities—the manufacturers, merchants, mechanics and workingmen here assembled in mass meeting—desire to bear united testimony to this community that, in their judgment, all the charges that have been so widely circulated and so persistently vouched for by the orators and journals of the opposition, against the moral and official character of Gen. Hartranft, have been thoroughly answered, and satisfactorily disproved, and there remains in the minds of this vast meeting no reason why any sincere and consistent Republican should withhold his confidence or his vote from Gen. John F. Hartranft. [Applause.]

Resolved, Moreover, that the election of the Republican State ticket in October is deemed of very great importance in itself, with reference not only to the best interests of this commonwealth, but also of equal and greater importance for its possible effect on the Presidential election in November, in our own and several other States of the Union.

Resolved, That we deprecate any neglect or remissness on the part of the people of Pennsylvania, whereby the re-election of General Grant to the Presidency would be put in jeopardy, as in the judgment of this meeting any change in the administration, and above all, such a change as the election of Mr. Greeley, in view of his pledges to the two conventions by which he was nominated, would be fraught with untold national disaster—that it is incumbent upon all who prefer the continued development and solid prosperity of the great industrial interests of the whole country, to the inauguration of an era of hazardous experiments.

Resolved, Finally, that will we use all honorable means, by our votes and otherwise, to vindicate the character of our candidate for Governor, and thereby denounce, rebuke, and put to shame his slanderers; and also by our votes in November to secure the election of General Ulysses S. Grant, and the continuation of his wise and beneficent administration. [Applause.]

The resolutions were adopted unanimously.

Speech of Mr. C. Yeager.

Loud calls for Mr. Yeager brought that gentleman to the front of the stage, and was the occasion for loud applause. He said:

Fellow-citizens—This is unexpected to me. I am not in the habit of speaking in public, but I presume that I have been called out because Hartranft is Dutch. [Laughter. A voice—"Speak to us in Dutch." Mr. Yeager—I can do that, too.] All I have to say is, that I have, myself, examined all the documents that came into my possession, with regard to Hartranft. While I was East, lately, I conversed with a great many persons, especially in Philadelphia, and my friend, George H. Stuart [applause], who would not vote for any man if he thought he was dishonest, or would do anything that was wrong. I myself, Dutch as I am, and Dutch as Hartranft is, have full confidence in the honesty and integrity of Gen. Hartranft [applause], and I hope on next Tuesday we will give him 20,000 majority. [Loud and long continued applause.]

Mr. Alfred Patterson, President of the National Bank of Commerce, was next introduced. He said:

Speech of Mr. Alfred Patterson.

Mr. Chairman—It is not my purpose to make a speech, but being called upon I wish to say a few words. I am no politician. For several years I have had nothing to do with politics. I have quietly voted and supported such men and such principles as I supposed and believed would promote the best interests of this country, without reference to any political party. In relation to the present questions before the country, I have no hesitation which side to take. The approaching election, on Tuesday, I consider one of the most important that has ever occurred in this country. I consider it the duty of every man not only to vote, but to use all the influence he can to defeat the machinations of scheming politicians, and to support what we consider the true policy of the government. [Applause.] The present is a very important epoch in the history of this country. Never before, since the organization of this government, has there been a period when it is the duty of every patriot to exert himself in the interest of the country, and of preserving the measures that have been adopted. This country never was more prosperous than it is at present—more important than it has ever been in the existence of the government.

We have a currency established which is more secure than any which has been established on earth. [Applause.] We have a tariff that is giving ample encouragement to the industries of the country—to the manufacturers, the mechanics and the workingmen. Labor was never more amply rewarded. The commerce of the country has progressed beyond anything that could have been expected. The country is at peace at home and abroad. It has advanced with rapid strides, and now presents a glorious phenomenon to the nations of the earth. [Applause.]

Notwithstanding this condition of things, a portion of the Democratic party, aided by a few soreheads and disappointed politicians, are endeavoring to change the policy of the government. If they succeed, they will adopt measures which will prove disastrous to the country. Under these circumstances, then, we would call upon every true patriot, every friend of his country, to sustain the glorious banner of Grant and Hartranft [Applause]—men who led our armies to victory in the field, and who will lead us to victory at the ballot box. [Applause.] There perhaps has never been a man so much abused as Gen. Hartranft. He had been charged with every crime in the calendar, but he has passed through the fiery furnace and came out unscathed. [Applause.] He now stands before the world acquitted of every charge that has been brought against him. [Applause.] He stands now where he did during war—shoulder to shoulder with Gen. Grant. They fought together in that glorious war, and are now fighting together in the interest of the glorious Republican party.

The great question during the war—the question in regard to secession—which was considered settled by the war, has again been revived. It was then put down by the bullets; now we must put it down by ballots. [Applause.] The leaders of that party, Jeff Davis, and the Democratic candidate for Governor, and Horace Greeley, say that the general government has no right to prevent a State from seceding. If this principle was carried out, the result would be that the bond of this Union would be but a rope of sand, to be severed by the will of any single State. This is the party which treated the flag of our country as a nullity, and the "stars and stripes" as a humbug—that flag, fellow-citizens, which has ever been the representative of the great and glorious principles of the Republican party. Let us not, then, surrender that flag unto the hands of those who would trail it in the dust. We have expended hundreds of millions of money, and have lost hundreds of thousands of lives in defense of that flag, and let us not now surrender it into the hands of the enemy. [Applause.] Let us then, fellow-citizens, rally around that flag; let us rear it on high, in view of all; let it float in the breeze, and let it be inscribed with the glorious motto of Daniel Webster, "Liberty and Union, one and inseparable, now forever." [Loud applause.]

Remarks of Mr. J. H. Shoenberger.

Loud calls were then made for Mr. John H. Shoenberger, when he came forward and said: I am not going to make a speech. I never made a speech in public in my life, and am not going to commence now. I only wish here to bear my testimony to the character and standing of the candidates of the Republican party. I can support them with all my heart, and if I had a thousand votes they should have every one of them. [Loud applause.]

Speech of Mr. James I. Bennett.

Mr. Bennett, having been loudly called on, was introduced amid applause, and said:

Fellow-citizens—This is the first time I have ever appeared before a public audience to take part as a speaker. But we are called together, and why? Because our best interests are at stake. We have in the Republican party a few men whose heads are sore. [Laughter.] They have enjoyed the spoils a long while, and because they cannot have them any longer, they become the allies of the Democratic party. [Applause.]

My fellow-citizens, we now want to declare, as business men, that we want the administration continued, under which we have prospered during the last twelve years. We need only look around our own city to satisfy ourselves as to the general prosperity. Within a period of ten years our population has doubled, our wealth has increased tenfold, and we have become a great people. We have become great in manufactures and great in numbers of working men—and who have profited more than they? [Applause.] I believe that every gentleman in this room will admit that if Greeley was elected President it would paralyze the whole business of this country. I believe that such an event would depreciate the value of our manufacturing industries one half. The manufacturing establishments are now all fully employed, and working men are all getting good wages; but let misfortunes come upon us, let us have financial troubles and difficulties, and our mills would stop. Then we would see what we saw in 1857, and along until 1870, under Democratic rule [Applause.] Then we had to pay our laboring men in orders, and had to go to men like my friend Yeager and ask for six months' credit. Then we could run our mills but half time. I never want to see the time again when we shall be compelled to pay our laboring men in orders. If we continue the administration of General Grant, we can expect to continue prosperous for years to come. [Applause.] If Greeley should be elected we will suffer in our industries and our great railroad interests; our varied improvements and all branches of business will become paralyzed. Should Greeley's financial policy be adopted the country would be at the mercy of a few unscrupulous speculators in New York city, and then we might have a "black Friday" every week, if they choose. We want an honest administration, such as we have had for the last twelve years, and such as we now enjoy. [Applause.] I would ask the people to vote for the Republican party—not only for some of the candidates, but for every nominee of that party, that we may continue to enjoy what we are enjoying now. [Applause.]

Remarks of Mr. George R. White.

Mr. George R. White being called upon, was introduced amid applause. He remarked it was scarcely necessary to say anything about the candidates, after what had already been said. I do not think in all my life that I have felt so much interested in a political campaign as the present. I think it is all important. I believe that the salvation of the country depends upon the success of the Republican party. Among the candidates of that party, I do not know a braver or safer man than Gen Hartranft. [Applause.] I was an old Jackson man, and belonged to the Democratic party when the war commenced; and the present time reminds me much of the time when Jackson was a candidate for the Presidency. The opposition went so far, in abusing Jackson, as to talk of family matters. They villified and abused him as Grant and Hartranft are now abused. But the people rebuked that abuse, and the same result will happen now. I am satisfied that the majority of Grant and Hartranft will be increased in consequence of the abuse heaped upon them. [Applause.]

Remarks of Mr. A. Bradley.

Mr. Alexander Bradley, being called upon, declined to make a speech, but by request, read the following extract from a letter written by Gen. Grant, in reply to the invitation from some manufacturers of Philadelphia to visit their establishments:

"I feel great interest in the success of the manufacturing interests of the country and their development, looking upon their growth as necessary to the solvency of the nation by keeping down the balance of trade against us, and in dignifying labor and making it remunerative. You have my best wishes for success in your respective interests in all manufactures and products the land over, and hope your prosperity will continue until our productions by home labor for export, exclusive of promises to pay, equal our importations or exceed them."

The sentiments expressed in the above extract were loudly applauded.

Speech of Major Wm. Frew.

Major Wm. Frew, the well known oil merchant, was then loudly called upon, and on rising to respond was received with marked applause. He said:

MR. PRESIDENT—I presume you have called me here to represent, in this grand conclave of business men and mechanics of this great manufacturing community the large and important petroleum interest, and whilst I may fail to throw light on the subject, I will try at least to cast oil on the troubled waters. [Laughter and applause.] We have met as manufacturers, bankers, merchants, railroad men, artisans and workingmen in general, connected with and interested in the industrial pursuits which have given us the pre-eminence we enjoy at this moment throughout all this great land. We have met to consider in what manner our interests are to be affected in the approaching political contests—what action we should take to promote the interests of this community and of the whole country, and if deemed advisable, unmistakbly "define our position." [Applause.]

We are asked by a powerful combination to change our national and State administration, and elevate it to power under the specious promise of "reform." For the greater part of twelve years the Republican party has controlled the government, and to-day comes before the country appealing to its past record as the best guarantee for the future, and that is the criterion after all. Promises are good, but performance is better. When you employ a man to do any labor for you, whether to preach or to dig, you demand his certificate, or inquire how he has done work heretofore, you do not depend on his promises. So is it the duty of when men to demand of political parties to show their "faith by their works," not merely in "platform" and "resolutions." Let us demand of the Republican party to show its past. Called to administer the affairs of the nation at a moment when nearly one half the States had seceded from the Union, and when to suit the purposes of the conspirators, the army and navy had been scattered, many of the officers seduced from their loyalty, the Treasury empty, and credit destroyed, it organized an army, it equipped a navy, it provided means, it roused the enthusiasm of the people, and through four long, weary years full of self-denial and heroism and devotion, it waged untiring and indefatigable war, until at last the Union arms were victorious and the old starry flag floated in triumph in the sunlight of April, from the Aroostook to the Gulf, and from the Atlantic to the Pacific! It emancipated four millions of human souls from slavery, and wiped out the only stain that rested on our National escutcheon. [Applause.] It has made all men equal before the law and established universal suffrage. It has provided a system of national banking which is not excelled by any financial system in the world, and which has provided for the people a currency which is absolutely sound and uniform from New Orleans to Boston. [Applause.

It has frowned upon and stamped out the spirit of repudiation and raised the national credit under most extraordinary burdens, until at the present time the borrowing power of the government is twenty-eight per cent. better than it was when Grant was inaugurated, and sixty-two per cent. better than it was in 1861, just prior to the war. It has reduced the public debt so rapidly that the whole world has been amazed at our recuperative energy and compelled to admire our integrity as a nation.

March 1st, 1869, the national debt amounted to	$2,525,463,260 01
October 1st, 1872, the national debt amounted to	2,166,994,677 46
Decrease under Grant	$358,458,582 55
And since 1866 the decrease has been	676,211,495 63

No European nation has any such record. Like Jay Cooke, they seem to regard a "national debt as a national blessing"—like Fahnestock's Vermifuge, "a good thing to have in the family."

It has managed the financial affairs of the country with signal ability, so as to avoid monetary crises by delivering the commercial metropolis, not once, but many times, out of the hands of speculating and mercenary cliques.

It has composed menacing foreign difficulties and complications by peaceful and honorable arbitration, and clasped hands with England across the only "bloody chasm" that has threatened us for years. [Applause.]

The government, since 1866, has reduced the internal revenue taxes to the extent of $249,000,000, and has reduced the tariff on foreign imports by many millions, freeing entirely from duty articles of prime necessity to the people.

It has fostered all the great business interests of the country, mercantile, manufacturing, mining, and agricultural, until the census returns of our progress and development read almost like the stories of the Arabian Nights.

The true value of real and personal estate, taken from the census reports of 1870, compare as follows:

Value in 1860	$16,159,616,068
Value in 1870	30,068,518,507

The value of our manufactures, as compared with 1870, shows the following result:

Value in 1860	$1,885,861,675
Value in 1870	4,305,932,033

These figures, overwhelming as they are, in evidence of our great business prosperity, tell only part of the story. Along with this advancement has come, blessing to the men who have done the work, wages that put to shame the scanty compensation of the toiling masses of Europe, and which are elevating the workingmen of America to competence and providing means for the improvement and happiness of themselves and their families. [Applause.]

The statistics of Pittsburgh and its vicinity will show perhaps, even a larger percentage of growth and prosperity, and this prosperity is indebted in a large measure, to the principle of protection to American industry, which has always been a cardinal one in the Republican party. The Democratic party during all these years has fought consistently for free trade, or as they call it a tariff for revenue and not protection.

And now, shall we call the Democratic party to account? In brief, we can say for it, that it brought about the war of rebellion. As a party, favored secession, embarrassed the government in preserving the Union, resisted emancipation, fought against universal suffrage, tried to destroy our national credit, and, in short, has scarcely one redeeming feature to preserve it from universal contempt. [Applause.]

These are the two systems claiming our support. One has blessed the land as it never was blessed before, causing our flag to float in pride on every sea and cheer the downtrodden and oppressed of every nation. The other has caused fraternal blood to flow, has involved us in great burdens of indebtedness, and by its policy would check the industrial development of our resources.

And now, business men and mechanics, are you prepared to change this prosperity to even uncertainty? Is it not a good policy to "let well enough alone?"

What may be the probable results of a change at this moment in the national administration? The immediate effect will likely be an apprehension on the part of capitalists abroad and at home, depreciating our national securities and withdrawing capital from business circles, precipitating upon the nation a financial crisis, in which all—manufacturer, merchant and workingman—must be involved together.

It will be seen at a glance at the leaders of the two great parties of the day. At the head of the Republican ranks, stands General Grant, of whom Horace Greeley said, "He never had been and never would be beaten," and that he "would make a better President in 1872 than in 1868." This nation owes him a debt of gratitude which it has not yet and never can repay. He has administered the duties of his office with dignity, good common sense and great soundness of judgment.

On the other side we find Horace Greeley, fraternizing with his life-long political opponents (only twice, perhaps agreeing with them, once when he advocated secession and again when he broke his neck to bail Jeff. Davis) agreeing to repudiate his former utterances, deny all the principles of his former public life and restore to power a party which had totally lost the confidence of the people. Of him the Chicago *Tribune* used the following language in 1856:

"Horace Greeley is not now, and never has been a man who ought to be trusted with an official position requiring practical wisdom, ordinary statesmanship, or firm, consistent action. For twenty-five years he has been a Marplot in council, an unreliable commander in action; a misanthrope in victory, and a riotous disorganizer in defeat. He has always been fanatical in his demands for the extremest measures, and when the party has reached the eve of triumph invariably thrusts himself forward as a negotiator of terms of surrender to the enemy. His course during the war was but a repetition of his course in politics. In 1861 he was an open defender of secession; he changed to a vigorous champion of the war, and thereafter was forever recklessly making proposals for peace, and as recklessly withdrawing them—making war in spite of Mars, and negotiating in spite of Minerva. The country at this time wants no inspired harlequins in the national councils."

Can we trust such a character to conduct our national affairs? Can any man be trusted who is willing to give up live-long principle even for the highest position in the land? Who are his supporters? Sore headed Republicans and life-long Democrats. Tammany on his right hand and the Ku-Klux on his left. Are we prepared to put the great Boss thief of the world as the power behind the throne? [Applause.]

It seems as if this incongruous and heterogenous combination, called the Dem. Libs., might be a grim joke on the part of old Horace to bring out the remains of the old Democratic party, and have it slaughtered by the Republican hosts, that it may gratify an ancient grudge that he bears against it. If that be his motive, we will help him right gladly. We will join him to rid the country of a batch of political heresies which are a curse to the land, and will help him to kill it dead as Julius Cæsar and hang the carcass over the Sadducees who believe in no resurrection!

The Democratic party has perhaps paid the highest tribute to the Republican party that has ever been paid by one political party to another. It has publicly and solemnly approved everything it ever did, and claims its platform is almost similar to ours. So far, so good; but has it accepted that platform in good faith? Nay, verily! It were not possible such a party could be converted in a day; and if it is like our Methodist brethren, we will put it on probation for at least four years. [Applause.]

Major Frew concluded by a strong indorsement of the claims and fitness of Gen. Hartranft, and retired from the stand amid loud applause.

Dispatch from Mr. Geo. H. Stuart.

Mr. Wm. Little, one of the Secretaries, then read the following dispatch from Mr. George H. Stuart:

PHILADELPHIA, October 4, 1872.

Hon. Thos. M. Howe, Wm. Thaw, Esq., Major Wm. Frew:

GENTLEMEN—I am confined to my room with a severe attack of asthma. Did health permit I would esteem it a great privilege to accept your invitation to speak on Friday and advocate the claims of Gen. Hartranft. The malicious and unfounded attacks upon this gallant soldier should secure his triumphant election on next Tuesday.

Reaction here continues very great. If Allegheny county does her duty, Philadelphia will join her in proclaiming to our Sister States that Pennsylvania has not forgotten the principles for which her sons shed their blood. I regard Grant and Hartranft's election essential to the continued prosperity of our country.

GEO. H. STUART.

Letter from Mr. B. F. Jones.

Mr. Little then read the following letter from Mr. B. F. Jones, senior member of the iron house of Messrs. Jones & Laughlins, the sentiments of which were loudly applauded:

OFFICE OF THE AMERICAN IRON WORKS, October 4, 1872.

H. Holdship, Esq., Secretary:

DEAR SIR—I regret that I cannot attend the meeting of merchants, manufacturers and workingmen this evening, as requested by you in your note of the 2d instant. But permit me to say that I most cordially approve of the object of the meeting. I regard the election of the Republican candidates for Governor and President at the approaching elections as vitally important to the country. Driven by desperation, the adversaries and some of the pretended friends of Gen. Grant have erected a standard of absolute perfection by which they are attempting to try him, and by which he, in common with all men, must fall short. But if he be judged by the ordinary standard, or if success be the criterion to go by, by which we are to value his merits, wherein has he failed? Laying aside the debt of gratitude which we owe General Grant for the glorious part which he performed in the late war, are we not still greatly his debtors? Has not his administration of the office of President been a splendid success? Was the country ever so prosperous and happy as now? Was the prospect for peace more plenty and progress ever so encouraging? I hold that no reasonable man with honest purpose can take exception to General Grant's administration as a whole.

I frankly admit that the ferocious attack made upon Gen. Hartranft at first staggered me. I did not then believe that charges of such outrageous character would be made against any man without some basis of truth. I have made investigations of these charges, and have made diligent inquiries of his political adversaries, of his comrades in arms, and of his neighbors, who have known him from boyhood, and it is most gratifying to me to be able to state, as the result, that I found no blot or stain on the character of this most abused man. I have no hesitation in saying that Gen. Hartranft is honest, capable and entirely worthy of the confidence of the voters of this Commonwealth, and all the honors that may be bestowed upon him by electing him Governor.

Very respectfully, &c., B. F. JONES.

Hon. H. Bucher Swoope, having been observed in the audience, was now called upon from all parts of the hall, and on taking the stand was greeted with vociferous cheers and shouts. He spoke as follows:

Speech of the Hon. H. Bucher Swoope.

Mr. President and Fellow Citizens—If I was not exhausted by sickness and by the physical effort of having spoken for more than an hour already to-night, at a meeting nearly as large and nearly as enthusiastic as this, it would have afforded me great pleasure to have addressed you upon the issues which are involved, both in the National and State canvass, which are now upon us. I am not, however, in a fit condition to do justice, either to your reasonable expectation, or to enter fully into the subjects which ought to be discussed before you.

It is scarcely necessary, however, to make any further argument in this canvass. The time for argument seems to me to have gone by. The time for earnest, active work has arrived. The battle has been fought. The victory is won [applause], and there only remains to go to the polls, deposit the ballots, count up the result and announce it to the nations of the globe. [Applause.] For, my fellow-citizens, it has been rightly said by the gentlemen who preceded me that this is the great preliminary contest that is to settle the destinies not only of Pennsylvania but of this nation for four years to come and the reflex of which is to carry joy and hope or misery and despair to the lovers of liberty and human rights in all the lands upon the civilized world. [Applause.] It needs no argument to justify such an important result as this. The business men, the bankers, manufacturers, and the workingmen of this great State, have assembled and indorsed the character, integrity, bono, bravery and manliness of that gallant candidate, who leads the vanguard in this contest. When you look over the land, you will everywhere see a reign of prosperity such as the world never before witnessed. Do you remember that we have not a single difficulty with any foreign nation. But recently the only difficulty that threatened us has been brought to a highly honorably and glorious conclusion for the American government.

When you remember that from the Atlantic to the Pacific labor was never better rewarded than it is to-day; that business was never more prosperous; that the financial affairs of the government were never in a better condition; when you recollect all this, remember that grand old saying, when you are prosperous let well enough alone. [Immense applause.]

Does it require any argument to prove that any change of affairs that would ensue by placing the opposition in power would result disastrously to the public welfare and affect the property of the whole country? I think not. But when you consider the policy which has been advocated by the candidate of the coalition, this bastard party that suddenly grew into existence at Cincinnati and was baptised in Baltimore, that without a father, without a mother [laughter] without a lineage of any kind—I say does it require any argument to demonstrate to you that if the candidate of that party, in view of the professions made by him of his financial policy, should be elected it would be the ruin of all the national interests of the country? You know that for a long series of years Greeley, the candidate of the coalition, has urged the payment of the debt to the extent of all the gold contained in the Treasury. He has urged that it was lying there useless, and urged that the bonds of the government should be redeemed as far as this money would go and at the same time and in the same breath he has urged the resumption of specie payment, and when asked to explain his reasons he answered "to resume is to resume" [laughter], and when asked what a Democrat was he said "a Democrat was a Democrat." [Renewed laughter.] If Mr. Greeley should be elected he would direct his Secretary of the Treasury, and I suppose it would be Tweed, [laughter] to pay out all the gold and redeem the bonds and then would place the placard on the door, "specie payment resumed." Could this financial policy if carried out be otherwise than disastrous to the industries of the country. Is it any wonder then that the business men, the merchants, the bankers of the country should come up in their might and proclaim their faith in the great fundamental principles and the leaders of the Republican party? But especially, fellow citizens, this policy would result disastrously to this great Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. Before this bastard party was brought into existence, before the Cincinnati convention had met, the Democratic party in Pennsylvania held their convention. They assembled in Reading. The negro was a little too much for them to swallow, and they did not succeed in digesting the dose they got last year. And when they assembled this year in Reading, they made another platform and inaugurated another new departure. They adopted a platform, and set up as their candidate Charles R. Buckalew. This man has never advocated the Cincinnati platform, or the Baltimore performance; he has never avowed himself for Greeley; he has never declared himself for O'Conor, and I am very certain he is not for Grant. [Laughter.] He travels all over the State, and is for nobody but Buckalew, and this is in accord with his entire history. All through his political life, and he has been in office more than twenty years, he has gotten fat and rich on the spoils. Well, they set him up. Is it any wonder that the business men and the bankers, and those who have at heart the interests of the material welfare of this great country, repudiate Buckalew. If he was elected Governor he would enter the gubernatorial chair entertaining the same views he has always entertained, for he has never expressed himself as having changed any of his views.

When he returned from South America he was a short time afterward elected to the Senate of the United States. It was a great calamity, but we had to endure it. He slept there for six long years. He never got awake until a Democrat pulled him by the coat-tail and woke him up and said a rebel vote was wanted.

Look for a moment at some of the votes he cast affecting the material and business interests of the country. On the 29th of April 1864, there was an act introduced into Congress increasing the duties on imports. On this Mr. Buckalew voted "nay." At that time we needed money to carry on the war, and we thought it good policy to make money for the war by increasing the duties on imports rather than by taxing the manufacturing interests of the country. Buckalew voted "nay," because he desired to embarrass the government, as he did not want any revenue raised for the prosecution of the war. Is it any wonder that the manufacturers and the laboring men should repudiate a man who would cast such a vote as that? We now pass to the seventeenth of June, 1864, when there was a bill introduced incorporating the Pacific Railroad, and he voted against that. Is it necessary that I should enlarge upon that great enterprise, that has bound two oceans together with a band of iron; but he voted against that. And then again, on the twenty-sixth of June, 1864, he voted against a bill repealing the fugitive slave law. Passing that, however, without comment, I come down to May 11th, 1864, when the national banking act was introduced. Now you all remember the condition of the currency at that time. You recollect very well that you could not go across the continent without getting your notes heavily discounted, and in some States you could not negotiate them at all. You know at that time all the States were allowed to have their own currency, which was denominated "wild cat" money. We all remember how difficult it was to make purchases with or use the money of one State outside of its borders. As an instance, I remember when in Washington City one night, shortly after the battle of Bull Run, I was at a railroad ticket office, when I met a poor woman who had a five dollar Pennsylvania note. She desired to purchase a ticket for some neighboring point, and presented a Pennsylvania note in payment therefor. That poor woman, in my presence, was informed that "Pennsylvania money was not good there." I noticed the affair, and paid for the ticket in rebel money, and brought the Pennsylvania money where it would pass. Such was the condition of the currency of the country when a bill was introduced, as you know, to establish a uniform national banking currency. Buckalew voted against it; and why? Because he did not want a good currency—because he was opposed to a prosecution of the war because he desired to embarrass the government in raising money. I thank God that the bill passed, notwithstanding the opposition of Buckalew and all his cohorts, and that to-day you have a currency that is good all over this broad land. [Applause.]

In July 1866 there was a bill introduced for the relief of the sufferers by the Portland fire—you remember that fearful conflagration in 1866; when that great conflagration swept over the city of Portland like the recent Chicago fire, and thousands of its inhabitants were driven out of their homes into the streets to suffer. The government was asked to stretch out a helping hand. Buckalew, cold as an icicle and frigid as the wintry wind, said "nay."

A short time after this another bill was introduced providing for the payment of the State troops that had been called out to repel an invasion in Pennsylvania. Buckalew said "nay." Mark what follows: On the 25th of July, 1866, a bill was introduced to increase the salary of Senators, who were only getting eight dollars a day, and Buckalew voted "aye." [Applause.] He would not vote a dollar for the sufferers at Portland, not a dollar for the men who went to fight for the honor of this Commonwealth and to drive back the invader; yet he voted for the increase of the salaries of Senators—for the Democratic pocket, like the Democratic stomach, is always rapacious enough to receive more. [Great applause.]

Well, there was another bill introduced. [Laughter.] This was for the temporary relief of the destitute colored people of the District of Columbia, and Buckalew again voted "nay." So I might continue, my fellow-citizens, with this list of votes taken from the record itself, and you will find them in the *Congressional Globe*; they tell the whole character of the man and show that he was cold and heartless, and that in his bosom did not linger a single feeling of charity, of love, of human kindness for his fellow men. Is it any wonder that such a man as that should be humiliated when he learned on his arrival from South America that Lincoln had been elected President. He said to his Democratic constituents, "when I heard that Lincoln, the rail splitter, was elevated to the Presidency of the United States, I felt humiliated." Ah! workingmen who are here to-night, this aristocratic lawyer from Columbiana county was humiliated because a man had been raised to the Presidency who had hard hands and had toiled. Humiliated! I thank God that I live In a land where the poorest and the humblest man who toils for his daily bread can be elevated to the highest and noblest position, and that he can be peer to any lord or king or emperor in the world. [Prolonged applause.] [A voice—"Even a tanner"!] Yes, or a cobbler, like Henry Wilson, who is going to be elected Vice President in November. [A voice—Yes, you're right. The Democratic party is dead. There is no use in striking it now.] I think there is, and I will illustrate why: An Irishman was attacked by a hedge hog, and killed him. When the animal was dead, the Irishman began to beat the body with a club. A companion approached during the operation, and asked Pat what was the use of beating a dead boo—"Och! begorra," replied Pat, "sure, there's always a punishment after death, and I'm going to make sure of it." [Screams of laughter.] I want to show Buckalew and his copperhead friends that there is a punishment in the world to come. [Immense applause.]

They say that the past should be forgotten. They call them dead issues. You would have them buried, but some things that are dead smell for a long time afterward. [Applause.] I believe in sinking Copperhead records so low in the bloody chasm that the smell of them will not reach our nostrils when we come to shake hands.

Ah, they want to bury it, but to do so what have they done? They have slandered the candidates of the Republican party in such a way that it has been a disgrace to American politics. Never before in the history of this or any other country were men so abused or so denounced as Grant and Hartranft. But the day is not far distant when they will have their full and ample vindication—when this great American people will come in their strength and in their might and show by their ballot that the services of these men have not been forgotten, and that the soldiers Grant and Hartranft, who bore the stars and stripes on to glorious victory, at the head of the boys in blue are worthy of their confidence, their gratitude and their admiration still. [Long continued applause.]

The opposition entered into a conspiracy to slander Hartranft. They charge him with everything that is vile and monstrous. They charge him with being a thief, with the Evans swindle, with speculating with the State funds. Now I have not the strength and would not trespass upon your patience to enter upon these charges at length. When the Evans swindle was discovered I was employed as the private counsel of the Commonwealth. Now you will bear in mind that the Auditor General could have no possible knowledge, officially, of any claim made by the State against the government of the United States. There could be no claim against the United States government as it is sovereign, unless the United States government would permit it. Congress passed an act to reimburse the State for losses sustained by the State during the war. Accordingly a claim was made, but Hartranft came into office afterward. The Governor appointed George O. Evans as agent; money was collected, but it was not all paid over into the State Treasury. The very moment this fact was discovered the Auditor General applied to me and I used every means in my power to bring that man to justice. I don't know that during the two years I have been in Pittsburgh I have very often been charged with being particularly direct in the pursuit of a man I wanted to bring to justice. [Tremendous applause.] I say to you to-night, my fellow-citizens, that I did use every effort in my power, and that all I could do did not satisfy Gen. Hartranft. Evans fled from the State. We sought to arrest him. I invoked the aid of the United States government. He was arrested, was taken before Judge Pearson. Unfortunately I was lying sick at the time, and the charge against him of larceny as bailee, which I had directed to be made, was changed to that of "embezzlement of the State funds," and the question before Judge Pearson was, whether Evans was a State officer or not. It was determined that he was not, and he was discharged.

When I discovered from the papers that he had collected $78,000, and that more than a year had passed and the money had not been paid into the Treasury, I thought that constituted him a thief, and I made a charge against him of larceny as bailee, and upon that charge he was arrested in New York, and upon that charge he ought to have been tried and convicted, and he ought to-day to be in the penitentiary, and that man Paire ought to be there with him. [Tremendous applause.] I can assure you, fellow-citizens, it was no fault of Gen. Hartranft's or of mine that he is not there.

Now, my fellow citizens, understand this matter perfectly. When Evans got the State claims and did not pay the money over, then it was not a claim of the State against the United States, but a claim of the citizens against the State. It then fell under the jurisdiction of the Auditor General of the State, and not till then, and when it did come under his jurisdiction, he was, to my certain knowledge the most eager to bring the defaulter to justice. The very moment he found out this swindle he immediately paid the money he had honestly borrowed to the party from whom he had borrowed it; and let me tell you to-night, that the fact that he was the creditor of Evans made him the most vigorous prosecutor I ever met.

They talk about the Yerkes matter. They say that Mackey and Hartranft speculated with the State funds. Let us look at it. Who was Yerkes? He was a banker doing business on Third street in Philadelphia, and in as good credit as any man in this city.

On this point Mr. Swoope spoke at length, and referred to the fact that there were many bankers in this city just in as good standing, before a crash arrived, as Mr. Yerkes. He held deposits from Mr Drexel, the Kensington Bank and many other of the monied institutions and principal merchants of Philadelphia. They reposed confidence in him, and who should not the State Treasurer? But the Chicago fire occurred, and Yerkes failed. The speaker then alluded to the accounts kept "M. R. W.," a full explanation of which has already been published.

Mr. Swoope next spoke at length upon the whole history of the Yerkes-Evans-Mackey connection with the collection of the State claims from the national government, and our only regret is, so positive was Mr. Swoope's vindication of Gen. Hartranft and Mr. Mackey from any complicity whatever with the trumped up charges of the opposition, that the lateness of the hour prevents us from publishing it in full.

During his address Mr. Swoope read the telegram to the editor of the COMMERCIAL in relation to the Yerkes affidavit, which appears upon our first page, and speaks for itself.

It was after eleven o'clock when the meeting, one of the most successful of the campaign, adjourned, with three rousing cheers for Gen. Hartranft and the entire ticket.

TURN OUT TO-NIGHT!

The Last Procession of the State Campaign.

A GLORIOUS VICTORY NEXT!

To-night comes off the last grand torchlight procession of the State campaign. Let every club in this city and on the North and South Sides be in line. Be on hand on time! Let such a procession take place as will show to the enemies of an honest, a just and a true government that the friends of law and order, the friends of a free republic and an honest administration of its affairs are alive to the issues of the campaign and the side of right. Citizens illuminate your houses, your workshops and your manufactories! Young men turn out in force with your banners and torches. Read the advertisement elsewhere giving the place of formation, list of marshals, aids, uniform, &c., and let the crowning event of the campaign to-night be one long to be remembered.

THE GRAND REVIEW.

East Liberty on Monday Night.

A grand review of all the marching clubs of the two cities, South Side and vicinity, comes off in East Liberty on Monday night. The most active preparations are being perfected to make the review a grand success and that it will be one appears evident. Let every club be in line and the grand review a thorough success.

MR. W. L. SHEPPARD, Chief of Police of Kansas City, Missouri, arrived in the city last evening on a visit to his friends. Mr. Sheppard is an old Pittsburgher, and his many friends will be glad to meet him.

Seasonable Suits.

Gentlemen who are about to order suits for fall wear or overcoats, should call at the Boston One Price Clothing House, No. 95 Smithfield street, Howard Black, examine the goods and ascertain the nature of the bargains offered before leaving their order. At this establishment our readers will find stylish and servicable suits, equal to those turned out at our best merchant tailoring establishments at about one half the cost of the latter. The garments are artistically cut and made, are neat, fashionable and well fitting. Those who think it necessary to leave their measure in order to insure a fit will find the contrary to be true on inspection of the stylish fall suits on exhibition at the Boston Clothing House. At this house can also be found a full assortment of fine and fashionable gents' furnishing goods, adapted to the season.

[Advertisement.]
Bear in Mind

That Wm. M. Gormly is the candidate of no ring or clique. He is just the man for Sheriff, and should be supported by men of all parties.

[Advertisement.]
Mene, Mene Tekel Upharsin.

Interpretation: The ring has been weighed in the balance and found wanting.

The Tertonia of Allegheny.

Any of our readers having uninsured property should not hesitate or delay to have it fully covered by insurance. In taking out their policy we would suggest to them the preferable nature of our home companies, arising from the fact that very little difficulty is experienced in making themselves fully conversant with their affairs, while insuring in companies located abroad is virtually "taking a leap in the dark." Among the companies doing business in this vicinity there is no one we can more confidently indorse than the Teutonia, of Allegheny. Office No. 256 East Ohio street, Henry F. Eggers, Secretary.

[Advertisement.]
Bear in Mind

That Wm. M. Gormly is the candidate of no ring or clique. He is just the man for Sheriff, and should be supported by men of all parties.

Perfect Work.

The vehicles turned out at the great carriage manufactory of Messrs. Workman & Davis challenge comparison with the products of any similar establishment in the country. In their construction only the best seasoned and most durable material is used; only the most skillful workmen are employed in the works; all vehicles are artistically finished, and are models of neatness and beauty. The firm manufacture every description of vehicles, from six passenger coaches to one man jaggers, including many late improved styles among the number, one of a buck wagon is claimed to be the best in the world. In order to accommodate those who are prejudiced in favor of Eastern work, the firm keep constantly on hand a large assortment of carriages and wagons made by the most celebrated of Eastern manufacturers. Call at their repository, Nos. 167, 169 and 171 Penn street, and examine the stock. Prices lower than in the East.

[Advertisement.]
The People Are Moving

in their might, and declare that Gormly shall be their man for Sheriff.

100 Wood Street

Is the place to buy China and white stoneware of the best and latest styles. R. E. Breed & Co.

[Advertisement.]
The Ring Trembles.

It is the thunder from the people that alarms them. Vote for Gormly for Sheriff.

Pocket Books.

Messrs. Gildenfenny & Hess, No. 45 Fifth avenue, have just received a large and splendid stock of pocket books of all descriptions. We would advise all our friends in want of a good pocket book to call and examine them.

[Advertisement.]
Our Sheriff.

Is he honest? Is he capable? Wm. M. Gormly's record answers affirmatively. He has been tried and not found wanting. Merchants, manufacturers, workingmen, all vote for him, for his record is clear.

The Two Great Books of the Age.

"How Not to and Why," and "When and How;" by Dan Newcomb, M. D., Chicago. These two books are sold by subscription. Messrs. Gildenfenny & Hess are the agents for Western Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana. These are splendid books for agents to canvass for. For agencies apply to Messrs. Gildenfenny & Hess, No. 45 Fifth avenue.

[Advertisement.]
Vote for Wm. M. Gormly
FOR SHERIFF,
All who are opposed to rings and cliques.

Envelope Openers

Messrs. Gildenfenny & Hess have just received a fresh supply of Stephens' patent envelope opener and eraser. Call and get one, No. 45 Fifth avenue.

[Advertisement.]
The Right Man.
One whom all can trust.
WM. M. GORMLY.

Great Assortment of Furniture.

Our readers will find at the extensive establishment of Messrs. D. W. Huntsman & Co., Nos. 41 and 43 West Ohio street, Allegheny City, everything that may be required in the line of furniture, from the most elaborately finished and costly setts of office and parlor furniture to the plainer and more economical descriptions. The success with which this firm have met since their establishment in business is the best evidence that can be given of the superiority of their stock and the reasonableness of their prices. They manufacture largely, and are at the same time heavy dealers in eastern made furniture, thus enabling them to gratify every taste.

[Advertisement.]
Our Sheriff.

Is he honest? Is he capable? Wm. M. Gormly's record answers affirmatively. He has been tried and not found wanting. Merchants, manufacturers, workingmen, all vote for him, for his record is clear.

New Books.

Messrs. Gildenfenny & Hess, No. 45 Fifth avenue, have just received a large stock of new books of all kinds. Call and examine them.

[Advertisement.]
Vote for Wm. M. Gormly
FOR SHERIFF,
All who are opposed to rings and cliques.

Best and Only Family Medicine—Sandford's Liver Invigorator.

A purely vegetable cathartic tonic—for dyspepsia, constipation, debility, sick headache, billions attacks and all derangements of liver, stomach and bowels. Ask your druggist for it. Beware of imitations. s

[Advertisement.]
The Right Man.
One whom all can trust.
WM. M. GORMLY.

Caution.

Every genuine box of DR. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS bears the signature of Fleming Brothers, Pittsburgh, Pa., and their private U. S. stamp. ☞ Take no other. The market is full of imitations.

It is the popular verdict that people who have been accustomed to the use of Bitters or Cordials, are obliged eventually to resort to McLANE'S LIVER PILLS for permanent relief. s*

[Advertisement.]
The People's Candidate.

Wm. M. Gormly is the candidate of the people and not of the ring. Let the honest, intelligent voters of Allegheny county bear the fact in mind,

Orphan's Court Sale.

Public attention is directed to the advertisement of the Orphan's Court sale of the estate of James Wilkins, in another column. The property to be sold comprises eight lots on Pennsylvania avenue (formerly Ohio avenue), Allegheny; a lot on the corner of Pennsylvania avenue and Manhattan street; three lots on Sheffield street; a piece of ground situated at the corner of Locust and Preble streets, upon which is a two-story brick dwelling house containing seven rooms. The terms of sale, which are entirely reasonable, will be found in the advertisement. Messrs. Fetterman, Johnston & Flack, No. 83 Diamond street, are attorneys for the sale of the property. TTHS

[Advertisement.]
The People's Candidate.

Wm. M. Gormly is the candidate of the people and not of the ring. Let the honest, intelligent voters of Allegheny county bear the fact in mind

Where to Find It.

Housekeepers wanting to obtain a good cook stove at a reasonable price, can find that desideratum in the new stove called the "Million," manufactured and sold by Messrs. John B. Herron & Co., No. 291 Liberty street. In its outward appearance and its external and internal arrangements, this stove will compare favorably with many for which an exorbitant price is asked. Our readers can best satisfy themselves concerning the merits and comparative cheapness of this stove, by calling at the place designated for the purpose of examining it.

[Advertisement.]
Freemen of Allegheny County!

To the front, and roll up such a majority as will strike terror to party rings. To do so, vote for Wm. M. Gormly for Sheriff.

Campaign Goods.

Capes, caps and torches, wholesale and retail, at R. H. Palmer's hat house 149 and 151 Wood street.

[Advertisement.]
Tuesday, October 8th.

Vote for Wm. M. Gormly for Sheriff. He is the right man. Honest, upright, and not committed to any party, ring or clique.

Silver Plated Ware.

Ice pitcher sets, tea sets, castors, forks and spoons, at R. E. Breed & Co.'s, 100 Wood street.

[Advertisement.]
Is He Honest?

Is he capable? was the test to which candidates were put in former times, when rings had not yet come into existence. Wm. M. Gormly, the people's candidate for Sheriff, comes up to these requirements, and should receive the suffrages of thinking men of all parties.

[Advertisement.]
Wm. M. Gormly

Is the man for Sheriff of Allegheny county—a man in whom the people have confidence. Vote for him on Tuesday next.

Greeley and Grant Clubs

Supplied with campaign goods, capes, caps and torches, at R. H. Palmer's hat house, 149 and 151 Wood street.

[Advertisement.]
All the Requisite Qualifications

For the office of Sheriff are possessed by Wm. M. Gormly. Men of all parties can conscientiously give him their support.

The Fire Fiend

may at any time bring disaster and ruin upon the owners of uninsured property. This danger, so great in a large city, seems not to be fully comprehended by many having property liable to destruction by fire. Otherwise they would not neglect to obtain a policy of insurance covering it, even for a single day. The sense of security afforded by insurance certainly amply compensates the insured for his small outlay. But the great desideratum of the insured is to have his risks in a sound and reliable company, for it really matters little whether one is insured or not if he has no assurance that his losses will be met promptly should he be so unfortunate as to incur any. This being the case, it affords us pleasure to be able to inform our readers of at least one such company. We refer to the Ben Franklin, of Allegheny, which is entirely reliable, ably managed, and celebrated for adjusting all losses in the most prompt and satisfactory manner. Any of our readers desiring full information concerning the workings of this company can obtain it by calling on George D. Riddle, Secretary, at the office, No. 16 West Ohio street, Allegheny city.

[Advertisement]
All the Requisite Qualifications

For the office of Sheriff are possessed in Wm. M. Gormly. Men of all parties can conscientiously give him their support.

[Advertisement.]
Don't Forget

that William M. Gormly is the People's Independent candidate for Sheriff. Vote for him; vote for him and resent the many injuries inflicted on you by the ring.

A Good Investment.

If you want to make a safe and profitable investment go to the great auction sale of the Pittsburgh and Castle Shannon Railroad Company, on the 14th inst., and make your selection from 1,000 choice building sites laid out on the most liberal plan and commanding rare and extensive views of beautiful scenery. These lots will be sold at reasonable prices, and there are the strongest evidences for believing that property will advance rapidly in value in the village of Castle Shannon. See advertisement in daily papers.

[Advertisement.]
Freemen of Allegheny County!

To the front, and roll up such a majority as will strike terror to party rings. To do so, vote for Wm. M. Gormly for Sheriff.

[Advertisement]
Is He Honest?

Is he capable? was the test to which candidates were put in former times, when rings had not yet come into existence. Wm. M. Gormly, the people's candidate for Sheriff, comes up to these requirements, and should receive the suffrages of thinking men of all parties.

[Advertisement.]
The Ring Will be Forever Broken

by the election of Gormly for Sheriff.

Duquesne Wagon Works.

The constant demand for the articles manufactured at the Duquesne Wagon Works, Nos 16, 17, 18 and 19 Marion avenue, Allegheny, has caused the proprietors to perfect and increase their facilities enabling them to fill orders more promptly than heretofore. Having an experience of fifteen years in the manufacture of wagons, wheelbarrows, etc., Messrs. Coleman & Son can guarantee entire satisfaction to those wanting anything in their line.

[Advertisement.]
Wm. M. Gormly

Is the man for Sheriff of Allegheny county—a man in whom the people have confidence. Vote for him on Tuesday next.

Pyle's O. K. Soap

Is the best family soap in use. Ladies who once become accustomed to the use of the O. K. Soap, will never use any other. tf

[Advertisement.]
Tuesday, October 8th.

Vote for Wm. M. Gormly for Sheriff. He is the right man. Honest, upright, and not committed to any party, ring or clique.

DIED:

CROOKS—At the residence of her parents, No. 38 Franklin street, on Friday evening, October 4, LIDE J. CROOKS.

Notice of funeral in Evening Papers.

ARBOGAST—On Friday, October 4th, 1872, at Bellaire, Ohio, ALEXANDER ARBOGAST, in the forty-third year of his age.

The funeral will take place from the residence of his brother-in-law, F. Newmont, 489 Liberty street, THIS AFTERNOON, at 2½ o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

CARRIAGES $3. HEARSE $5.
RODY PATTERSON, Jr.,
UNDERTAKER,
117 FOURTH AVENUE.
Coffins and Funeral Furnishing Goods of every description. Terms cash.

Oldest Ins. Co. in America
ASSETS, $3,337,489 83.
Ins. Co. of North America
OF PHILADELPHIA.
Losses adjusted and paid by
WILLIAM L. JONES, 84 Fourth ave.

GREAT WESTERN GUN WORKS
PITTSBURGH, PA.
BREECH LOADING SHOT GUNS,
AT $35 TO $300.
DOUBLE BARREL SHOT GUNS,
$8 TO $125.
Single Shot Guns, $3 to $825. Revolvers, $6 to $25. Pistols, 75 cents to $8. Caps, Powder, Shot, Wads, Flasks, Pouches, Gun Material. Guns and Pistols repaired. Call and see our stock, or send stamp for our illustrated Price List. All orders by mail promptly attended to, and goods sent to any point by Express C. O. D.
J. H. JOHNSTON,
179 Smithfield street.
☞ Sign of the Big Gun.

AFFLICTED

Pause and consider whether it is better for your present trouble and future health to use the SAMARITAN'S GIFT, or be gorged with the quack's Balsam Copaiba, which drug is a sure tell-tale, having a horrid taste and still more disgusting smell. The grand and most important part of the Samaritan's Gift is its certainty of cure in the short time of from two to four days, besides being pleasant to take, having no smell or unpleasant taste and can be used without the knowedge of the most intimate acquaintance. The Gift is the only known remedy that can be depended on.

Male packages $2; female $3. Sent by mail to any address.
JOSEPH FLEMING,
84 Market street, Agent.

RELIGIOUS.

☞ THIRD U. P. CHURCH, PITTSBURGH—There will be services in the Third U. P. Church, on Diamond street, on TOMORROW, at the usual hours.

AMUSEMENTS.

Pittsburgh Opera House.
ELLSLER & GOTTHOLD.... Managers.
LAST PERFORMANCES OF
MR. C. W. COULDOCK,
THIS AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock, the
WILLOW COPSE.
THIS (Saturday) EVENING, October 5th, 1872, the
LANCASHIRE LASS.
Party by name of Johnson.... C. W. COULDOCK.
MONDAY EVENING, October 7th, 1872, LAWRENCE BARRETT as HAMLET.

TRIMBLE'S VARIETIES THEATER,
PENN STREET, NEAR SIXTH.
R. GARDNER & TRIMBLE.... Lessees and Proprietors.
OUR FAMILY MATINEE TO DAY AT 2:30.
TO-NIGHT, a Glorious Programme, the Female Minstrels and the exciting drama called
THE PIRATES OF THE COAST.
Monday—E. D. Davies and Six New Stars.

FRED. AIMS' AMERICAN VARIETY THEATER.
FRED. AIMS.... Lessee and Manager.
FITZ SIMMONS.... Stage Manager and Advertiser.
MATINEE THIS SATURDAY, 2:30 P. M.
GREAT BILL THIS SATURDAY NIGHT.
The Great Tumbleronicon Artiste, M. O'Reardon; Welch & Rice's Grand Carnival Minstrels. Also, Lillie Hall and Iona Lang, Messrs. Welch, Mulligan, Rice, Gardner, Walters and Morton and Grand Ballet Troupe in splendid bill of Novelties.

PROF. D. MAYER'S
SELECT
Dancing Academy
TURNER HALL, SIXTH AVENUE.
CLASSES FOR MISSES AND MASTERS will Reopen SATURDAY, October 5th, 1872 with a GRAND MATINEE, to which all former Scholars are invited.
Classes for LADIES and GENTLEMEN will Reopen FRIDAY EVENING, October 4, 1872, with a GRAND SOIREE, to which all former Scholars and Patrons are invited. Season invitations will be issued on the opening night to those present.
Prof. Mayer respectfully calls the attention of all those intending to join Dancing School this season to the fact that his Scholars are taught all the Fashionable Dances, Waltz included, during their first quarter, and refers to his former Scholars and Patrons, who will testify to the correctness of this statement. Please call for a Circular at any of the Music Stores.
N. B.—Parties desiring to rent the above Hall will please apply to
PROF. MAYER,
At the Hall, from 10 to 12 A. M.

PROF. DE LONG'S
Fashionable Dancing Academy,
AT LAFAYETTE HALL.
Masters and Misses's Class will commence SATURDAY, September 28th, at 3 o'clock P. M., with a Grand Matinee. Gent's Evening Class will commence MONDAY, September 30th, at 8 o'clock P. M.
There will be but two terms for juveniles and one term for gents during the season, therefore it is necessary that all should commence at the beginning.
All the latest Dances have been procured and will be taught in rapid succession.
For particulars please call for Circulars at the Music Stores.

AUCTION SALES.

A. LEGGATE, 159 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY
Allegheny Park Property
ON
SHERMAN AVENUE
FOR SALE.
A fine Corner Lot, 30 feet on Sherman Avenue by 90 feet on South Diamond Street; also, the adjoining Lot on Sherman Avenue, 30 by 90, with Dwelling of 8 rooms, for immediate sale, apply to
A. LEGGATE,
159 Federal St.

TORCHLIGHT REVIEW.

GRAND Torchlight Review

OF ALL

GRANT, WILSON AND HARTRANFT CLUBS

IN

Allegheny County

TO BE HELD ON

Penn Avenue, EAST END,

ON

Monday Evening, OCTOBER 7, 1872.

CHIEF MARSHAL,
J. M'C. CREIGHTON,
Chief of Staff—Col. JOHN H. STEWART.
Adjt. General—Gen. A. L. PEARSON.

ASSISTANT ADJUTANTS GENERAL.

Captain James Littell, Captain J G MacConnell, Colonel E C Negley, John T Cunningham, Colonel N M Smith, Major R C Hazlett, Captain John H Grayson, Captain Hartley Howard, Captain Wm Irwin, Captain Benjamin Darlington, Captain Clem B Elbert, Captain John T Denniston, General Charles Barnes.

AIDS.

Dr. A. H. Gross, W. W. Young, Samuel B. McElroy, John N Berlin, P H Laufman, William L Chalfant, Jerry Gilchrist, Dr John Ferchment, Harry Imhoff, Thomas Scott, Joshua Holmes, Thos Lindsay, Martin Laffe ty, J Henry Miller, Dorsey Jones, W A Mackintosh, Jared M Brush, John Chislett, Geo T Van Doran, John Perkins, Wm Woods, Geo Chalfant, Peter Clements, Geo B Knox, Paul J Carson, Julius Vo ther, Jeremiah Sadler, Dr D W Lewis, W O H Scully, Capt Thos H Hunter, David Aiken, Jr, Thos Scott, Jr, Alex Pitcairn, Barney Mahoney, Saml B Hedges, B H Smith, Richard Thompson, D W Atwood, George Finley, John B Baum, Thos Dickson, Buck Fauser, Joseph Wainwright, Harry Wainwright, Andrew Scott, Geo E Pearson, David Borland, John M M King, Dr G A Sprecher, John [illegible], Alex H Bradley, D B Morrison, A J Munson, T J May, Samuel Holmes, Jacob C Brown, John McMasters, Matthew Edwards, L C Castner, Saml Crawford, R T Brainard, Harry Mosely, A J Woolslayer, James Chambers, Neville Dilworth, W Peebles Miller.

FIRST CORPS.

COMMANDED BY
COL. JOSEPH BROWNE.
Chief of Staff—Maj Martin Schafer.
A A G—Capt W S Work.

AIDS.

James B Brown, Capt H B Smithson, Lieut John Torney, Fred Hampe, Wm Strobie, Capt W C Smolze, E G Krehan, Christ Troutman, Chas Kesner, Wm Schafer, Wm Barr, Wm Price, Richard Jones, Fred Cowel, Martin Mayer, Jr, Henry Jackson, Emanuel Harris, Robt Smith, John Walter, Charles Evans, Capt H C Mathews, Capt Louis Hock, John H Hare, John Wilbooth, Jno O Thomas, John Lartimer, Capt J C Rauhauser, James Reed, A Randolph, Lieut D A Jones, H J McCoy, J F Hays, Capt Harry Williams, Wm Henry, Nathan Brokaw, Louis Amen, Shipley Waters, A C Dalzell, Wm Hemmick, Sergt Harman Zobel.

Composed of delegations south of the river.

FIRST DIVISION—FIRST CORPS.

COMMANDED BY
COL. H. B. HAYS.
Chief of Staff—Col. Isaac Cline.
A. A. G.—W. Weaver.

AIDS.

T D McClain, T B Atterbury, D C Ripley, Chas Herr, Harvey Childs, John Haslett, John Boyd, Richard Jones, Charles Metz, Lewis Jones, Adam Jay, Robert Dalzell, Geo Schafer, Witt Conway, Rudolph Haas, Geo Duncan, E Bombaugh, D McCutcheon, Edward Kean, James Orr, J V Frobe, Captain Frank Spreen, John Aras, John Metz, D C O'Reilly, Henry J Metz, John Philip, John Adams.

Composed of all delegations above the Monongahela bridge.

SECOND DIVISION—FIRST CORPS.

COMMANDED BY
COL J W BALLENTINE.
Chief of Staff—Richard Perry.
A A G—B W Stoffer.

AIDS.

D K McGonnigle, John Apple, Geo W Jopp, R S Hemphill, Jacob Stoebel, Wm Bond, Wm J Richie, Wm Shearwood, Henry Chess, N J Brandon, Christ Steele, Fred Wilhelm, Capt John Gillilen, Capt William Irwin, Capt Jacob Haws, Nelson Weaver, Adam Weaver, John Auth, Frank Darlington, Wm H Barker, Esq, Fred Haas, Geo E Davis, John A McKee, W O Taylor, John Noble, David Robinson.

Composed of all delegations below the Monongahela bridge.

SECOND CORPS,

COMMANDED BY
CAPT. J. E. B. DALZELL.
Chief of Staff—James Brown.
A A G—Capt T A M Kreps.

AIDS.

A M Cameron, Wm M Porter, R Stiegleder, John Ogden, Thos Myler, W W McNeill, Thos P Day, W K Carlisle, C J Read, W H Brown, Asst Engineer, Wm Paul, Jr, James McBrier, Capt Chas Davis, Capt J D McGill, Capt Wm Canham, Jas Johnson, S D Hubley, O L Craford, W R Hastings, D R Hare, Agnew, Smith Agnew, Harry Porter, Joseph Ewer, Thos Lyle, Wm Scroggins, John W Jerry, G C Lightcap, W B Rogers, P W Herron, M D John A Eichman, Joseph McNeill, Chas Hartman, Louis Hilke, H P Stone, Ed Yeager, H B Campbell, R J White, James Wilson, Capt Jas L Hastings, J D Long, Wm Coates, Wm Fairman, S A Neale.

Composed of all delegations north of the Allegheny and Ohio rivers.

FIRST DIVISION.

COMMANDED BY
J C PATTERSON.
Chief of Staff—John McGraw.
A A G—Major Hugh Y Boyce.

AIDS.

S Stoltz, John Hoodie, John Horn, John Reese, J C Patterson, R D McGonnigle, John Anshutz, Alex Boggs, S McRoberts, J D Forester, John Dalzell, Hugh McMahon, W Hubley, Jacob Steckrath, Chas L Geobring, John Patterson, Jas D Walker, A K Dickey, Jos Shallenberger, H F Eggers, Joseph Lautner, Logan McMullan, Theo Myler, P Walters, Jr, Samuel Hastings, William Gardiner, M Simon, Edward Dawes, Fred Attwater, Michael Mullen, Robert Henderson, Jr, A Wiese.

Composed of all wards, boroughs and townships east of Federal street and north of the river.

SECOND DIVISION.

COMMANDED BY
MAJOR W P HUNKER.
Chief of Staff—Henry M Long.
A A G—Captain James E Crow.

AIDS.

W S Smith, Wm W Pitcairn, Robert H Wilson, Robert A Young, Capt Wm P Herbert, H W McKelvey, Wm G Park, W W Markle, Isaac S Patterson, Edward Wetach, Hugh B Murphy, Capt A G Williams, J A McQuiston, Roland D Jones, Fred A Parke, Capt W C Cooke, S J Christ, M G Clarke, Israel Y Cochran, Captain J C Bartley, Wm F Trimble, John C Harper, Geo Moul, Lieut Matthew Wilson, Col W C Murphy, Col J P Kramer, Cyrus Hutchison, W W Tyson, Captain Samuel B Thompson.

Composed of all delegations west of Federal street.

THIRD CORPS,

COMMANDED BY
BRIG. GEN. J. B. SWEITZER.
Chief of Staff—Major George McLaughlin.
Adjutant General—Col Norman M. Smith.

AIDS.

Samuel McKee, Esq, Gen Thos A Rowley, Capt Wm Dalgleish, Chas Jeremy, John G Paterson, Simpson Horner, Jr, Arthur Chislett, Dr Wm Daly, James Verner, David Hutchinson, W J Flynn, A W Black, Wm Harrison, Robert McKibben, James F Hanck, Page Douss, Wm W Zeng, Maj E E Montooth, Chas Kebow, Capt Wm W Waters, Thos MacConnell, W R Sweitzer, Wm Woolslayer, H S Baum, W C Brown, Capt C W Davis, Jos Woodwell, Jr, Dr A M Barr, Wm A Phelps, Jas Onslow, Frank P Case, Capt Jos Anderson.

SECOND DIVISION—THIRD CORPS.

COMMANDED BY
FRANK ARDARY.
Chief of Staff—Captain Charles W Batchelor.
A A G—Capt Wm F Aull.

AIDS.

Capt J J Hart, Robert Ramsey, John McMasters, John Osborne, Max K Moorhead, Jacob Dickson, Capt Wm Crawford, Captain W K McClintock, Capt Thos H Henry, Robert Dickson, Maj Wm Clark, Capt C S Haver, Wm Aiken, Wm Johnston, Wm D Hays, [illegible], A Baum, Wm Allen, Charles Bradley, James M Ross, Wm F McKelvey, Wilber Davison, Joseph [illegible], Reese Holmes, Col John W Martin, Wm Peebles, Wm Laufman, Charles H Armstrong, Jr, [illegible] Chas Dickson, [illegible] O L Fitzhugh, Hugh Neal, Charles Jackson, Neil Brown, [illegible].

Consisting of all delegations from the First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth Seventh, Eighth, Ninth, Tenth, Eleventh and Thirteenth wards.

SECOND DIVISION—THIRD CORPS.

Commanded by
CHARLES H ARMSTRONG.
Chief of Staff—Charles T Neale.
A A G—Capt John Hancock.

AIDS.

Gen J S Negley, Dr A M Barr, Geo M Von Bonnhorst, Paul McCandless, Dr L J Arensburg, [illegible], R E Breed, R W Collier, Capt W S McGee, [illegible], John Stewart, Robert McKinley, Samuel McKinley, Thos Ardary, George B Chalmers, M O'Hara, Capt J D Perchment, J R Beare, Col H S Campbell, Capt Thomas Mitchell, George Dunn, James Young, P McWilliams, Aaron French, William Rice, Peter Forsythe, H S Baum, Dr A Gross, [illegible], Wm Ramsey, Wm Hosack, Wm Cummins, D Ramsey, Robt Palmer, Col T F Lehman, Col S W Hill, B F Wayman, Col G A Miller, C A Bergman, M D, C M Johns, [illegible], Alf Patterson, Major O M Head, John Spear, S Dietrich, [illegible], Thos Lindsay, Allen Kramer, Jacob Weaver, Geo Rowley, Edward Acker, Thos B Hutchinson, J R Allen, Joseph Hastings.

Consisting of all delegations from 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22d and 23d wards and all boroughs and townships, between rivers.

UNIFORMS.

Commander in Chief, Red, White and Blue Rosette.
Chief of Staff and Adjutant General, White Rosette.
Division Commanders, Scarlet Scarfs.
Aids to Commander in Chief, White Scarfs.
Aids to Corps Commanders, Blue Scarfs.
Aids to Division Commanders Red and White.
All Aids will wear black felt hats and dark clothing.

A sufficient number of gondola cars will be furnished by the Committee to transport all the troops from Pittsburgh to East Liberty and return.

The cars for the Third Corps will be on Liberty avenue, right resting at Eleventh street, and will start at Brushton Station, where an A. D. C. will receive and place it in line.

The cars for the Second Corps will be on Liberty avenue, right resting on Ninth street, and will stop at Homewood Station, where an A. D. C. will receive them.

The cars for the First Corps will be on Liberty avenue, right resting on Sixth (St. Clair) street, and will stop at Dallas avenue, where an A. D. C. will receive them.

The headquarters of Commander in Chief and staff will be on corner of Penn and Dallas avenues.

Headquarters of Third Corps Commander and Staff will be at corner of Park and Penn avenues.

Headquarters of Second Corps Commander and Staff will be at corner of Penn and Homewood avenues.

Headquarters of First Corps Commander and Staff at General Headquarters.

The Grant Hussars, Batteries and all mounted men will report for escort duty to Commander-in-Chief at General Headquarters at seven o'clock P. M.

Trains will move promptly at seven o'clock P. M., and all clubs are expected to be on the cars ready to move at the hour designated.

ROUTE OF PROCESSION.

Along Penn avenue to Negley avenue (2 miles), after which they will form in double rank, and move the files of a company front, and upon the firing of the second gun, the columns will at once take up the line of march, and counter-march past the Commander in Chief and Staff, who will be stationed on Penn avenue between Highland and Negley avenues, and after passing the Commander in Chief, will immediately move to the cars (to return) which will be stationed at East Liberty.

All Republicans along the line are respectfully requested to illuminate.

The various clubs are earnestly requested to be prompt in their movements so that the entire review can terminate in time for the visiting delegations to reach their homes by eleven o'clock P. M.

All citizens in carriages desiring to join the procession, are requested to form on Fifth avenue, right resting on Penn avenue, and form in rear of Third Corps. By order,

J. M'C. CREIGHTON,
COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.
A. L. PEARSON,
ADJUTANT GENERAL.

ESTABLISHED 1844.
Pennsylvania White Lead Works.
FAHNESTOCK, HASLETT & SCHWARTZ.
Having sold out the Drug branch of our busines, (firm Schwartz & Haslett), we now devote our entire attention to
WHITE LEAD, RED LEAD, LITHARGE,
COLORS DRY AND IN OIL,
LINSEED OIL, TURPENTINE,
PUTTY, VARNISHES, &c.,
137 FIRST AVENUE,
IMMEDIATELY IN THE REAR OF THE WAREHOURSE FORMERLY OCCUPIED BY US, CORNER WOOD STREET AND FIRST AVE.

THE STOW
Foundation
Pavement
Mechanics' Institute
Premium,
1871.
PREMIUM AWARDED TO City Pavement Co. FOR PAVEMENT 1871
MECHANICS' INSTITUTE. SANFRANCISCO

Report of the Committee on Pavements, at the last Exhibition of the Mechanics' Institute, San Francisco, California, where the Stow Foundation Pavement was first introduced, and where it has been in used the past seven years.
"For general practical use and public benefit, we do not hesitate to pronounce the Stow Foundation Pavement, exhibited by the City Paving Company, together with the actual tests of its durability, as presented by the wear and tear in the streets of San Francisco, to be SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS, when taking into consideration the method of laying it, the time it has been laid, the form of its construction, and by an honest comparison with others which have been submitted to the same test. WE AWARD IT THE FIRST PREMIUM."
Signed, EDWIN A. SHERMAN, JOHN V. HUNTER, } Committee.

Stow Foundation Pavement!
The only Pavement that can be taken up and relaid without injury to the foundation. All Engineers, Builders, Gas and Water Companies and Plumbers, indorse this Pavement.
THE GREAT MERIT OF THE STOW PAVEMENT IS IN ITS
SUPERIOR FOUNDATION,
Over all others, either of Wood or Stone, now in use.

It is a well known principle, in fact an AXIOM in Engineering, that where *sand* can be *confined* it is the best foundation that can be obtained. This principle—the confinement of sand—is perfectly and thoroughly secured in this pavement by the *Wedges* which are driven between and below the blocks into the sand, [*see cut*,] thus securely confining it and rendering lateral displacement, or compression by vertical pressure, totally impossible.
It is also incontrovertible, that where wood is kept uniformly wet, it will not decay. This pavement being laid directly on a sub-stratum of sand, and the surface made air and water-tight, the blocks receive and retain the moisture from beneath by *capillary attraction* and are uniformly wet, even in the dryest weather; thus decay or dry rot *cannot* take place.
It is, when finished, a perfectly *sectional* pavement, *each* block sustaining the weight required, independent of the other.
It is so constructed that the different pieces do not become loose by use; but the *longer the pavement is used the more substantial it becomes*.
The gravel does not become loose, as in other pavements but will remain firm as long as the pavement will last.
A portion can be taken up and replaced without injury to the pavement. In taking it up for *laying water or gas pipes, or for constructing sewers*, there is no necessity of removing any more than what is required for the pipe or sewer, which can be replaced in as firm and substantial manner as the original pavement, at one-fourth the expense of any other wood pavement.
In San Francisco, where the pavement has been in use more than *six years, at least nineteen-twentieths* of all pavements put down in that city for the past four years have been of the "Stow Foundation," the *property owners selecting it in preference* to any other pavement. Address,
RICHARD S. ROBERTSON,
12 SMITHFIELD STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.

The Grand Gift Concert.
GIFT MONEY ALL UP.
$500,000 IN BANK TO PAY PRIZES.
A FULL DRAWING IN SIGHT.
The Grand Gift Concert, for the benefit of the Public Library of Kentucky, is postponed to SATURDAY, the 7TH OF DECEMBER, for the following reasons:
1. The failure of certain agents to make returns in time for the drawing to take place Sept. 28.
2. The accommodation of orders during the last few days to such an extent that it was not possible to fill them and have the drawing on the 28th.
3. The generally expressed desire of ticket holders that a full drawing might be had, even if made a short postponement necessary.
4. The belief of the management that by a short postponement the remnant of unsold tickets can be disposed of, and all the prizes paid in full without the necessity of any pro rata scaling down.
For these reasons, coupled with the earnest desire to benefit the Public Library by a larger balance and the ticket-holders by larger gifts, the concert and distribution have been postponed to Saturday, the 7th of December, 1872. On that day and no other the drawing will positively and unequivocally come off in the great hall of the Public Library building, beginning at precisely 6 o'clock A. M., and continuing until the whole of the one thousand gifts are awarded.
The payment of the gifts will begin on the 3d day after the drawing, and continue for six months, at the office of the Farmers' and Drovers' Bank, or by their agency at the Fourth National Bank, New York, at the option of the gift ticket holders.
LIST OF GIFTS.

	Cash.		Cash.
1 grand gift	$100,000	1 grand gift	$50,000
1 gift	25,000	4 gifts	$2,000 each.
1 gift	20,000	15 gifts	1,000 each.
1 gift	15,000	20 gifts	900 each.
1 gift	10,000	22 gifts	800 each.
1 gift	9,000	25 gifts	700 each.
1 gift	8,000	35 gifts	600 each.
1 gift	7,000	45 gifts	500 each.
1 gift	6,000	60 gifts	400 each.
1 gift	5,000	65 gifts	300 each.
1 gift	4,000	100 gifts	200 each.
1 gift	3,000	612 gifts	100 each.
Total, 1,000 Gifts, all cash			$500,000

PRICE OF TICKETS.
Whole tickets $10; halves, $5; quarters, $2 50; 11 whole tickets for $100; 28 for $250; 56 for $500; 113 for $1,000; 285 for $2,500; 575 for $5,000. No discounts on less than $100 worth of tickets at a time.
The money necessary to pay in full all the offered gifts is now upon deposit in the Farmers' and Drovers' Bank, as will be seen by the following certificate of the Cashier:
FARMERS' AND DROVERS' BANK, LOUISVILLE, KY., Sept. 26, 1872.
THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT THERE IS NOW ON DEPOSIT IN THIS BANK OVER HALF A MILLION OF DOLLARS TO THE CREDIT OF THE GIFT CONCERT FUND, $500,000 OF WHICH IS HELD BY THIS BANK AS TREASURER OF THE PUBLIC LIBRARY OF KENTUCKY TO PAY OFF ALL GIFTS TO BE AWARDED AT THE DRAWING.
R. S. VEECH, Cashier.
Hon. JOHN BARBEE, Manager of the Royal Insurance Company, Liverpool, and Col. JAMES B. JOHNSON, Proprietor of the Galt House, will act as a Committee on the part of the Trustees [illegible]
Blind children, in full view of the audience, will alternately draw the tags from the two wheels [illegible] three tellers chosen from different banks in the city. The drawing will be published in the Louisville papers and New York Herald and other papers, and printed lists sent to all ticket-holders [illegible]
NO AGENT WILL BE PERMITTED, ON ANY ACCOUNT WHATEVER, TO SELL A TICKET FOR THE MANAGEMENT AFTER THE 25TH OF NOVEMBER, 1872.
This postponement has been made by advice of the Trustees, with the sole object of the real benefit of both the ticket-holder and the Public Library, and all concerned may rest perfectly assured that the positive and final programme here announced will be carried out to the letter.
September 26, 1872.
THOMAS E. BRAMLETTE,
Agent Public Library Kentucky, Public Library Building, Louisville, Ky.
Branch Office 609 Broadway, New York, in charge of Major THOMAS H. HAYS.

Hersey's Patent Rotary Pump.
This Pump is especially adapted for pumping petroleum oil, crude or refined, and is the cheapest and most simple Pump used. It is not liable to get out of order and will draft 50 feet or force to any height required. A month given to try them before payment is required. Send for circulars. Address
HERSEY BROTHERS,
South Boston, Mass.

AUCTION SALES.

A. McILWAINE, 106 SMITHFIELD STREET.
FOR SALE,
AT
AUCTION,
Morning Star Mills.
A Rare Chance for Business.
Thursday, October 10, 1872 at 3 P. M.,
Will be sold the large and commodious Steam Flouring Mills, situated in the Nineteenth Ward, Pittsburgh, within three minutes walk of East Liberty Station, Pennsylvania Railroad, having three run of four feet French Burrs; Engine and Boilers almost new; two Bolting Chests, and having all the late improvements in the way of Machinery for the Manufacture of Flour. Capacity 200 barrels per day. Such being one of the best Mills in Western Pennsylvania; has a good Wholesale and Retail Trade, as the books will show; has peculiar advantages for business, and will be very suitable for other manufacturing purposes. Must be seen to be appreciated. If not sold with the Milling Improvements, the House and Lot will be sold separately, the owner reserving the right to take out the Machinery.
A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.
d*

AN ADJOURNED
ORPHANS' COURT SALE
Will be held on the premises to be sold on
Saturday, October 5, 1872,
AT 2 O'CLOCK P. M.
The property to be sold consists of about
43 Fine Building Lots,
each having a front of 50 feet on good, wide streets, and varying in depth from 190 to 210 feet. These lots are situated near McKee's Rocks, in Stowe township, and are part of the same property which Alexander McKee, deceased, devised to his grand-children and the same which was allotted to the children of Mrs. Catharine Guthrie, deceased, by proceedings in partition in the Orphans' Court at No. 3 June Term, 1871. They are beautifully situated, and are finely adapted for building purposes and nearly level, and not requiring to be graded down or filled up.
They are sold by order of the Orphans' Court on petition of the Guardian at No. 161 June Term, 1872.
Terms—One-third cash, balance in three equal annual payments, with interest, secured by bond and mortgage.
CORNELIUS SCULLY,
Guardian of the minor children of Catharine Guthrie, deceased.
Fetterman, Johnston & Flack,
ATTORNEYS,
NO. 83 DIAMOND STREET.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.
IN THE ORPHANS' COURT OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY.
Estate of JAMES WILKINS, deceased.
In Partition, No. 4 March Term, 1872.
By virtue of an order and decree of the Orphans' Court of Allegheny county, I will expose to Public Sale on the Premises, on THURSDAY, October 10th, A. D. 1872, at 10 o'clock A. M., all the following Real Estate situated in the Fifth Ward, City of Allegheny, County of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, to wit:
First. Those eight contiguous Lots situated on the southern side of Pennsylvania avenue, (formerly Ohio avenue), in the Fifth ward, City of Allegheny, and bounded and described together as follows, to wit: Beginning on the southwestern corner of said Pennsylvania avenue and Manhattan street, thence westwardly along said Pennsylvania avenue, 176 feet; thence southwardly parallel with said Manhattan street 138 feet to Stewart street (formerly McCurdy alley); thence eastwardly along said Stewart street 169 feet to said Manhattan street, and thence northwardly along said Manhattan street 138 feet to Pennsylvania avenue, at the place of beginning.
The Lot on corner of Pennsylvania avenue and Manhattan street, having a front of 22 feet on said Pennsylvania avenue, [illegible]
For title see Deed Book, vol. 229, page 313.
Second. Those three certain contiguous Lots or Pieces of Ground, situated on the [illegible] side of Sheffield street in the said Fifth ward, City of Allegheny, and bounded and described together as follows, to wit: [illegible]
For title see Deed Book, vol. 229, page 314.
Third. All that certain Lot or Piece of Ground situate [illegible] Locust and Preble streets [illegible] Brick Dwelling House, containing 7 rooms.
For title see Deed Book, vol. 186, page 36.
TERMS OF SALE—One third of purchase money to be paid on confirmation of sale, [illegible]
JOHN BENN,
Administrator of James Wilkins, deceased.
TTHS

CHOICE LOTS
FOR
SUBURBAN
RESIDENCES!
CITY WATER AND GAS.
NO SMALL LOTS.
Low Prices and Easy Payments.
The Linden Land Company offer for sale a few choice Lots, varying in size from one half to one acre, upwards, at
LINDEN GROVE, OAKLAND,
The most beautiful and accessible suburb of this city. The property is eligibly located, can be reached by team cars, street railways, and is convenient to
FIFTH AVENUE,
Soon to be laid with wooden pavement, and destined, as long to be the most fashionable and frequented drive. [illegible] For further particulars inquire of
HILL BURGWIN,
143 Fourth avenue.